# THE BRITISH POETS.

In crown 8vo, cloth (Routledge's " Excelsior" Series),

SHAKSPERE.

MILTON.

BYRON. SCOTT.

MOORE.

POPE.

BURNS.

SHELLEY.

KEATS.

COLERIDGE.

HOOD.

HEMANS.

# POEMS

BY

# ELIZABETH BARRETT BARRETT (MRS. E. B. BROWNING)



LONDON
GEORGE ROUTLEDGE AND SONS
BROADWAY, LUDGATE HILL
GLASGOW AND NEW YORK
1887

Ballentyne Press
BALLANTYNE, HANSON AND CO.
EDINBURGH AND LONDON

# Dedication.

#### TO MY FATHER.

WHEN your eyes fall upon this page of dedication, and you start to see to whom it is inscribed, your first thought will be of the time far off when I was a child and wrote verses, and when I dedicated them to you who were my public and my critic. Of all that such a recollection implies of saddest and sweetest to both of us, it would become neither of us to speak before the world: nor would it be possible for us to speak of it to one another, with voices that did not falter. Enough, that what is in new heart when I write thus, will be fully known to yours.

And my desire is that you, who are a witness how if this art of poetry had been a less carnest object to me, it must have fallen from exhausted hands before this day,-that you, who have shared with me in things bitter and sweet, softening or enhancing them, every day, - that you, who hold with me over all sense of loss and transiency, one hope by one Name, - may accept from me the inscription of these volumes, the exponents of a few years of an existence which has been sustained and comforted by you as well as given. Somewhat more faint-hearted than I used to be, it is my fancy thus to seem to return to a visible personal dependence on you, as if indeed I were a child again; to conjure your beloved image between myself and the public, so as to be sure of one smile. -and to satisfy my heart while I sauctify my ambition, by associating with the great pursuit of my life, its tenderest and holiest affection.—Your

E. B. B.



# PREFACE.

THE collection here offered to the public, consists of Poems which have been written in the interim between the period of the publication of my "Seraphim" and the present; variously coloure, or perhaps shadowed, by the life of which they are the natural expression,—and, with the exception of a few contributions to English or American periodicals, are printed now for the first time.

As the first poem of this collection, the "Drama of Exile," is the longest and most important work (to me i) which I ever tru-ted into the current of publication, I may be pardoned for entreating the reader's attention to the fact, that I decided on publishing it after considerable hesitation and doubt. subject of the Drama rather fastened on me than was chosen: and the form, approaching the model of the Greek tragedy, shaped itself under my hand, rather by force of pleasure than of design. But when the excitement of composition had subsided. I felt afraid of my position. My subject was the new and strangs experience of the fallen humanity, as it went forth from Paradise into the wilderness; with a peculiar reference to Eve's allotted grief, which, considering that selfsacrifice belonged to her womanhood, and the consciousness of originating the Fall to her offence,-appeared to me imperfectly apprehended hitherto, and more expressible by a woman then a man. There was room, at least, for lyrical emotion in those first steps into the wilderness,-in that first sense of desolation after wrath, -in that first audible gathering of the recriminating "groan of the whole creation." -in that first darkening of the hills from the recoiling feet of angels.—and in that first silence of the voice of God. And

I took pleasure in driving in, like a pile, stroke upon stroke. the Idea of Exile .- admitting Lucifer as an extreme Adam, to represent the ultimate tendencies of sin and loss, -that it might be strong to bear up the contrary Idea of the Heaven'y love and purity. But when all was done, I felt afraid, as I said before, of my position. I had promised my own prudence to shut close the gates of Eden between Milton and myself, so that none might say I dared to walk in his hootsteps. He should be within, I thought, with his Adam and Eve unfallen or falling, -- and I, without, with my EXII.S.-I also an exile! It would not do. The subject, and his glory covering it, swept through the gates, and I stood full in it, again t my will, and co: trary to my vow,- "ill I shink back fearing, almost desponding; hesitating to venture even a passing association with our great poet before the face of the public. Whether at last I took courage for the venture, by a sudden revival of that love of manuscript which should be classed by moral philo-ophers among the natural affections, or by the encouraging voice of a dear friend, it is not interesting to the reader to inquire. Neither could the fact affect the question; since I bear, of course, my own responsibilities. For the rest, Milton is too high, and I am too low, to render it necessary for me to disavow any rash emulation of his divine faculty on his own ground; while enough individuality will be granted, I hope, to my poem, to resche me from that imputation of plagiarism which should be wo servile a thing for every sincere the ker. After all, and at the worst, I have only attempted, in respect to Milton, what the Greek drams tists achieved lawfully in respect to Homer. They constructed dramas on Trojan ground; they raised on the buskin and even clasped with the sock, the feet of Homeric heroes: vet they neither imitated their Hower, nor emasculated him. The Agamemion of Æschyla who died up the bath, did no harm to, nor suffered any harm from the Agamemnon of Homer, who bearded Achilles. analogy-the more favourable to me from the obvious exception in it, that Homer's subject was his own possibly by creation,-whereas Milton's was his own by illustration only

—I appeal. To this analogy —not to this comparison, be it understood,—I appeal. For the analogy of the stronger may apply to the weaker; and the reader may have patience with the weaker while she suggests the application.

On a graver point I must take leave to touch, in further reference to my dramatic poem. The drying Saviour is represented in vision towards the close, speaking and transliguised; and it has been hinted to me that the introduction may give off-nec in quarters where I should be most reluctant to give any. A reproach of the ame class, relating to the frequent recurrence of a Great Name in my pages, has already filled me with regret. How shall I answer these things? Frankly. in any case. , When the old mysteries represented the Holiest Being in a rude familiar to him, and the people bazed on, with the faith of children in their earnest eyes, the critics of a succeeding age, who rejoiced in Congreve, cried out, "Protane." Yet Andrema's mys my suggested Milton' one; and Milt n, the most reverent of poets, doubting whether to throw his work into the epic form or the dramatic, left, on the latter basis, a rough ground-plan, in which his intention of introchicing the "Heavenly Low 'among the persons of his drama, is extant to the present day. But the tendency of the present day is to sunder the daily life from the spiritual creed,-to separate the worshipping from the action man, -and by no means to "live By faith." There is a bling abroad which appears to me (I my it with deference) nearer to superstition than to religio I, that there should be no touching of holy vessels except by consecrated fingers, nor any naming of holy names except he convergated places. As if life were not a continual sacrament to man, since Christ brake the daily bread of it in His hands! As if the name of God did not build a church, by the very naming of it! As if the word Gop were not everywhere in His creation, and at every moment in His eternity, an appropriate word! As if it could be uttered unfitly, if devoutly! I appeal on there points, which I will not argue, from the conventions of the Christian to his devout heart; and I beseech him generously to believe of me, that I have done that in reverence, from

which, through reverence, he might have abstained; and that where he might have been driven to silence by the principle of adoration, I, by the very same principle, have been hurried into speech.

It should have been observed in an other place, the fact, however, being sufficiently obvious throughout the drama,—that the time is from the evening into the night. If it should be objected that I have lengthened my twilight too much for the east, I might hasten to answer that we know nothing of the length of mornings or evening, before the Flord, and that I cannot, for my own part, believe in an Eden without the longest of purple twilight. The evening, and Genesis, signifies a "mingling," and approaches the maning of our "twilight" analytically. Apart from which considerations, my "exiles" are surrounded, in the scene described, by supernatural appearances; and the shadows that approach them, are not only of the night.

The next longest poem to the "Drama of Exile" in the collection, is the "Vision of Poets," in which I have endeavoured to indicate the necessary relations of genius to suffering and elf-acrifice. In the eyes of the living generation, the poet is at once a richer and poorer man than he used to be; he wears better broadcloth, but speaks no more oracles; and the evil of this social incrustation over a great idea, is cating Geeper and more fatally into our liverature, than either readers or write's may apprehend fully. I have attempted to express in this poem my view of the mission of the poet, of the self-abregation implied in it, of the great work involved in it, of the duty and glory of what Balzac has beautifully and truly called "la patience angélique du génie;" and of the obvious truth, above all, that if knowledge is power, suffering hould be acceptable as a part of knowledge. It is enough to say of the other poems, that scarcely one of them is unambitious of an object and a significance.

Since my "Seraphim" was received by the public with more kindness than its writer had counted on, I dare not rely on having put away the faults with which that volume abounded and was mildly reproached. Something indeed I

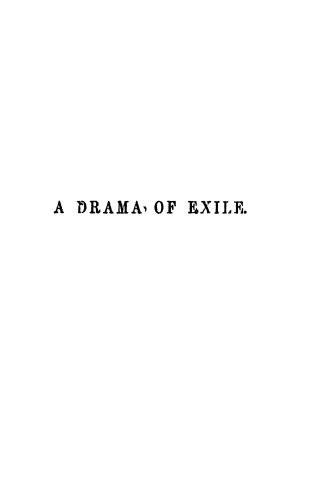
may hope to have retrieved, because some progress in mind and in art every active thinker and honest writer must consciously or unconsciously make, with the progress of existence and experience; and, in some sort-since "we learn in suffering what we teach in song,"-my songs may be fitter to teach. But if it were not presumptious language on the line of one to whom life is more than usually uncertain, my favourite wish for this work would be, that it be received by the public as a step in the right track, towards a future indication of more value and acceptability. I would fain do buter,-and I feel as if I might do better. I aspire to do better. It is no new form of the rympholepsy of poetry, that my ideal should fly before me .-- and it I cry out too hopefully at sight of the white vesture receding between the expresses, I t me be blamed gently if justly. In any case, while my prems are full of faults, -as I go forward to my critics and confess—they have my heart and life in them. they are not empty shells. If it must be said of me that I have contributed immemorable verses to the many rejected by the age, it cannot at least be said that I have done so in a hight and irresponsible spirit. Poetry has been as serious a thing to me as life itself, and life has been a very serious thing: there has been no playing at skittle- for me in either. I never mistook pleasure for the final cause of poetry : nor leisure, for the hour of the post. I have done my work, so far, as work .- not as mere hand and head work, apart from the personal being, but as in completest expression of that being, to which I could attan, and as work I offer it to the public,-feeling its hore omings more deeply than any of my readers, because measured from the height of my aspiration, but feeling also that the reverence and sincerity with which the work was done, should give it some protection with the reverent and sincere.



# CONTENTS.

,								1	LYOR
A DRAMA OF EXILE									, 15
SGNNETS :								`	
THE SOUL'S EXPRE	ROIRE							. 1	87
THE BERAPH AND	PORT						. 🛊		87
ON A POSTRAIT OF	' Troi	RDSW	окти	, RY	B. R.	HAY	DON	. *	88
PAST AND FUTURE									\$8
Trreparableness									89
TEARS						₩.	•		89
GRIEF		. "			• • •				90
SUBSTITUTION .	•						. *		90
COMPORT									91
PERPLEXED MUSIC									91
WORK .									92
FUTURITY.									92
THE TWO SATINGS									93
TRE LOOK >									93
THE MEANING OF	THE :	LOOK							94
а диопант вор а	LON	RLY 1	DRAT	H-BKI	ο.				94
WORK AND CONTE						٠.			95
PAIN IN PLEASURF		. '	۳,						95
AN APPREHENSION								٠,٠	96
DISCONTENT	٠.	٠.					2.00	•	96
PATIENCE TAUGHT	BY N	ATUE	ıĸ.						97
CHEERFULNESS TAT	UGHT	BY 1	RASC	Ν.					97
EXAGGERATION									98
ADEQUACT TO			10						98
TO GEORGE SAND.	-A I	PSITE	R.						99
TO GEORGE SAND.				os .	. *				99
THE PRISOYER.		٠				•			100
insufficiancy.	٠.							•	LOO
THE ROMAUNT OF THE	PAGI	e .	,	· ·				• .	103

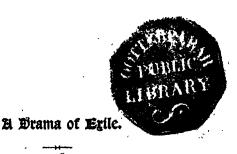
					1	roce
THE LAY OF THE BROWN ROSAR	ιΥ .		•	•	٠.	117
SECOND PART					• (	122
THIRD PART		٠.		•		128
FOURTH PART	•				٠٤.	₹32
THE MOURNPUL MOTHER (OF TH	E DEAD	вило	) .	•,3	•	134
A VALIFICATION				:		137
LADY GERALDINE'S COURTSHIP						139
THE CONCLUSION	. •			٠ ، '	٠.	160
A VISION OF POETS	٠.			•		163
THE CONCLUSION				,	.0	190
RHYME OF THE DUCHESS MAY:	•			•		3
1 30-RHTME						199
RHYMIF		٠,.				200
fpi-rhyme .				٠.		215
THE LADY'S YES	•	٠.			٠.	218
THE POET AND THE BIRD A F	ABLE				·	219
THI. LOST BOWER C			٠,	. •		219
A CHILD ASLEEP						232
THE CRY OF THE CHILDREN .						234
CROWNED AND WEDDER		٠,				239
CROWNED AND BURIED .						241
TO FLUSH, MY DOG .						246
THE FOURTOLD ASPECT			ς.			250
A FLOWER IN A LETTER .						254
THE CRY OF THE HOMAN .	•		٠.			258
A LAY OF THE LARLY ROSE .			е.	.*		<b>2</b> 61
BERTHA IN THE LANE			٠.,		۵,	263
THAT DAY (FOR MERIC)			٠,		٠.	275
LOVED ONCE			, \$.			276
A BHAPSODY OF LIVE'S PROGRE	85				, ·	,278
L L L'S LAST QUESTION .	. •			•		283
THE HOUSE OF CLOUDS	ì			• `	٠.	285
CATABINA TO CAMORNS		•			, ,	388
A PORTRAIT			·	• •		293
SLEEPING AND WATCHING .	•	5° 20	· William			205
WINE OF CYPHUS	••				٠.	297
THE BOMANCE OF THE SWAN'S	nest			:		302
LESSONS FROM THE GORSE , .		. *	٠,	€ .	Α.	306
THE DEAD PAR Q.	•	•	. 4	•	1.	307



# PERSONS OF THE DRAMA.

ADAM, EVE. GABRIEL, LUCIFER, Angels.
Eden Spirits.
Earth Spirits and
Phantasms.

CHRIST in a Vision.



SCENE.—The outer side of the gate of Eden shut fast with clouds, from the depth of which revolves the sword of fire self-moved. A watch of innumerable Angals, rank above rank, slopes un from around it to the senith; and the glare, cast from their brightness and from the sugnd, extends many miges into the wilderness.

ADAS and EVE are seen in the distance, flying along the glare. The ANGEL GABRIES and LUCIFEE are beside the gate.

Lucifer. Hail, Gabriel, the keeper of the gate!
Now that the fruit is placked, prince Gabriel,
I hold that Eden is impregnable
Under the keeping.

Under thy keeping.

Gabriel. Angel of the sin,
Such as thou standest,—pale in the drear light
Which rounds the rebel's work with Maker's wrath,—
Thou shalt be an Idea to all souls;—
A monumental melancholy gloom
Seen down all ages; whence to mark despair,
And measure out the distances from good!
Go from us straightway.

Exercise. Wherefore!

Gabriel. \* Lucifei,

Thy last step in this place, trod sorrow up. Recoil before that sorrow, if not this sword.

Lucifer. Angels are in the world-wherefore not I1:

Exiles are inside world—wherefore not I?

The cursed are in the world—wherefore not I!

Gabriel. Depart.

Lucifers And where's the logic of "depart"!
Our lady Eve had half been satisfied
To obey her Maker, if I had not learnt

To fix my postulate better. Dost thou dream Of guarding some monopoly in Heaven Instead of earth i Why, I can dream with thee To the length of thy wings.

I do not dream. Gabri I. This is not Heaven, even in a drown; nor earth, As earth was once,- first breathed among the stars, Articulate glory from the mouth divine,-To which the myriad spheres thrilled audibly, Touched like a lute-string,—and the sons of God Said AMPN, singing it. I know that this is earth, not new created, but new cursed --This, Eden's gat, not opened, but unlt up With a final cloud of sunset. Do I dican? Alis, not so! this is the Eden lost By Laufer the Serpent! this the sword (This sword, alive with justice and with fire!) That smote upon the forehead. Luciter The angel! Wherefore, angel, go . . . depart-Enough is -inned and suffered.

Lucifer. By no mean, Here's a brave earth to sin and suffer on ! It holds first still—it tracks not under curse : It holds, like mine immortal. Presently We'll sow it thick enough with graves as preen Or greener, certes, than its knowledge-tree -We'll have the cypress for the tree of life More emment for shadow for the rest We'll build it dark with towns and pyrauids, And temples, if it please you :- we'll have icasts And funerals also, merrymakes and wars, Till blood and wine shall mix and run along Right o'er the edges. And good Gabiici, (Ye like that word Heaven !) I too have strength-Strength to behold Him, and not worship Him; Strength to fall from Him, and not cry on Elim; Strength to be in the universe, and yet

Neither God nor His servent. The red sign

Burnt on my forehead, which you taunt me with, Is God's sign that it bows not unto God; The potter's mark upon his work, to show It rings well to the striker. I and the earth Can bear more curse.

viabile. O miserable earth.

O ruined angel!

Lacifor. Well! and if it be,
I chose this ruin: I elected it
Of my will, not of service. What I do,
I do vorteent, not obedient,
And overtop thy crown with my despair.
My sorrow crown one. Get thee back to Heaven;
And le five me to the earth which is mine own
In virtue of her misery, as I hers,
In virtue of my ruin! turn from both,
That bright impassive, passive angelhood;
And spare to read us backward any more
Of your spent halfelujahs.

Gabriel. Spirit of scorn' I might say, of unreason' I might say, That who despairs, acts; that who acts, connives With God's relations set in time, and space; That who cleats, assumes a something good Which God nyade possible; that who lives, obeys The law of a life-maker...

Lvafer. Let it pa 6 !
No more, thou Cabriel! What if I stand up
And strike my how against the crystalline
Roofing the creatures,—shall I say for that,
My statute is too high for me to stand,—

Henceforward I must sit? Bit thou.

Gabriol. I kneel.

Lucifer. A heavenly apower. Get thee to thy Heaven,
And leave my earth to me.

Gabriel. Through Heaven and earth God's will moves freely; and I follow it,
As solour follows light. He overflows

The filmulantal walls with delty,
Therefore with love His lightnings go abroad,
His pity may do so. His angels must,
Whene'er He gives them charges.

Let sfee. Verily,
I and my demons—who are spirits of scorn—
than thold this charge of starding with a sword
'I want man and his inheritance, as we'll
he the benignest angel of you ill

I the chiefs gived upon the shadow of thy change It the chiefs gived upon the face of God. This increming for a monent, then hadst known. It it only puty fitly can chiefse,

While hate mengeth

As it is, I know I witer Something of pity. When I red I'm Heiven, And my would grew too he vy tot my wast, Stabbing through matter, which it could not purious So much as the first shell of,-toward the throne, When I felt back, down, -starm, up is I felt, -The hal turns a holding open my athed hids, And that thought of the infinite of God, Diarra from the finite, speeding my descent, When ountless angel faces, still and stern, Pressed out upon me from the level hervens, Adown the abysinal space; and I fell. Termi led down by your stillness, and struck blind By the 1-hi in you cyca, -twas then I knew How , e could puty, my kind angelhood!

Lucyfer sing, my morning star!
Last heavirful—last heavenly—that I loved!

If I could drench thy golden locks with tears "What were it to this angel?

Gabriel. What love is !

And now I have named God.

Yet, Gabriel, Lucifer. By the lie in me which I keep myself, Thou'rt a false swearer. Were it otherwise. What dost thou here, vouchsafing tender thoughts To that earth-angel or earth-demon-which, Thou and I have not solved his problem vet Enough to argue,—that fallen Adam there,— That red-clay and a breath ! who must, for sooth, Live in a new ar ocalypse of sense. \* With beauty and music waving in his tree-And running in his rivers, to make glad His soul made perfect; if it were not for The hope within thee, deeper than thy truth, Of finally conducting him and his To fill the vacant thrones of me and mine. Which affront Heaven with their vacuity?

Gabriel. Angel, there are no vacant thrones in Heaven To suit thy buter words. Glory and life Fulfil their own depletions: and if God Signed you far from Him, His next breath drew in A compensative splendour up the skies, Flüshing the starry arteries!

Lucifer. • With a change!

So, let the vacant thrones, and gardens too,
Filf as may please you!—and be pitiful,
As ye translate that word, to the dethroned
And exiled, man or angel. The fact stands,
That I, the religh, the cast out and down,
Am here, and will not go; while there, along
The light to which ye flash the desert out,
Flies your adopted Adam! your red clay
In two kinds, both being flawed. Why, what is
this?

Whose work is this? Whose Rand was in the work?

Against whose hand? In this last strife, methinks, \[ I am not a fallen angel! \]

Gabriel. Dost thou know

Aught of those exiles?

Lucifer. Ay: I know they have fled

Wordless all day along the wilderness:

I know they wear, for burden on their backs,

The thought of a shut gate of Paradise,

And faces of the marshalled cherubin

Shining against, not for them ! and I know

They dare not look in one another's face,

As if each were a cherub!

Gabriel Dost thou know

Aught of their tuture?

Lucifer. Only as much as this.

That evil will increase and multiply

Without a benediction.

Gabriel. Nothing more?

Lucifer. Why so the angels taunt! What should I

more?

Gabriel. God is more.

Lucifer. Gabriel. Proving what?

That He is Go

And capable of saving. Lucifer,

I charge thee by the solitude He kept

Ere He created,—leave the earth to God!

Lucifer. My foot is on the earth, film'as my sin! Gu'riel. I charge thee by the memory of Heaven

Ere any sin was done,—leave earth to God!

Lucifer. My sin is on the earth, to reign thereon.

Gabriel. I charge thee by the choral song we sang,

When up against the wlute shore of our feet,

The depths of the creation swelled and brake, and the new worlds, the beaded foam and flower

Of all that coil, roared outward into space On thunder edges,—leave the earth to God

Lucifor. My woe is on the earth, to curse thereby.

Gobriel. I charge thee by that mournful morning star

Which trembleth . . .

Lucifer. Hush! I will not hear thee speak
Of such things. Enough spoken. As the pine
In norland forest, drops its weight of snows
By a night's growth, so, growing toward my ends,
I drop thy counsels. Farewell, Gabriel!
Watch out thy service; I assert my will.
And peradventure in the after years,
When thoughtful men bend slow their spacious brows
Upon the storm and strife seen everywhere
To 1: He their smooth manhood, and break up
With lurid lights of intermittent hope
Their human fear and wrong,—they may discern
The heart of a lost angel in the earth.

#### CHORUS OF EDEN SPIRITS,

(Chanting from Paradise, while Adam and Eve My across the Suord-plare).

Harken, oh harken! let your souls, behind you, Lean, gently moved!

Our voices feel along the Dread to find you, O lost, beloved!

Through the thick-shielded and strong-marshalled angels,

They press and pierce:

Our requiems follow fast on our evangels,—

We are but orphaned Spixits left in Eden, A time ago.

God gave us golden cups; and we were bidden To feed you so!

But now our right hand-hath no cup remaining, No work to do;

The mystic hydromel is spilt, and staining
The whole earth through:

And all those stains he clearly round for showing (Not interfused!) That brighter colours were the world's foregoing, Than shall be used.

Harken, oh harken! ye shall harken surely, For years and years,

The noise beside you, dripping coldly, purely,
Of spirits' tears!

The yearning to a beautiful, denied you, Shall strain your powers:—

Ideal sweetnesses shall over-glide you,

Resumed from our!
In all your music, our pathetic minor

Your ears shall cross;
And all fair sights shall mind you of diviner,

With sense of loss!

We shall be near, in all your poet-languors
And wild extremes;

What time re vex the desert with vain angers, Or light with dream:!

And when upon you, weary after roaming,
Death's seal is put,

By the forgone ye shall discern the coming, Through eyelids shut.

# Spirits of the trees.

Hark! the Eden trees are stirring,
Slow and solemn to your hearing!
Plane and cedar, palm and fir,
Tamarisk and juniper,
Each is throbbing in vibration
Since that crowning of creation,
When the God-breath spake abroad,
Pealing down the depths of Godhead,
Let us make man like to God.
And the pine stood quivering
In the Eden-corges wooded,
As the awful word went by;
Like a vibrant chorded string
Stretched from mountain-peak to sky!

And the cypress did expand, Slow and gradual, branch and head; And the cedar's strong black shade 'Fluttered had enly and grand!— Grove and forest howed aslant In emotion Jubilant.

Poice of the same, but softer.

Which divine impulsion cleaves
In dim movements to the leaves
I ropt and lifted, dropt and lifted
In the sunlight greenly sifted,—
In the sunlight and the monight
Greenly sifted through the trees.
Ever wave the Eden trees
In the nightlight, and the noonlight,
With a ruffling of green branches
Shaded off to resonances;
Never stired by rain or breeze!
Fare ye well, farewell!

The sylvan sounds, no longer audible, Expire at Eden's door! Each footstep of your treading.

Treads out some murmur which ye heard before:
Farewell! the trees of Eden

Ye shall hear nevermore,

River-Sp sils.

Hark! the flow of the four rivers— 'Hark the flow! How the silence round you shivers, While our voices through it go, Cold and clear.

A softer voice.

Think a little, while ye hear,—
Of the hanks
Where the grown palms and red deer
Crowd in interminated sanks.

As if all would drink at once,
When the living water runs!
Of the fishes' golden edges
Flishing in and out the sedges:
Of the swars on silver thrones,
Floating down the winding streams,
With impassive eyes turned shoreward,
And a chant of undertones,—
And the lotos leaning forward
To help them into dreams.

Ever we will forewall!

Fare ye well, farewell!
The river-sounds, no longer audible,
Expire at Eden's door!
Each footstep of you; treading

Treads out some marmur which ye heard before:

Eurewell! the streams of Eden,

Ye shall hear nevermore.

# Bird Spirit.

I am the nearest nightingale
That singeth in Eden after you;
And I am singing load and trae,
And sweet,—I do not fail!
I sit upon a cypress-bough,
Close to the gate; and I fling my song
Over the gate and through the mail
Of the warden angels marshalled strong,—
Over the gate and after you!

Over the gate and after you!

And the warden angels let it pass,
Because the poor brown bird, alas!
Sings in the garden, sweet and true.

And I build my song of high pure notes,
Note over note, height over height,
Till I strike the arch of the Infinite;
And I bridge abysmal agenies
With strong, clear calms of harmonies,—
And something abides, and something floats,
In the song which I sing after you;

Fare ye well, farewell!
The creature-sounds, no longer audible,
Expire at Eden's door!
Each footstep of your treading
Treads out some cadence which ye heard before:
Farewell! the birds of Eden,
Yu shall hear nevermore.

# Flower-Spirits.

We linger, we linger, The last of the throng! Like the tones of a singer Who loves his own song. We are epirit-aromas Of bloseom and bloom: We call your thoughts home, as Ye breathe our perfune; To the amaranth's plendour Aftire on the sloves: To the hiv-bells tender. And grey heliotropes! To the poppy-plains, keeping Such dream-breath and ble, That the angels there stepping 'Grew whiter to see! To the nook, at with moly, . Ye jested one day in, Till your smile waxed too holy. And lest your lips praying ! To the rose in the hower-place, That dripped o'er you sleeping: To the asphodel flower place, Ye walked ankle deep in! We pluck at your raiments We stroke down your hair,--We faint in our lament. And pine into air. Pare ye well, Arewell i

The Edeu scents, no longer sensible,
Expire at Eden's door!
Cach footstep of your treading
Treads out some fragrance which ye knew' before:
Farewell! the flowers of Eden,
Yo shall smell nevermore.

[There is selence. ADAM and EVE fly on, and never look back.

Only a colossal shadow as of the dark ANGEL passing quality,
is cart upon the Soord-glase.

#### SCENE. - The extremity of the Sword-glare.

Adam. Pausing a moment on this outer edge, Where the sup rnal sword-glare cuts in light The dark exterior desert,—hast thou strength, Beloved, to look behind us to the gate? Eve. I have strength to look upward to thy two Adam. We need be strong; you spectacle of the Which seals the gate up to the final doom, ly God's seal in a cloud. There seem to lie A hundred thunders in it, dark and dead; The unmolten lightnings vein it motionless; And, outward from its depth, the self-moved sword Swings slow its awful gnomon of red fire From side to sid ,-in pendulous horror slow,-Across the stagnant, ghastly glare thrown fint On the interinediate ground from that to this In still reflection of still splendour. They, The angelic hosts, the archangelic pumps, Thrones, dominations, princedoms, rank on rank, Rising sublimely to the feet of God, On either side, and overhead the gate,-Show like a glittering and sustained smoke Set in an uper. That their faces shine Betwist the solemn claspings of their wings, Clasped high to a silver point above their krads,— We only guess from hence, and not discern, Eve. Though we were near enough to see them shine.

The shadow on thy face were awfuller, To me, at least,—than could appear their light. Adam. What is thi, Eve? thou droppest heavily In a heap earthward; and thy body heaves Under the golden floodings of thine hair!

En O Adam, Adam! by that name of Eve-Thine Eve, thy life—which suits me little now. Scaing that I confess myself thy death And thine undoer, as the snake was mine,-I do adjure thee, put me straight away, Together with my name. Sweet, punish me! O Love, be just! and, ere we pass beyond The light cast outward by the fiery sword, Into the dark which earth must be to us. Bruise my head with thy foot,—as the curse said My seed shall the first tempter's: strike with curse, As God struck in the garden! and as HE, Being satisfied with justice and with wrath, Did roll His thunder gentler at the close,-Thou, peradventure, may'et at last recoil To some soft need of mercy. Strike, my lord! I, also, after tempting, writhe on ground; And I would feed on a hes from thine hand, As suits me, O my fcupted.

Adam. My beloved. Mine Eve and life-I have no other name For thee on for the sun than what ye are, My blessed life and light ! If we have fallen, It is that we have sir ned, we: God is just; And, since His curse doth comprehend us both, It must be that His balance holds the weights Of first and last sin on a level. Shall I who had not virtue to stand straight Among the hills of Eden, here assume To mend the justice of the perfect God, By piling up a curse upon His curse, Against thee thee Eur.

For so, perchance, thy God

Might take thee into grace for scorning me;
Thy wrath against the sinner giving proof
Of inward almogation of the sin!
And so, the blessed angels might come down.
And walk with thee as erst,—I think they would,—
Because I was not near to make them sad,
Or soil the rustling of their innocence.

Adam. They know me. I am deepest in the gult, If last in the transgression.

Eve.

Tnov!

Adam. If C 41,

Who gave the right and poyaunce of the world Both anto thee and me,—gave the to me, The last gift last; the last sin was the worlt, Which sinned against more complement of gifts And grace of giving. God! I render back Strong benedicts a and perpetual praise From mortal feeble has (as incense-smoke, Out of a little censer, may fill heaven), That Thou, in striking my benumbed hands, And forcing them to drop all other booms Of beauty, and dominion, and delight,—Hast left this well-beloved Eve—this life Within life—this best gift between their palm, In gracious compensation!

Example 2 Is it thy voice?
Or once slating angel's—calling home
My feet into the garden?

Adam.
Onv God!

Adam.
O my God!
I, standing here between the glory and dark,—
The glory of thy wrath projected forth
From Eden's wall: the dark of our distress,
Which settles a step off in that dress world—
Lift up to Thee the hands from whence both fallen
Only creation's sceptre,—thanking Thee
That rather Thou hast cast me out with hon.
Than left me lorn of her in Paradise:—
With angel looks and angel songs around,

To show the absence of her eyes and voice, And make society full desertness, Without the uses of her comforting.

Eva. Or is it But a dream of thee, that speaks Mine own love's tongue !

Adden.

Because with her, I stand Upright, as far as can be in this fall,

And look away from Heaven, which doth accuse me,

And look up from the earth which doth convict me,

I ato her face; and crown my discrowned brow

Out of hes love; and put the thought of her

Around me, for an Eden full of birds;

And lift her body "p—thus—to my heart;

And with my lips upon her lips,—thus, thus—

Do quicken and sublimate my mortal breath,

Which cannot climb against the grave's steep sides,

But overtops this grief!

Eva. I am renewed:
My eyes grow with the light which is in thine;
The silence of my heart is full of sound.
Hold me up—so! Because I comprehend
This human love, I shall not be afraid
Of any human death; and yet because
I know this strength of love, I seem to know
Death's strength by that same sign. Kiss on my lips,
To shut the floor close on my rising soul—
Lest it pass outwards in a-tonshment,
And leave thee lonely.

Adam. Yet thou liest, Eve, Beat heavily on thy-elf across mine arm, Thy face flat to the sky.

Running, as it might seem, my life from me;
They run so fast and warm. Let me lig so,
And weep so,—as if in a dream or prayer,—
Unfastening, clasp by clasp, the hard, tight thought
Which clipped my heart, and showed me evermore
Loathed of thy justice as I loathe the snake,

and as the pure ones loathe our sin. To-day, III day, beloyed, as we fled across This desolating radiance, cast by swords Not suns, -my lips mayed soundless to myself, looking against each other- O Lord God! ('Twas so I prayed) I ask Thee by my sin, And by Thy curse, and by Thy blameless heavens, Make dreadful haste to hide me from Thy face, -And from the face of my beloved here, For whom I am no helpmete, quick away Into the new dark mystery of death! I will be still there. I will make no plaint. I will not sigh, nor sob, nor speak a word -Not struggle to come back beneath the sun, Where peradventure I might sin anew Against Tuy morey and his pleas no. Death. Oh death, whate'er it be, is good enough For ach I For Adra- there's no voice, Shall ever my agun, in !Icaven or eart!, It is not good for him to t alone

Action. And was a good for such a prayer to pas, My unkind Eve, between our mutual live '
if I am eviled, it is to be between it?

E e 'Twas an ill priver: it shall be prayed no more; And God did use it for a fooli liness, them no answer. Now my heart has grown Too high and strong for such a foolish pray it. I ove makes it strong and sure I was the first. In the transgree ion, with a steady foot. I will be first to tread from this sword glare. Into the outer darkness of the waste,—And thus I do it.

Adam. Thus I follow thee,
As erewhile in the san.—What sounds! what counds!
I feel a music which comes slant from Heaven,
As tender as a watering lew.

Eve. • I think
That angels—not those guarding Paradise.—

But the love-angels who came erst to us,
And when we said "Gop," fainted unawares
Back from our mortal presence unto God,
(A: If He drew them inward in a breath)
His name being heard of them,—I think that they
With sliding voices lean from heavenly towers,
Invisible, but gracious. Hark—how soft!

### CHORUS OF INVISIBLE ANGELS.

Faint and tender.

Mortal man and women,
Go upon your travel!
Heaven assist the Human
Smoothly to unravel
All that web of pain
Wherein ye are holden.
Do ye know our voices
Chanting down the Golden?
Do ye guess our choice is,
Being unbeholden,
To be harkened by you, yet again?

This pure door of opal,

God hath thin between u;

Us, His shining people, —

You, who once have seen us,

And are blinded new!

Yet, across the doorway,

Past the silence reaching,

Farewells evermore may,

Blessing in the teaching,

Glide from us to you.

# Tirst semichorus.

Think how crst your Eden,
 Day on day succeeding.

With our presence glowed.

We came as if the Heavens were bowed.

To a milder music rare!

Ye saw us in our solemn treading,

Treading down the steps of cloud;

While our wings, outspreading.

Double calms of whiteness,

Dropped superfluous brightness,

Pown from start to stair.

### Second semicher is.

Or, abrupt though tender,
While ye gazed on space,
We flashed our angel-splendour
fu either human face!
With mystic files in our hand,
from the atmospheric bands,
Breaking with a sudden place,
We took you unaware!
While our feet struck glore
Outward, smooth and fair,
Which we stood on floorwise,
Platformed in mid air.

## First semuhanes.

Oh, when Heaven-descended,
Shut up in a secret light.
Stock we speechless in your sight, of
In a mute apocally see!
With damb vibrations on our lips,
I to on hostings ended;
And grand half-vanishings
Of the forgone things,
Within our eyes, belated!
Till the heavenly Irfante
Falling off from our Created,
Left our inward contemplation
Opening duto ministration.

Chorus.

Then in odes of burning,
Brake we suddenly,
And sang out the morning
Nobly up the sky.-Or we drew

Our music through
The noontide's hash and heat and shine,
And taught them our intense Divine—
With our vital fiery notes
All disparted hither, thither,
Trembling out into the ather,—
Visible like beamy motes '-Or, as twilight drifted

Through the cedar masses.
The massive sun we lifted,
Trailing purple, orniling gold
Out between the passes

Of the mornt ous manifold,

To anthoms slowly sung!
While he, aweary and in swoon,
For joy to hear our climbing tune
Pierce the faint stars' concentric ring,—
The burden of his glow flung
In breken lights upon our wings.

· [Chant dies away conjuct y, and enter Lucifus.

Lucifer. Now may all fruit be pleasant to thy lips, Beautiful Eys! The times have somewhat changed Since thou and I had talk beneath a tree; Albeit ye are not gods yet.

Adam. I the name of God, Go apart from us, O then Lucifer!
And leave us to the desert thou but made
Qut of thy treason Bring no serpent-slime

Athwart this path kept holy to our tears, Or we may cure thee with their bitterness.

Lucifer. Curse freely! curses thicken. Why, this E Who thought me once part worthy of her ear, And somewhat wiser than the other beasts,—Drawing together her large globes of eyes,

The light of which is throbbing in and out Around their continuity of gaze,—Knots her fair eyebrows in so hard a knot, And, down from her white heights of womanhood, Looks on me so amazed,—I scarce should fear To wager such an apple as she blucked, Against one riper from the tree of life,

That she could curse too—as a woman may—Smooth in the vowels.

Eve. So—speak wickedly! I like it best so. Let thy words be wounds,—For, so, I shall not fear thy power to hurt:
Trench on the forms of good by open ill—For, so, I shall wax strong and grand with scorn; Scorning myself for ever trusting three
As far as thinking, ere a make attachest,
Ile could speak wirdom.

Lucifer. Our new god, methink, Deal more in thunders than in count-sies:
And, sooth, mine own Olympus, which anon of the stall build up to loud-voi ed imagery,
From all the wandering visions of the world,—
May show worse railing than our lady Eve.
Pours o'er the rounding of her argent arm.
But why should this be? Adam pardoned Eve.

Adam. Adam loved Eve. Jehovalı pardon both! 'Eve. Adam forgave Eve -- because loving Eve.

Lucifer. So, well. Yot Adam was undone of Eve,
As both were by the snake. Therefore forgive,
In like wise, fellow-temptress, the poor snake—
Who stung there, not so poorly!

[Aside

Eve. Hold thy wrath,

Beloved Adam! let me answer him;
For the time he speaks truth, which we should hear,
And a for mercy, which I most should grant,
Is like wise; so be tells us—in like wise!
And therefore I thee pardon, Lucifer,
As freely as the streams of Eden flowed,
When we were happy by them. So, depart:
Leave useto walk the remnant of our time
Out mildly in the desert. Do not seek
To harm us any more or scoff at us,
Or ere the dust be laid upon our face
To find it the commention of the dust
And issue of the curse,—Go.

Adam.

Lucifer. Forgive! and go! Ye images of clay,
Shrunk somewhat in the mould,—what jest is this
What words fire these to use? Ly what a thought
Conceive ye of ma? Vastarlay—a snaka!
To day—what?

o day —what

Adam. A strong spini.

Eve. A sad spirit.

Adam. Perhaps a fallen ang l — Who shall say!

Lucifer. Who told thee, Adam ?

Adum. Thou! The prodigy

Of thy vast brows and melancholy eyes,

Which compresend the her dits of some great fall. I think that thou has one day worn a crown

Under the eyes of God.

Integer. And why of God?

Adam. It were no clown else! Verily, I think
Thou'rt fallen far. I had not yesterday
Said it so surely; but I know to-day
Grief by grief, an by sin.

Lucifer. A crown, by a crown.

Adam. Ay, 1000 k mo! now I know more than I knew. Now I know thou art fallen below hope

Of final re-a-cent.

Lacifer. Because?

Adam. Berause

A spirit who expected to see Gos, Though at the last point of a million year, Could date no mockery of a ruined man Such as this Adam.

Inactir. Who is high and all Be it said passing !—of a go it red class Discovered on some top of Labanon, Or haply of Aconus, beyond sweep Of the black eagle's wing! A furlong lower Had made a meeker king for Eden. Soh! Is it not possible, by an and g iet (To give the chings your names) that spirits should it e Instead of falling?

Adam. No t impossible.
The Highest being the Hely and the Glad,
Whoever risetn must approach delight
And sanctity in the act.

Lucifer. Ha, my clay-kin? Thou wilt not rule by wisdom very long. The after generations. Earth, methicks, Will dismber thy philosophy. For a new doctrine suited to thine here; Classing these present dogmas with the rest Of the old-world traditions—Eden fruits And sauran fossils.

Speak no more with him, Beloved t it is not good to speak with him Go from us, Luciler, and speak no more; 'te have no pardon which thou dost not seorn, Nor any blue, thou seest, for coveting, Nor innocence for staining. Being bereft, We would be alone.—Go.

Lucifir. Ah! yo talk the same, All of you—pirits and clay—go, and depart! In Heaven they said so; and at Edon's kute,— And here, reiterant, in the wilderness! None saith. Stay with me, for thy tace is fair! None saith, Stay with me, for thy voice is sweet! And yet I was not fashioned out of clay. Look on me, woman! Am I beautiful?

Live. Thou hast a glorious darkness. Lucyfer.

Nothing more?

Ere. I think no mile.

False Heart—thou thinkest more! Lucifer. Thou canst not choose but think, as I praise God, Unwillingly but fully, that I stand Most absolute in beauty. As yourselves Were fashioned very good at het, so los Sprang very beautoors from the creant Word Which thirdled around us-God Himself being moved, When that august work of a perfect shape, His dignities of sovian angel bood, Swept out into the universe,-divine With thundreus movements, carnest looks of gods, And silver-solemn clash of cymbal wings. Whereof I was, in motion and in form, A part not poor st. And yet, - yet, perhaps, This beauty which I peak of, is not here, As God s voice is not here, not even my crown-I do not know. What is this thought or thing Which I call beauty? is it thought or thing? Is it a thought accepted for a thing? Or both? or neither?- a pretext-a word? Its meaning flutters in me like a flame Under my own breath, my per eptions reel For evernous around it, and tall off, As if it too were holy.

Lve. Which it is.

Adum. The essence of all be uty I call love.

The attribute, the evidence, and end.

The consummation to the inwird sense,

Of beauty apprehended from vithout,

I still call love. As form, when colourless,

Is nothing to the eye; that pine tree there,

Without its black and green, being all a blank;

So, without love, is beauty undi cerned In man or angel. Angel! rather ask What love is in thee, what love moves to thee, And what collateral love moves on with thee; Then shalt thou know if thou art beautiful.

Lucifer. Love! what is 1 we? I love it. Beauty and love!

I darken to the image. Beauty—Love!
[He fades away, while a low music sounds.

Adam. Thou art pale, Eve.

Ere. The precapice of ill

Down this colossal nature, dizziei.me—
And, haik! the starry harmony remote
Seems measuring the heights from whence he fell.

Adam. Think that we have not fallen so. By the

hope
And aspiration, by the love and faith,
We do exceed the stature of this angel.

Eve. Happier we are than he is, by the death '
Adam. Or rather, by the life of the Lord God!
How dim the angel grow, as if that blast
Of music swept him back into the deak.

[The music is stronger, gathering itself into uncertain articulation.

Eve. It throbs in on us like a plaintive heart,
Pressing, with slow pulsations, vibrative.
Its gradual sweetness through the yielding air,
To such expression as the stars may use,
Most starsy-sweet, and strange! With every note
That grows more loud, the angel grows more dim,
Receding in proportion to approach,
I ntil he tands afar,—a shade.

Adana. Now, words.

# SONG OF THE MORNING STAR TO LUCIFER.

He fades utterly away and ranishes, as it proceeds.

Mine orbed image sinks

Back from thee, back from thee,

As thou art fallen, methinks,

Back from me, buck from me.

O my light-bearer,

Could another fairer

Eack to thee, lack to thee?

Ai, ar 'Heosphoros!

hee, with the fiery love of stars,

I loved thee, with the fiery love of stars, Who love by burning, and by loving move, Too near the throned Jehovah, not to love, Ai, ai, Hosphoros!

Their brows flash fast on me from gliding cars, Pale-parsioned for my loss. Ai, ai, Heosphoros!

Mine orbed heats drop cold

Down from thee, down from thee,

As fell thy crace of old

Down from me, down from me.

O my light-bearer,

Is another taiter

Won to thee, won to thee?

At, at, Heosphorus,

Great love preceded loss,

Known to thee, known to thee.

At, at!

Thou, breathing thy communicable grace
Of life into my light,
Mine astral faces, from thine angel face,
Hast inly fed,

And flooded me with radiance overmuch From thy pure height.

Ai, ai l

Thou, with calm, floating pinions both ways spread,

Erect, irradiated,

Dide the properties of class.

Didst sting my wheel of glory On, on before thee,

Along the Godlight, by a quickening touch! .
Ha, ha!

Around, around the firmamental ocean, I swam expanding with delirous fire! Around, around, in blind desire To be drawn up, and to the Infinite—

Ha, ha!

Until, the motion flinging out the motion To a keen whirl of passion and avidity. To a blind whirl of rapture and delight,— I would in guant orbits, smooth and white

With that intense iapidity !

Around, around,

I wound and interwound,

While all the cyclic heavens about me spun' Stars, planets, suns, and moons, dilated broad, Then flashed together into a single sun,

And wound, and wound in one;
And as they wound I wound,—around, around,
In a great fire, I almost took for G al!

Ha, h., Heosphoro-

Thine angel glory sinks

Down from me, down from me—

My heauty falls, methinks,

Down from thee, down from thee!

O my light-bearer,

O my path-preparer

Gone from inc, gone from me!

· Ai, ai, Heosphoros!

I cannot kindle underneath the brow Of this new angel here, who is not Thou; All things are altered since that time ago,— And if I shine at eye, I shall not knowI am strange- I am slow !
Al, al, Heosphoros !

Henceforward, human eyes of lovers be The only weetest right that I shall see, With tears between the looks raised up to me.

An at !

When, having wept all night, at break of day, Above the folded hills they shall survey My light, a little trembling, in the grey.

AL at 1

And gazing on me, such shall comprehend, Through all my piteous pomp at morn or even, And melancholy leaning out of Heaven, That love, then own divine, may change or end, That love may close in loss! An, an, Hosphoros!

SCLINE —Further on A udd open country seen raquely in the approaching night.

Adam How doth the wide and melancholy earth Gather her hills around us, grey and ghast,
And stare with blank samine mee of loss
Right in our faces! Is the wind up?

Eve. Nav

Adam And yet the ceders and the jumpers Rock slowly through the mist, without a noise; And shapes, which have no certainty of shape, Drift duskly in and out between the pines, And loom along the edges of the hills, And he flat, curdling in the open ground—Shadows without a bod, which contract And Ich, in the way gaze on them.

Which is not in in's nor angel's! What is thus?

Adam. No cause for fear. The circle of God's life.

Contains all life beside.

Eve I think the earth
Le crazed with curse, and wanders from the series

Ot those first laws affixed to form and space Or ever she knew sin!

Adam. We will not fear

We were brave sinning.

And some coil . .

With eyes upturned to Heaven, and seein, there Our god-thrones, as the tempter said,—not God. My heart, which beat then, sink. The sun hath sunk Out of sight with our Eden.

Adam. Night is near.

Eve. And God's curse, nearest. Let us travel back, And stand within the sword-glare till ..e die; Beliering it is better to meet death Than suffer desolation.

Adam. Nay, beloved!
We must not pluck death from the Maker's hand,
As erst we plucked the apple: we must wait
Until He gives death, as He gave us life;
Nor murmur faintly o'er the primal gift,
Because we spoilt its sweetness with our sin.

Eve. Ah, ah! Dost thou discern what I behold?

Adam. I see all. How the spirits in thine eyes,
From their dilated orbits, bound before
To meet the spectral Dread!

Eve. I am afraid—
Ah, ah! The twilight bristles wild with shapes
Of intermittent motion, aspect vague
And mystic bearings, which o'ercreep the earth,
Keeping slow time with horrors in the blood.
How near they reach . . and far! How grey they move—
Treading upon the darkness without fect,—
And fluttering on the darkness without wings!
Some run like dogs, with noses to the ground;
Some keep one path, like sheep; some rock like trees;
Some glide like a fallen haf; and some flow on,
Copious as rivers.

\* Adam. Some spring up like fire—

Ene. Ah, ah! Dost thou pause to say Like what?-coil like the serpent, when he fell From all the emerald splendour of his height, And writhed, -and could not climb against the curse, Not a ring's length, I am afraid—afraid— I think it is God's will to make me afraid: Permitting THESE to haunt us in the place Of His beloved angels-gone from as, Because we are not pure. Dear Pity of God. That didst permit the angels to go home, And live no more with ue who are not pure ; Save us too from a bathly company-Almost as loathly in our eyes, perhaps, As we are in the purest! Pity us -Us too! nor shut us in the dark, away From verity and from stability. Or what we name such, through the precedence Of earth's adjusted uses, -evermore To doubt, betwixt our senses and our souls, Which are the most distraught, and full of pain, And weak of apprehension,

Adam. Courage, Sweet! The mystic shapes elb back from us, and drop With alow concentric movement, each on each,—Expressing water spaces,—and collapsed In lines more definite for imagery And clearer for relation; till the throng Of shapeless spectra merge into a few Distinguishable phantasms, vague and grand, Which sweep out and around us vastily, And hold us in a circle and a calm.

Eve. Strange phantasms of pale shadow! there are twelve.

Thou, who didst name all lives, hast names for these?

Adam. Methniks this is the zodiac of the earth,
Which rounds us with its visionary dread,—
Responding with twelve shadowy signs of zarth,
In fantasque apposition and approach,

For those celestal, constellated twelve
Which pulpitate adown the silent nights
I inder the pressure of the hand of God,
Sheel I ed wide in benediction. At this hour,
Not a star procketh the flat gloom of heave i!
Dut, guiding close our nether wilderness,
The zodiac figures of the cirth loom slow,—
Drawn out, as suiteth with the place and time, 2
In twelve colosed shades, instead of stars,
Through which the ecliptic line of mystery
Strikes bleakly with an unrelenting scope,
Poreshowing life and death.

Fig. By dream or sense.

Do we see this?

Adam. Our spirits have climbed high By reason of the passion of our quef,—
And from the top of sense, looked over sense,
To the samificance and heart of things
Rather than things themselves.

I ... And the dim twelve .

Arran. Are dim exponents of the creature-life As outh continuent. Gaze on them, beloved ! By still for apprehension of the sight. Sugar strong of the creatures shall agen up Thy terror of the shadows .- what is known Subdume the unknown, and taming it From all predictions dreads. That phantaen, there, Presents a hon, - libert, twenty times As large is any hon-with a roar Set soundless in his vibratory jave, And a strange horror stirring in he mane! And, there, a pendulous shedow seem to weigh-Goral against ill, perclance, and there, a crab Puta coldly out its gradual shadow-claws, Like a slow blot that spi ads,—till all the ground, Crawled over by it, seems to crawl itself: A bull stanus horned here with gibbous glooms; And a ram likewise; and a scorpion writhes

Its tail in ghastly slime, and stings the dark!
This way a goat learn, with wild blank of beard, and here, fantasign fishes duskly float,
Using the calm for waters, while their fins
Throb out slow rhythms along the shallow air!
While images more human——

Eve How he stands,
That phantasm of a min—y ho is not thou!
Two phantasms of two men!

Adu a One that sustains,
\* And me that suives '-resuming, so, the ends
Of manhood's curse of labour \* Dost thou see

That phantasm of a woman?—

Eve I have seen—
But look off to those small hum unites;†

Which draw me tenderly reros my fear;—
Lesser and famiter than my wornanhood,

Or yet thy munhood—with transmoothers

So my the my ty lines of larger land

They lean together! I would be on them

• Longer and longer, till my watching eyes,—

'As the stare do in watching anything,—

Should light them forward from their outline vague,

To clear configuration—

Two Sparts, of organic and increasing nature, urise from the ground

But what Shapes Ruse in between us in the can space,—

And thrust me into honer, in space,—

Adam Colossal Shapes—twin sovran images,—

<sup>\*</sup> Adam recognises in Aquarus, the water bearer, and Supitarrus, the archer, distinct, types of the man bearing and the man combatting,—the passive and active forms of human labour. I hope that the preceding zodiscal signs—thansferred to the earthly shadow and representative purpose—of Arics, Tuurus, Cancer, Leo, Libra, business, Caprocraus, and Pisces, are sufficiently obysous to the reader.

<sup>+</sup> Her maternal instinct is excited by Gemma.

With a disconsolate, blank majesty Set in their wondrous faces!—with no look, And yet an aspect—a significance Of individual life and passionate ends. Which overcomes us gazing.

O'bleak sound!

O shadow of sound, O phantasm of thin sound!
How it comes, wheeling as the pale moth wheels,
Wheeling and wheeling in continuous warl,
Around the cyclic zodiac; and gains force,
'And gathers, settling coldly like a moth,
On the wan faces of these images
We see before us; whereby modified,
It draws a straight line of articulate song
From out that spiral faintness of lament —
And, by one voice, expresses many griefs.

First Spirit.

I am the Spirit of the harmless carth;
God spake me softly out among the stars.
As softly as a blessing of much worth,—
And then, His smile did follow unawares,
That all things, fashioned, so, for use and duty,
Might shine anointed with His chrism of beauty—

I drave on with the worlds excitingly,
Obliquely down the Godlight's gradual fall—
Individual aspect and complexity
Of giratory orb and interval,
Lost in the fluent motion of delight
Toward the high ends of Being, beyond sight—
Yet I wail!

Yet I wail:

Second Spirit

I am the Spirit of the harmless beasts,
Of flying things, and creeping things, and swimming;
Of all the lives, erst set at silent feasts,
That found the love-kiss on the goblet primming,
And tasted, in each drop within the measure,
The sweetest pleasure of their Lord's good pleasure—

### Yet I wail!

What a full hum of life, around His lips, bore witness to the fulness of creation!

How all the grand words were full-laden ships;
Fach, sailing onward, from each bearing

To separate existence,—and each bearing
The creature's power of joying, hoping, fearing!—
Yet 1 wall 1

Eve. They wail, beloved! they speak of glory and God, And they wail—wail. That burden of the song Drops from it Tike its fruit, and heavily falls Into the lap of silence.

Adam. Hark, again !

First Spirit.

I was so beautiful, so beautiful,

My joy stood up within me bold and glad,
To answer God; and, when His work was full,
To "very good," responded "very glad!"
Filtered through roses, did the light inclose me;
And bunches of the grape swing blue across me—

Yet I wail!

Second Spirit.

I bounded with my papthers! I rejoiced
In my young tumbling lions, solled together!
My stag—the river at his fictocks—poised,
Then dipped his antiers, through the golden weather,
In the same right which the alligator
Left in his joyous troubling of the water—

Yet I wail!

First Spirit.

O my deep waters, cataract and flood,—
 What wordless triumph did your voices render!
 O mountain-summits, where the angels stood,

And shook from head and wing thick dews of splendour:

How, with sholy quart, did your Earthy Accept that Heavenly -knowing ye were worthy!

Yet I wail !

Second Spirit.

O my wild wood-dogs, with your listening eyes!
My horses—my ground eagles, for swift fleeing!
My birds, with viewless wings of harmonies,—
My calm cold fishes of a silver being,—
How happy were ye, living and possessing,
O fair half-souls, capacious of full blessing.
Yet I wail!

First Spirit.

I wail, I wail! Now hear my charge to-day, 'Thou man, thou woman, marked as the misdoers, By God's sword at your backs! I lent my clay
To make your bodies, which had grown more flowers:
And now, in change for what I lent, ye give me
The thorn to vey, the tempost-fire to cleave me—
And I wail!

Second Spirit.

I wail, I wail! Behold yo that I fasten

My conow's fang upon your souls dishonoured?

Accursed tran-gressors! down the steep ye hasten,—

Your crown's weight on the world, to drag it downward

I'nto your run. Lo! my lions, seening

The blood of wars, rear h arese and unrelenting —

And I wail!

Fust Spirit.

I wail, I wail! Do we hear that I wail?
I had no part in your transgression—none!
My roses on the bough the bud not pale—
My rivers did not loiter in the sun.
I was obedient Wherefore, in my centre,
Do I thrill at this curse of death and winter!—

And I wail!

Second Spirit.

I wail, I wail! I shrick in the assault •
Of undescreed perdition, sorry wounded!
My nightingales sang sweet without a fault,
My gentle leopards innocently bounded;
We were obedient—what is this conculses

Our blameless life with pangs and fever-pulses?

And I wail!

• Eve. I choose (ted's thunder and His angels' swords To die by, Adam, rather than such words. Let us pass out, and flee.

Adam. We cannot flee.
This zodiac of the creatures' cruelty
Curls round us, like a river cold and drear,
And shuts us in, constraining us to hear.
First Spirit.

I feel your st.pq. O wandering sinner, strike
A sense of death to me, and undur graves!
The heart of earth, once calm, is trenbling, like
The ranged foam along the ocean-waves:
The restless earthquakes rock against each other;—
'The elements moan 'round me—" Mother, mother"—
And I wai!

Second Spirit.

Your melancholy looks do pierre me through;
Corruption swathes the paleness of your beauty.
Why have ye done this thing? What did we do
That we should fall from bliss, as ye from duty?
Wild shrick the hawks, in wanting for their jesses,
Fierre howl the wolves along the wild-rnesses—
And I wai!!

Adam. To thee, the Spirit of the harmless earth—
To thee, the Spirit of earth's harmless lives—
Inferior creatures, but still innocent—
Be salutation from a guilty mouth,
Yet worthy of some audience and respect
From you who are not guilty. If we have sinned,
God hath rebuked us, who is over us,
To give rebuke or death; and if ye wail
Because of any suffering from our sin,
Ye, who are under and not over us,
Be satisfied with God, if not with us,
And pass out from our presence in such peace
\*As we have left you, to enjoy revenge,

Such as the Heavens have made you. Verily, The must be strife between us, large as sin.

Who state, mine Adam! Let us not stand high Upon the wrong we did, to reach disdain, Who rather should be humbler everance, Since self-made sadder. Adam! shall I speak—

1, who spake once to such a bitter end—

Shall I speak it imbly now, who once was groud?

I schooled by sin to more humility

Than thou hast, O mine Adam, O my king—

My king, if not the world's?

Adom 'Speak as thou wilt. Eve. Thus, Jien—my hand in thine--

. . . Sweet, dreadful Spirits!

I pray you humbly in the name of God;
Not to say of these tears, which are impure—
('r int me such pardoning grace as can go forth
From the wionged to the wionger; this and no more.

I do not ask more. I am ware, mdeed, That absolute pardon is impossible From you to me, by reason of my un,-And that I cannot evermore, as once, With worthy accept aton of pure joy, Behold the trances of the holy hills Beneath the leaning stais; or watch the value, Dew-pallid with their morning ecstary; Or hear the winds make postoral neare between Two grassy uplands,—and the river-wells Work out their bubbling lengths beneath the ground, -- ' And all the birds sing, till, for joy of song, They lift their trembling wings, as if to heave The too-much weight of music from their heart, And float it up the gether ! I am ware That these things I can no more apprehend, With a pure organ, into a full delight; The sense of beauty and of melody

Being no more aided in the by the sense Of personal adjustment to those heights Of what I see well-formed or hear well-tuned,— I'ut rather coupled darkly, and made ashamed, By my percipiency of sin and fall, And melancholy of Rumiliant thoughts. But, oh! fair, dreadful Spirits-albeit this Your accusation must confront my soul, And your pathetic utterance and full gaze Mut evermore subdue me; be content— Conquer me gently- as if puty my me, Not to say loving! 1st my tears fall thick As watering dews of Eden, unreproached; And when your tongues reprove me, make me smooth, Not ruffled-smooth and still with your reproof, And peradventure better, while more sad. For look to it, sweet Spirits-look well to it -It will not be amiss in you who-kept The law of your own righteou-ness, and keep The right of your own prices to mourn themselves --To pity me twice fallen,—from that, and this,— From joy of place, and also right of wail, "I wail " being not for me--only "I sin," Look to it, O sweet Spirits !-

For wa- I not,
At that last supset seen in Paradise,
When all the western clouds flashed out in throngs
Of sulden angel-faces, face by face,
All hushed and solemn, as a thought of God
Held them suspended,—war I not, that hour,
The lady of the world, princess of life,
Mistress of frast and favour? Could I touch
A rose with my white hand, but it became
Redder at once? Could I walk leisurely
Along our swarded gg. deu, but the grass
Tracked me with greenne s? Could I stand aside
A moment underneath a cornel free,
But all the leaves did tremble as alive.

With songs of fifty birds who were made glad
Because I stood there? Could I turn to look
With there twain eyes of raine, now weeping fast,
Now good for only weeping,—upon man,
Angel, or beast, or bird, but each rejoiced
Because I looked on him? Alas, alas!
And is not this much wee, to cry "alas!"
Speaking of joy? And is not this more shame,
To have made the wee myself, from all that joy?
To have statched mine hand, and plucked it from the

And chosen a for fruit! Nay, a not this still most despring—to have balved that bitter fruit.

And runned, so, the sweetest friend I have,
'Turning the GREATEST to mine enemy?

Adam. 1 will not hear thee speak so. Hearken,
Spirits!

Our God, who is the enemy of none, But only of their sin, —hath set your hope And my hope, in a promise, in this Head. Show reverence, then,—and never bruse her more With unpermitted and extreme reploach; Lest, passionate in anguish, she fling down Beneath your trampling feet, God's gift to us. Of sovernty by reason and freewill; "Sinning against the province of the Soul To rule the soulless. Reverence her estate; And pass out from her presence with my free Codesiast Heart have retigued with my free

Em O dearest Heart, have patience with my heart,—
O Spirits, have patience, 'stead of reverence,—
And let me speak; for, not being innocent,
It little doth become me to be prond;
And I am prescient by the very hope
And promise set upon me, that henceforth,
Only my gentleness shall make me great,
My humbleness exalt me. Awful Spirits,
Be witness that I stand in your reproof
But one sun's length off from my happiness—

Happy, as I have said, to look around-Clear to look up !-- And now! I need not speak-Ye see me what I am; ye scorn me so-Because ye see nie what I have made myself From God's best making | Alas, -peace forgone, -Love wronged, -and virtue forfeit, and tears wept Upon all, vainly! Alas, me! alas, Who have undone myself from all that best Fairest and swectest, to this wretchedest, Saidest and most defiled—cast out, cast down— What word mates absolute loss? let absolute loss Suffice you for rever le. For I, who lived Beneath the wings of angels yesterday, Wander to-day beneath the roofless world! I. reigning the earth's empress, yesterday, Put off from me, to-day, your hate with prayers! I, yesterday, who answered the Lord God, Composed and glad, as singing-birds the sun. Might shrick now from our dismal desert, "God," And hear Him make reply, "What is thy need, Thou whom I cursed to-day?"

Adam.

Eve !

Eve. I, at last, Who yesterday was helpmate and delight Unto mine Adam, am to-day the grief And curse-mete for him! . And, so, pity us, Ye gentle Spirits, and pardon him and me. And let some tender peace, made of our pain, Grow up betwixt us, as a tree might grow With boughs on both sides. In the shade of which, When presently ye shall behold us dead.-For the poor sake of our humility, Breathe out your pardon on our breathless lips. And drop your twilight dews against our brows : . And stroking with mild airs, our harmless hands Left empty of all fruit, perceive your leve Distilling through your pity over us, And suffer it, self-reconciled, to pass.

#### LUCIEER rises in the circle.

Lucifer. Who talks here of a complement of grief?
Of explation wrought by loss and fall?
Of hate subduable to pity? Eve?
Take counsel from thy counsellor the snake,
And boast no more in grief, nor hope from pain,
My decile Eve! I teach you to despond,
Who taught you disobedience. Look around; Earth-splits and phantames hear you talk, unmoved,

As if ye were red clay again, and talked!
What are your words to tucm? your griefs to
them?

Your deaths, indeed, to them t Did the hand pause For their sake, in the plucking of the fruit, That they should pause for you, in hating you? Or will your grif for death, as did your sin, Bring change upon their final doom? Behold, Your grief is but your sin in the rebound, And cannot expiate for it.

Adam. It is true.

To the surke's couns I,—hear bim !—very true.

Earth Spirits. I wail, I wail!

Louiter. And ceries, that is true

Ye wail, ye all wail. Peradventure I Could wail among you. O thou universe.

That holdest sin and woe,-more more for wail!

Distant starry voice. Ai, ai, Heospholos!

Earth Spirits. I wail, I wail!

Adam. Mark Lucifer. He changes awfully.

E.e. It seems as if he looked from grief to God,

And could not see Him ;-wretched Lucifer !

Adam. How he stands—yet an angel!

Earth Spirits. I wail—wail t Lucifer (after a pans). Dost thou remember, Adam,

when the curse

l'ook as m. Eden.? On a mountain-peak

Half sheathed in primal woods, and glittering In spasms of awful sunshine, at that hour A hon couched, - part raised upon his paws, With his calm, massive face turned full on thine, And his mane listening. When the ended curse Left silence in the world,--- right suddenly He spran; up rampant, and stood straight and stiff, As if the new reality of death Were dashed against his eyes,—and roared so fierce, (Such thick carnivorous passion in his throat Tearing a passage through the wrath and fear)— And roared so wild, and smote from all the hills buch fast, keen echoes crumbling down the vales To distant silence, -that the forest beasts, One after one, did muiter a response In savage and in sorrowful complaint Which trailed along the gorges. Then, at once, He fell back, and rolled crashing from the height, Hid by the dark-orbed pines.

Adam. It might have been.

I hard the curse alone.

Earth Spirits. I wail, I wail!

I.u.ifer. That hon is the type of what I am!

And as he fixed thee with his full-faced hate,

And toared, O Adam—comprehending doom;

So, gazing on the face of the Unseen,

I cry out here, between the Heavens and earth,

My conscience of this sin, this wee, this wrath,

Which damp me to this depth!

Earth Spirits. I wail, I wail!

Eve. I wail-O God!

Lucifer. I scorn you that ye wail,
Who use your petty griefs for pedestals
To stand one beckening pity from without,
And deal in pathos of antithesis
Of what ye, were foresorth, and what ye are;
I scorn you like an angel! Yet, one cry,
I, too, would drive up, like a column erect,

Marble to maible, from my heart to Heaven. A monument of anguish, to transpierce And evertop your vapoury complaints Expressed from feeble wees!

Earth Sprits.

I wail, I wail!

Lucifer. For, O ye Heavens, ye are my witnesses, That I, struck out from nature in a blot, The outcast, and the mildew of things good The leper of angels, the excepted dust Under the common rain of daily gifts,-I the snake, I the tempter, I the curvel,-To whom the highest and the lowest alike Say, Go from vs-we have no need of thee,-Was made by God like others. Good and fair, He did create me!—ask Him, if not fair; Ask, if I caught not fair and alverly His blessing for chief angers, on my heal, Until it grew there, a crown crystallised! Ask, if He never called me by my name, Lucifer-kindly said as "Gabriel'-Lucifer -- oft a- "Michael !" while science I, standing in the glory of the lam; Answered "my Father," innocent of shame And of the sense of thunder. Ha! ye think, White angels in your niches, -I repeat, -And would tread down my own off nees, back To service at the feet tool? That's read wrom: I cry as the beast aid, that I may cos-Expansive, not appealing ' Fallen so de p Against the sides of this prodigious pit, I cry-cry - dashing out the bands of wail, On each side, to meet augusts everywhere, And to attest it in the destasy And exultation of a wee sustained Because provoked and chosen.

Your wilderness, van mortals! Puny griefs, In transitory shapes, be henceforth dwarfed To your own conscience, by the dread extremes. Of what I am and have been. If ye have fallen, it is a step's fall,—the whole ground beneath Strewn woolly soft with promise; if ye have sinned, Your prayers tread high as angels! if ye have grieved, Ye are too mortal to be pitiable, And power to die disproveth right to grieve. Go to! ye call this ruin. I half-accrn The ill I did you! Were ye wronged by me, Hated and tempted, and undone of me,—Still, what's your hur, to mine, of doing hurt, Of hating, tempting, and so ruining? This sword's hill is the sharpest, and suts through The hand that wields, it.

Go-I curse you all.

Hate one another—feebly—as ye can;
I would not certes cut you short in hate—
Far be it from me! hate on as ve can!
I breathe into your faces, spirits of earth,
As wintry blast may breathe on wintry leaver,
And, lifting up their brownness, show beneath
The branches very bare.—Beseech you, give
To Eve, who beggarly entreats your love
For her and Adam when they shall be dead,
An answer rather fitting to the sin
Than to the sorrow—as the Heavens, I trow,
For justice' sake, gave their's.

I curse you both,
Adam and Eve! Say grace as after meat,
After my curses. May your team fall hot.
On all the hissing scorns o' the creatures here,—
And yet rejuice. Increase and multiply,
Ye and your generations, in all plagues,
Corruptions, melancholies, poverties,
And hideous forms of life and feare of death;
The thought of death being alway eminent
Immovable and dreadful in your life,
And deafly and dumbly insignificant

Of any hope beyond, -as death itself, -Whichever of you little dead the first.— Shall seem to the survivor-yet rejoice ! My curse catch at you strongly, body and soul, And He find no redemption - nor the wing Of seraph move your way-and yet rejoice! Rejoice,-because we have not set in you This hate which hall pursue you—this fire-hate Which glares without, because it burns within -Which kills from ashes—the potential hate. Wherein I, augel, in antagonica To God and His reflex heatitudes, Moan ever in the central universe, With the great woe of striving against Love-And grap for space amid the Infinite --And to-s for rest amid the Desertness-Self-orphaned by my will, and self elect To kingship of resistant agony Toward the Good round my-hating good and love, And willing to hate good and to hat love, And willing to will on so evermore, to roung the Past, and damning the To come -Co and rejoice! I curse you! LUCIFER vanishes. Earth Spuits.

And we scorn you! there's no pardon
Which can lean to you might!
When your bodies take the guerdon
Of the death-curse in our subt,

Then the bee that hummeth lowest shall 'ranscoad you,

Then ye shall not move an evelid Though the stars look down your eyes; And the earth, which ye defiled,

She shall show you to the skies,—
"I.o.! these kings of ours— who sought to compachend

you."
First Spirit.

And the elements shall boldly
All your dust to dust constrain;

Unresistedly and coldly,

I will smite you with my rain!
From the slowest of my frosts is no receding.
Second Spirit.

And my little worm, appointed
To assume a royal part,
He shall reign, crowned and anointed,
O'er the noble human heart!

Give him counsel a numer losing of that Eden!

Adam. Do ye scorn 1, 1 Buck your scorn

Towar you face grey and lorn,
As the wind drive back the rain,
Thus I drive with passion-strife;
I who stand beneath God's sun,
Made like God, and, though undone,
Not unreade to love and life.
Let you're winds in vain!
By my free will that chose sin,
By min agony within
Round the passage of the fire;
By the pinings which disclose
That my native soul is higher
Than what it chose.—

We are yet too high, O Spirits for your disdain, Em. Nay-beloved! if these be low,

We controut them with no height;
We stooped down to their level
In working them that evil;
And their scorn that nicets our blow,
Scathes aright.

Amen. Let it be so.

Earth Spirits.

We shall triemph— triumph greatly,
When ye lie beneath the sward!
There, my hly shall grow stately,
Though ye answer not a word—
And her fragiance shall be wornful of your silence!

While your throne, ascending calmly, We, in heirdom of your soul, Flash the river, lift the palm-tree, The dilated ocean, roll

With the thoughts that throbbed within you-round the islands.

Alp and torrent shall inherit
Your significance of will:
With the grandeur of your spirit,
Shall our broad saval take mi—
In our winds, your exultations shall be springing.
Even your parlance which inveigles,
By our rudeness, shall be won:
Hearts poetic in our eagles,
Shall beat up against the sun,
And pour downward, in orticulate clear singing.

Your bold speeches, our Behemoth,
With his thunderous jaw, shall wield!
Your high fancies shall our Mammoth
Breathe sublimely up the shield
Of St. Michael, at God's throne, who waits to speed him
Till the Heavens' smooth-grooved thunder
Spinning back, shall leave them clear;
And the angels, smiling wonder,
With dropt looks from sphere to sphere,
Shall cry, "Ho, ye heirs of Adam! ye exceed him!"
Adam. Root out thine eyes, sweet, from the dreary
ground.
Beloved, we may be overcome by God,
But not by these.

Eve. By God, perhaps, in these.

Adam. I think, not so. Had God foredoomed despair,
He had not spoken hope. He may destroy,
Certes, but not deceive.

Beau.

Behold this rose!

Eve. • Behold this rose!

I plucked it in our hower of Paradise

This morning as I went forth; and my heart Hath beat against its petals all the day.

Pthought it would be always red and full,
As when I plucked it—Is it 1—ye may see!

I'cast it down to you that ye may see,
All of you!—count the petals lost of it—
And note the colours fainted! ye may see:
And I am as it is, who yesterday

Grew in the same place. O ye spirits of earth!
I almost, from my miserable heart,
Could here up! said you for your cruel heart,
Which will not let me, down the slope of death,
Draw any of your pity after me,
Or lie still in the quiet of your looks,
As my flower, there, in mine.

[A bleak wind, quickened with indistinct human voices, spins around the earth-voiciac; and filling the circle with its presence, and then vailing off into the cust, carries the flower away with it. FYE falls upon her face. ADAM stands erect.

Adam.

So, verily,

The last departs.

Eve So Memory follows Hope,
And Life both. Love said to me, "Do not die,"
And I replied, "O Love, I will not die.
I exiled and I will not orphan Love."
But now it is no choice of mine to die—
My heart thicks from me.

Adam. Call it straightway back. Death's consummation crowns completed life, Or lomes too early. Hope being set on thee For others; if for others, then for thee,—For thee and me.

[The wind revolves from the east, and round again to the east, perfamed by the Liden-flower, and full of voices which sweep out into articulation as they pass.

Let thy soul shake its leaves,

To feel the mystic wind-Harlet

Eve. I hear life,

Infant voices passing in the wind. O we live, O we live-And this life that we receive. Is a warm thing and a new, Which we softly bud into. From the heart and from the brain.— Something strange, that overmuch is Of the sound and of the sight, Flowing round in-rickling touches,

In a sorrow and actight,---

Yet is it all in vain?

Rock as softly.

Lest it be all in vari.

Youthful voices nassing.

O we here, O we hee--And this life that we whieve. Is a loud thing and a bold, Which, with pulses manufold, Strikes the heart out full and fain-Active doer, noble liver, Strong to struggle, sure to conquer,— Though the vessel's prow will quiver At the lifting of the anchon: Yet do we strive in van?

Infant rowes pussing.

Rock as softly,

Lest it be all in vain.

Post voices passing.

O we live. O we live-And this life that we conceive. Is a clear thing and a fair, Which we set in crystal air. That its beauty may be plain: With a breathing and a flooding . Of the heaven-life on the whole, While we hear the forests hudding To the music of the soul-

Yet is it tuned in yain?

Infant voices passing.

Rock us softly,

Lest it be all in vain

Philosophic roles passing.

O we live, O we live— And this life that we perceive, Is a strong thing and a grave, Which for others' use we have,

Duty-laden to refigain.

We are helpers, Allow-creatures,

Ot the right against the wrong,— We are cardet-hearted teachers

Of the truth which maketh strong-

Yet do we teach in vain?

Infant voices passing.

Rock us soitly,

Le t it be all in vain.

Revel voices passing.

O we live, O we live— And this life that we repreve, Is a low thing and a light, Which is jested out of sight, And made worthy of disclain!

Strike with bold electric laughter
The lath tops of things divine -

Turn thy head, my brother, after, Lest thy tear, fall in my wine; -For i, all laughed my vain t

Infant voices passing.

Rock us softly,

Lest it be all in vain

Eve. I hear a sound of life—of life like ours— Of laughter and of vailing, of grave speech, Of little plaintive voices innocent,—

Of life in separate courses flowing out

· Like our four rivers to some outward main.

I hear life—life!

Adam. And, so, thy cheeks have snatched

Scarlet to paleness; and thine eyes drink fast Of glory from full cups; and thy moist lips Seem trembling, both of them, with earnest coubts Whether to utter words, or only smile.

Eve. Shall I be mother of the coming life?

Hear the steep generations, how they fall
Adown the visionary stairs of Time,
Like supernatural thunders—far, yet near;
Sowing their fiery echoes through the hills.

Am 1 a cloud to these—mod er to these?

Earth Spirits. And bringer of the orse upon all these. [Eve sinks down again.

Post voices passing.

O we live, O we live—?
And this life that we believe,
Is a noble thing and high,
Which we climb up loftily,
To view God without a stain:
Till, recoiling where the shade is
We retread our steps again,
And descend the gloomy Hades,
To taste man's mortal pain.
Shall it be climbed in vain?

Infant voices passing.

Rock us softly, Lest it he all in vain.

Love voices pasting.

O we lind O we live—
And this life we would retrieve,
Is a faithful thing spart,
Which we love in, heart to heart,
Until one heart fitteth twam.
"Wilt thou be one with me?"
"I will be one with thee!"
"Ha, ha!—we love and live!"
Alas! ye love and die!"
Shriek—who shall reply!
For is it not loved in vain?

Infant voices passing.

Rock us softly,

Though it be all in vain.

Old voices passing.

O we live, O we live— And this life that we receive, Is a gloonly thing and brief, Which, consummated in grief, Leaveth ashes for all gain. Is it not all in fair ?

Infant voices . Absing.

Rock us softly,

Though it be all in vain. [Voices die array. Earth Spurits. And bringer of the curse upon all these.

Eve. The voices of foreshown Humanity

Die off ;-sq let me die. \*

Adam.

these.

So let us die,

When God's will soundeth the right hour of death.

Earth Spirits. And bringer of the curse upon all

Evs. O spirits! by the gentleness ye uso
In winds at night, and floating clouds at noon,—
In gliding waters under hily-leaves,—
In chirp of circkets, and the settling hush
A bird makes in her nest, with feet and wings,—
Fulfil your natures! Do not any more
Taunt us or nick us—let us die alone.

Earth Spirits.

Agreed; allowed!

We gather out our natures like a cloud,
And thus fulfil their lightenings! Thus, and thus !

Hearken, O hearken to us!

First Spirit.

As the east wind blows bleakly in the norland,— As the snow-wind beats blindly from the moorland,—

As the simoom drives wild acloss the desert,—

As the thunder roars deep in the Unmeasured,-

As the torrent tears an ocean-world to atoms,— As the whirlpool grinds fathoms below fathoms,— Thus,—and thus !

Second Spirit,

As the yellow toad, that spits its poison chilly,—
As the tager, in the jungle, crouching stilly,—
As the wild boar, with ragged tusks of anger,—
As the wolf-dog, with teeth of glittering clangour,—
As the vultures that scream against the thunder,—
As the owlets that sit and mo n asunder,—

Thus,-and thus !

Eva. Adam ! God !

Adam. Ye cruel, cruel, unrelenting Spirits!
By the power in me of the sovran coul,
Whose thoughts keep pace yet with the angels' march,
I charge you into silence—trample you
Down to obedience.—I am king of you!

Earth Spirits.

Ha, ha! thou art king! With a sin for a crown. And a soul undone: Thou, who antagonised. Tortured and agonised. Art held in the ring Of the zodiac! Now, king, beware! We are many and strong, Whom thou standest among. And we press on the air, And we stiffe thee back. And we multiply where Thou wouldst trample us down From rights of our own To an utter wrong-And, from under the feet of thy scorn, O forlorn !

We shall spring up like corn, And our stubble be strong. Adam. God, there is power in Thee! I'make appeal Unto Thy kingship.

Eve. There is pity in Thee,
O sinned against, great God!—My seed, my seed,
There is hope set on Thee—I cry to Thee,
Thou mystic seed that shalt be!—leave us not
In agony beyond what we can bear,
And in debasement below thunder-mark
For Thine arch-image—taunted and perplext
By all these creature we ruled yesterday,
Whom Thou, Lord, rulest alway. O my Seed,
Through the tempestuous years that rain so thick
Betwirt my gho-tly vision and Thy face,
Let me have token! for my soul is bruised
Before the serpent's head.

[A rision of CHRIST appears in the midst of the sodiac, which pales before the heavenly light. The Earth Spirits grow greyer and fainter.

CHRIST. LO, I AM HERE!

Adam. This is God !- Curse us not, God, any more.

Eve. But gazing so—so—with omnific eyes,
Lift my soul upward till it touch Thy feet!
Or lift it only,—not to seem foo proud,—
To the low height of some good angel's feet,—
For such to tread on, when he walketh straight,
And Thy leps praise him.

CHRIST. Spirits of the earth,
I meet you with rebuke for the reproach
And crael and unmitigated blame
Ye cast upon your masters. True, they have sinned;
And true, their sin is rekoned into loss
For you the sinless. Yet, your innocence,
Which of you praises? since God made your acts
Inherent in your lives, and bound your hands.
With instincts and imperious sanctities,
From self-defacement? Which of you distains
These sinners, who, in falling, proved their height
Abovy you, by their liberty to sall?

And which of you complains of loss by them. bor who-e delight and use ye have your life And honour in creation? Ponder it: This recent and sublime Humanity. Though fillen, exceeds you! this shall film your sun,-Shall hunt your lightning to its lair of cloud,-Turn back your rivers, footpath all your seas. Lay flat your forests, master with a look Your lion at his fasting, and fetch down Your eagle flying. Nav. with at alie rule Of mandom, ye would perish, -breat by beast Devouring; tree by tree, with strangling roots And trunks set tuskwise. Ye would gaze on God With imperceptive blankness up the stars, And mutter, "Why, God, hast Thou made us thus?" And, pining to a sallow idea y, Stagger up blindly against the ends of life; Then stagnate into rottenness, and drop Heavily-poor, dead matter-piecemeal down The aby-mal spaces—like a little stone Let fall to chaos. Therefore, over you. Accept this sceptre: therefore be content To minister with voluntary grace And melancholy pardon, every rite And service in you, to this sceptred hand. Be ye to mar as angels he to God. Servants in pleasure, singure of delight. Suggesters to his soul of righer things Than any of your highest. So, at last, He shall look round on you, with hids too straight To hold the grateful tears, and thank you well: And bless you when he prays his ecret prayers, And praise you when he sings his open songs. For the clear song-note he has leaunt in you. Of purifying sweetness; and extend Across your head his golden fantasies, Which glorify you into soul from sense! Go, serve him for such price. That not in vain:

Nor yet ignobly ye shall serve, I place
My word here for an oath, mine oath for act
To be hereafter. In the name of which
Perfect redemption and perpetual grace,
I bless you through the hope and through the peace,
Which are mine,—to the Love, which is myself.

Eve. Speak on still, Christ. Albeit Thou bless me not In set word, I am blessed in hearkening Thee— Speak, Christ.

CHEER. Spe k, Adam. Bless the woman, man-

It is thing office.

Adam. Mother of the world,
Take heart before this Presence. Rise, aspire
Unto the calms and magnanimities,
The lofty uses, and the roble ends,
The contribed devotion and full work,
To which then are elect for evermore,
First woman, wite, and mother.

Ere. And first in sin.

Adom. And also the sole bearer of the Seed Whereby sin dieth! Raise the majesties Of thy discousolate brows, O well-beloved, And front with level eveluis the To come. And all the dark o' the world. Behold I my voice, Which, naming erst the creatures, did express,-God breathing through my breath, -the attributes And instincts of each creature in its name : Floats to the same atflatus,—floats and heaves Lian a water-weed that opens to a wave. -A full-leaved prophecy affecting thee, Out fairly and wide. Henceforward, woman, rise To thy peculiar and best altitudes Of doing good and of enduring ill,-Of comforting for ill, and teaching good, And reconciling all that ill and good Unto the patience of a constant hope,-Rise with thy daughters ! If sin came by thee. And by sur death, - the ransom-righteousness.

The heavenly life and compensative rest Shall come by means of thee. If wee by thee Had issue to the world, thou shalt ge forth An angel of the woe thou didst achieve Found acceptable to the world instead Of others of that name, of whose bright steps Thy deed stripped bare the hills. Be satisfied; Something thou hast to bear through woman hood-Peculiar suffering answerit, to the ain; Some pang paid down for each new human life; Some weariness in guarding such a life-Some coldness from the guarded; some mistrust From those thou bast too well served; from those beloved Too loyally, some treason: feebleness Within thy heart, and cruelty without; And pressures of an alien Lyranny. With 1t4 dynastic reasons of larger bones And stronger sinews. But, go to! thy love Shall chant itself its own beatitudes. After its own life-working. A child's kiss. Set on thy sighing lips, shall make thee glad: A poor man, served by thee, shall make thee rich: An old man, helped by thee, shell make thee strong: Thou shalt be served thyself by every sense Of service which thou renderest. Such a crown I set upon thy head,—Christ witnessing With looks of prompting love-to keep thee clear Of all reproach against the sin foregone, From all the generations which succeed. Thy hand which plucked the apple, I clasp close: Thy lips which spake wrong counsel, I kess close,-I bless thee in the name of Paradiee, And by the memory of Edenic joys Forfeit and lost ;--- by that last cypress tree Green at the gate, which thrilled as we came out : And by two blessed nightingale, which threve Its melancholy music after us ;-And by the flowers, whose spirits full of smells

Did follow softly, plucking us behind
Back to the gradual banks and vernal bowers
And fourfold river-courses:—by all these,
Libles thee to the contraries of these;
I bless thee to the desert and the thorns,
To the elemental change and turbulence,
And to the roar of the estranged beasts,
And to the solemn dignities of grict,—
To each one of these ends,—and to this END
Of Death and the here; ster!

Eve. I accept For me and for my daughters this high part, Which lowly shall be counted. Nobie work Shall hold me in the place of garden-rest; And in the place of Eden's lost delight, Worthy endurance of permitted pain; While on my longest patience there shall wait Death's speechless angel, smiling in the east Whence cometh the cold wind. I bow myself Humbly henceforward on the ill I did. That humbleness may keep it in the shade. Shall it be so? Shall I smile, saying so? O seed! O King! O God, who shalt be seed,-What shall I say? As Eden's fountains swelled Brightly betwixt their banks, so swells my soul Betwixt Thy love and power !

And, sweetest thoughts
Of foregone Eden I now, for the first time
Since God'saul "Adam," walking through the trees,
I dare to pluck you, as I plucked erewhile
The lily or pink, the rose or heliotrope,
So pluck I you—so largely—with both hands,—
And throw you forward on the outer earth
Wherein we are cast out, to sweeten it.

Adam. As Thou, Ghrist, to illume it, holdest Heaven Broadly above our heads.

[The CERRER is gradually transfigured during the following
"" phrases of dialogus, into humanity and suffering.

O Saviour Christ. Eve. Thou standest mute in glory, like the sun. Adam. We worship in Thy silence, Seviour Christ Eve. Thy brows grow grander with a forecast woe,-Diviner, with the possible of Death ! We worship in Thy sorrow, Saviour Christ.

Adam. How do Thy clear, still eyes transpierce our souls As gazing through them towards the Pather throne, In a pathetical, full Denty, Serenely as the stars gaze through the air

Straight on each other. Eo  $\cdot$ . O pathetic Christ.

Thou standest mute in glory, like the moon. CHRIST. Eternity stands alway fronting God: A stern colossal image, with blind eves. And grand dim lips, that murmur evermore God, God, God! while the rush of life and death. The roar of act and thought, of evil and good,-The avalanches of the ruining worlds Toiling down space,—the new worlds' genesis l'udding in fire, - the gradual humming growth Of the ancient atoms, and first forms of earth, The slow procession of the swathing seas and firmamental waters,—and the noise Of the broad, fluent strata of pure airs.— All these flow onward in the intervals Of that resterant, solemn sound of -Gop! Which word, innumerous angels straightway lift High on celestial altitudes of song. And choral adoration, and then drop The burden softly; shutting the last notes Hushed up in silver wings! I'the noon of time. Nathless, that mystic-lipped Eternity Shall wax as silent-dumb as Death himself. While a new voice beneath the apheres shall cry, "God! why hast Thou forsaken me, my God!" And not a voice in Heaven shall answer it.

The transfiguration is complete in sadgen.

Adam. Thy speech is of the Heaveniles; yet, O Christ, Awfully human are Thy voice and face !

Eve. My nature overcomes me from Thins eyes.

CHRIST. Then, in the noon of time, shall one from Heaven.

An angel fresh from looking upon God,
Descend before a woman, blessing her
With perfect benediction of page love,"
For all the world in all its elements;
For all the creatures of earth, air, and sea;
For all men in the body and in the soul,
Unto all ends of glory and sanctity.

Eve. O pale, pathetic Christ—I worship Thee:
I thank Thee for that woman |

CHRISE For, at last. I, wrapping round me your humanity. Which, being sustained, shall neither break nor burn Beneath the fire of Godhead, will tread earth, And ransom you and it, and set strong peace Betwixt you and its creatures. With my pangs 2 I will confront your sins: and since your sins Have sunken to all Nature's heart from yours. The tears of my clean soul shall follow them, And set a holy passion to work clear Absolute consecration. In my brow Of kingly whitefless, shall be crowned anew Your discrowned-human nature. Look on me As I shall be uplifted on a cross In darkness of eclipse and anguished dread, Se shall I lift up in my pierced hands, Not into dark, but light-not unto death. But life,-beyond the reach of guilt and grief, The whole creation. Henceforth in my name . Take courage, O thou woman, -man, take hope ? Your graves shall be as smooth as Eden's sward. Beneath the steps of your prospective thoughts And, one step past them, a new Eden outs " Shall open on a hinge of harmony,

And let you through to mercy. Ye shall fall
No more, within that Eden, nor pass out
Any more from it. In which hope, move on,
First sinners and first mourners. Live and love,—
Doing both nobly, because lowlily;
Live and work, strongly,—because patiently!
And, for the deed of death, trust it to God,
That it be well done, un epented of,
And not to loss. And thence, with constant prayers
Fasten your souls so high, that constantly
The smile of your heroic cheer may float
Above all floods of earthly agonies,
Purification being the joy of pain!

[The vision of CHRIST ranishes. ADAM and EVE stand in an ecstasy. The earth-zodiac pales away shade by shade, as the stan, star by star, whine out in the sky and the following of out from the two Earth Spirits (as they sweep back into the zodiac and disappear with it) accompanies the process of change.

Earth Spirits.

By the mighty word thus spoken

Both for living and for dying,

We, our homage oath, once breken,

Fasten back again in sighing;

nd the creature and the elements renew their covenanting.

Here, forgive us all our scorping;
Here, we promise nulder duty;
And the evening and the morning
Shall re-organise in beauty,

A sabbath day in sabbath joy, for universal chanting.

And if, still, this melancholy
May he strong to overcome us;
If this mortal and unholy,

And we turn upon you, unaware, your own dark influences; If ye tremble, when surrounded
By our forest pine and palm trees;
If we cannot cure the wounded

With our marjoram and balm trees;

And if your souls, all mournfully, sit down among your senses.—

Yet, O mortals, do not fear us,—
We are gentle in our languor;;
And more good ye shal have near us,
Than any pain or anger;

And our God's refracted blessing, in our blessing, shall be given;

By the desert's endless vigil,
We will solemnise your passions;
By the wheel of the black eagle
We will teach you exaltations,

When he sails against the wind, to the white spot up in Heaven,

Ye shall find us tender nurses
To your weariness of nature;
And our hands shall stroke the curse's
Dreary furrows from the creature.

Till your bodies shall lie smooth in death, and straight and slumberful:

Then, a couch we will provide you,
Whore no summer heats shall dazzle;
Strewing on you and beside you
The thyme and the sweet basil—

And the cypress shall grow overhead, to keep all safe and cool.

Till the Holy blood awaited Shall be chrism around us running, Whereby, newly-consecrated,

• We shall leap up in God's sunning,
To join the spheric company, where the pure 'shalds as\* semble;

While, renewed by new evangels,
Soul-consummated, made glorious,
Ye shall brighten past the angels—
Ye shall kneel to Christ victorious;
and the rays around His feet, beneath your sobbing lips,
thall tremble.

[The phantastic vision has all presed; the earth-sodiac has troken like a belt, and desolved from the desert. The Barth Spirits vanish, and the stars shire out above, bright and mild.

#### CHORUS OF INVISIBLE ANGELS.

While ADAM and EVE advance into the desert, hand in hand.

Hear our heavenly promise. Through your mortal passion! Love, ye shall have from v. In a pure relation! As a fish or hird Swims or flies, if moving, We, unseen, are heard To live on by loving. Far above the glances Of your eager eyes, Listen! we are loving! Listen, through man's ignorances--Listen, through God's mysteries-Listen down the heart of things, Ye shall hear our mystic wings Rustle with our loving ! Through the opal door, Listen evermore How we live by loving.

First semichorus.

When your bodies, therefore, Lie in grave or good, Sofisty will we care for Each enfranchised soul i Softly and unlothly,
Through the door of opal,
We will draw you soothly
Toward the Heavenly people.
Floated on a minor fine
Into the full chant divine,
We will draw you smoothly,—
While the human in the minor
Makes the harmony diviner:
Listen to our loving!

#### Second semichorus.

Then a sough of glory
Shall your entrance greet,
Buffling, round the doorway,
The smooth radiance it shall meet.
From the Heavenly throned centre
Heavenly voices shall repeat—
"Souls redeemed and pardoned, enter;
For the chrism on you is sweet."
And every angel in the place
Lowlily shall bow his face,
Folded fair on softened sounds,
Because upon your hands and feet
He thinks he sees his Master's wounds:
Listen to our loving.

# First semichorus.

So, in the universe's

Cons.mmated undoing,

Our angels of white mercies

Shall hover round the ruin!

Their wings shall stream upon the finme,
As if incorporate of the same,
In elemental fusion.;

And calm their faces shall burn out,

With a pale and mastering thought,

And a stedfast looking of desire,

From out between the clefts of fire,

While they cry, in the Holy's name.

To the final Restitution! Listen to our loving!

#### Second semichorus.

So, when the day of God is To the thick graves accompted;
Awaking the dead bodi's,
The angel of the trumpet
Shall split the charnel earth
To the roots of the grave,
Which never before were clackened;
And quicken the charnel birth,
With his blast so clear and brave;
Till the Dead all stand erect,—
And every face of the burial-place
Shall the awful, single look, reflect,
Wherewith he them awakened.
Listen to our loving!

#### First semichorus.

But wild is the horse of Death!

He will leap up wild at the clamour
Above and beneath;
And where is his Tamer
On that last day,
When he crieth, Ha, ha!
To the trumpet's evangel,
And paweth the earth's Aceldama?
When he 'osteth his head,'
The drear-white steed,
And champeth athwart the last moon-ray,—
Oh, where is the angel
Can lead him away,

That the living may rule for the Dead ?

Yet a TAMER shall be found !
One more bright than seraphs crowned,
And more strong than sherub bold;
Milder, too, than angel old,
By his grey eternities,—

He shall master and surprise
The steed of Death,
For He is strong, and He is fain;
He shall quell him with a breath,
And shall lead him where He will,
With a whisper in the ear,
Which it alone can hear—
Full of fear—
And a hand upon the mane,
Grand and still.

\*First semichorus.

Through the flats of Hades, where the souls assemble, HE will guide the Death-steed, calm between their ranks; While, like-beaten dogs, they a little mean and tremble To see the darkness curdle from the horse's glittering flanks. Through the flats of Hades, where the dreary shade is,—Up the steep of Heaven, will the Tamer guide the steed,—Up the spheric circles—circle above circle, We, who count the ages, shall count the tolling tread—Every hoof-fall striking a blinder, blanker sparkle From the stony orbs, which shall show as they were dead.

\* Second semichorus.

All the way the Death-steed, with numfled hoofs, shall travel, Ashen grey the planets shall be motionless as stones; Loosely shall the systems eject their parts conval,—Stagnant in the spaces shall float the pallid moons; And suns that touch their apogees, rading from their level, Shall run back on their axles, in wild, low, broken tunes.

\*\*Chorug.\*\*

Up against the arches of the crystal ceiling, Shall the horse's nostrils steam the blurting breath; Up between the angels pale with silent feeling, Will the Tamer, calmly, 'lead the horse of death.

Semichorus

Cleaving all that silence, cleaving all that glory,
Will the Tamer lead hin straightway to the Throne:
"Look out, O'Jehovah, to this I bridg before Theo,
With a hand nail-pierced,—I, who am Thy Son."

Then the Eye Divinest, from the Deepest, flaming, On the horse eyes feeding, shall burn out their fire: Blind the beast shall stagger, where It overcame him,—Meek as lamb at pasture—bloodless in desire—Down the beast shall shiver,—Iain amid the taming,—And, by Life essential, the phantasm Death expire.

A Voice. Gabriel, thou Gabriel!

Another Voice. What would thou with me?

First Voice. I heard thy vices sound in the angels' song; .
And I would give thee question.

Second Voice. Question me

First Voice. Why have I called thrice to my morning star And had no answer? All the stars are out, And round the earth, upon their selver lives, wheel out the mune of the inner life, And answer in their places. Only in vain I cast my voice against the outer rays Of my star, shut in light behind the sun! No more raply than from a breaking string, Breaking when touched. Or is she not my star? Where is my star -my star? Have ye cast down Her glory like my glory! Has she waved Mortal, like Adam? Has she learnt to hate lake any angel?

Scrond Voice. She is sad for thee:
All things grow sadder to thee, one by one.
Chorus. Live, work on, O Earthy!

By the Actual's tension,
Speed the arrow worthy
Of a pure ascension.
From the low earth round you,
Reach the heights above you;
From the stripes that wound you,
Stek the loves that love you;
God's divinest burneth plain

Through the crystal diaphane
Of our loves that love you. 1

First Voice. Gabriel, O Gabriel!

Second Voice. What wouldst thou with me?
First Voice. Is it true, O thou Gabriel, that the crown

Of sorrow which I claimed, another claims?

That HE claims THAT too?

Second Voice. Lost one, it is true.

First Voice. That HE will be an exile from His Heaven,

To lead those exiles homeward?

Second Voice. It is true.

First Voice. That HE will be an exile by His will,

As 1 by finne election?

Second Voice. It is true.

First Voice. That I shall stand sole exile finally,-

Made desolate for fruition?

Second Voice.

. It is true.

First Voice. Gabriel!

Second Voice. I hearken.

First Voice. Is it true besides—

Aright true-that mine orient star will give

Her name of "Bright and Morning-Star" to HIM.

And take the fairness of His virtue back, To cover loss and sadness?

Second Voice.

It is true.

First Voice. Unique, Unique! O Morning-Star! O MIME! Who sittest secret in a veil of light.

Far up the starry spaces, say—Untrue!

To Tyrrhene waters! I am Lucifer-

[A pause. Silence in the stars.

All things grow sadder to me, one by one.

Chorus. Exiled Hunan creatures.

Let your hope grow larger!

Larger grows the vision

Of the new delight.

From this chain of Nature's.

God is the Discharger;

And the Actual's prison

Opens to your sight.

#### Semuchorus.

Calm the stars and golden, In a light exceeding. What then rays have measured. Let your hearts fulfil! These are stary beholden By your eyes in Eden; Yet, across the desert. See them skining still. Chorus. Future joy and far light Working such relations,-Hear us singing gently -Exiled is not list! God, above the starlight. God, above the patience. Shall at last present ve Guerdons worth the co.t. Patiently enduring. Painfully surrounded, Listen how we love you -Hope the uttermost-Waiting for that curing Which exalts the wounded. Hen us sing above you ---EXILED, BUT NOT LOST !

[The stars shine on brightly, while Atlan and Eve pursue the way into the far iniderness. There is a sound through t silence, as of the falling tears of an angel





# Sonnets.

# THE SOUL'S EXPRESSION.

Wrrn stammering lips and insufficient sound,
I strive and struggle to deliver right
That music of my nature, day and night
With dream and thought and feeling, interwound;
And inly answering all the senses round
With octaves of a mystic depth and height,
Which step out grandly to the infinite
From the dark edges of the sensual ground!
This song of soul I struggle to outbear
Through portals of the sense, sublime and whole,
And utter all myself into the air:
But if I did it,—as the thunder-roll
Breaks its own cloud,—my flesh would perish there,
Before that dread apocalypse of soul.

# THE SERAPH AND POET.

The scraph sings before the manifest God-one, and in the burning of the Seven, And with the full life of consummate Heaven Heaving beneath him like a mother's breast Warm with her first born's slumber in that next he poet sings upon the earth grave riven. Before the naughty world soul and in the first poet for wronging him; and in the district press press.

Figure his own soul by worldly weights. Even so, Sing, scraph with the glory! Heaven is high—Sing, poet with the sorrow! Earth is low! The universe's inward voices cry "Amen" to either song of joy and woo—Sing scraph,—poet,—sing on equally.

# ON A PORTRAIT OF WORDSWORTH, BY B. R. HAYDON.

Wordswork upon Helvellyn! Let the cloud Ebb andibly along the mountain-wind, Then break against the rock, and show behind The lewland vallets floating up to crowd The sense with beauty. He, with for shead bowed And humble-lidded eyes, as one inclined Before the section thought of his own mind, And very meek with inspirations proud,—Takes here his rightful place as poet-priest By the high alter, singing prayer and prayer To the higher Hervens! A noble vision free, Om Haydon's hand bath flung out from the mist! No portrait this, with Academic air—This is the poet and his poetry.

# PAST AND FUTURE.

My future will not copy fair my past
On any leaf but Heaven's. Be fully done,
Supernal Will! I would not fain be one
Who, satisfying thirst and breaking fast
Upon the fulness of the heart, at last
Saith no grace after meet. My wine heft run
Inder? out of my cup, and there is none
To gather up the bread of my repast

Scattered and trampled! Yet I find some good, In earth's green herbs, and streams that bubble up Clear from the darkling ground,—content until I sit with angels before better food.

Dear Christ! when Thy new vintage fills my cup, This hand shall shake no more, nor that wine spill.

#### IRREPARABLENESS.

I HAVE been in the meadows all the day
And gathered there the nosegay that you see;
Singing within the welf as bird or bee,
When such do field-work on a morn of May:
But now I look upon my flowers,—decay
Hath met them in my hinds, more fatally,
Because more warmly clasped; and sobs are free
To come instead of songs, What do you say,
Sweet counsellors, dear thends? that I should go
Back straightway to the fields, and gather more?
Another, sooth, may do it,—but not I!
My heart is very tired—my strongth is low—
My hand, are full of blossons plucked before,
Held dead within them till myself shall die.

# , TEARS.

THANK God, bless God, all ye who suffer not
More grief than ye can weep for. That is well—
That is light grieving! lighter, none beful,
Since Adam forfested the primal lot.
Tears! what are tears? The babe wasps in its well.
The mother singing: at her marriage half,
The bride wasps; and before the chille.
Of high-funed hills, the poet hath darget

That more on his cheeks. Command the grace,
Mou very, who weep! Albert, as some have done,
Ye grope tear-blinded, in a desert place,
And touch but tombs,—look up! Those tears will run
Soon, in long rivers, down the lifted face,
And leave the vision clear for stare and sun.

#### GRIEF.

I TELL you, hopeless grief is passionless—
That only men incredulous of despair,
Half-taught in anguish, through the midnight air,
Beat upward to God's throne in loud access
Of shricking and reproach. Full desertness
In souls, as countries, heth silent-barë
Under the blenching, vertical eve-glare
Of the absolute Heavens: Doug hearted man, express
Grief for thy Dead in silence like to death;
Most like a monumental statue set
In everla-ting watch and moveless woe,
Till itself crumble to the dust beneath!
Touch it! the marble eyelids are not wet—
If it could weep, it could arise and go.

#### SUBSTITUTION.

WHEN some beloved voice that was to you
Both sound and sweetness, faileth suddenly,
And silence against which you dare not try,
Aches round you like a strong drease and new—
What hope? what help? what music will undo
That silence to your sense? Not friendship's sigh—
Not ason's subtle count! Not melody
Of viols, nor of pipes that Faunus blew—

Not songs of poets, nor of nightingales,
Whose hearts leap upward through the sypress trees
To the clear moon; nor yet the spheric laws \*\*
Self-chanted,—nor the angels' sweet All hails,
Met in the smile of God. Nay, none of these.
Speak Thou, availing Christ!—and fill this pause.

# COMFORT.

STEAR low to me, my Saviour, low and sweet, From out the hallelujahs, sweet and low, Lest I should fear and fall, and miss Thee so Who art not missed by any that entreat. Speak to me as to Mary at Thy feet.

And if no precious guins my hands bestow, Let my tears drop like amber, while I go In reach of Thy divinest voice complete In humanest affection—thus, in sooth To lose the sense of losing. As a child, Whose song-bird seeks the wood for evermore, Is sung to in its stead by mether's mouth; Till, sinking on her breast, love-reconciled, He sleeps the faster that he wept before

# PFRPLEXED MUSIC.

EXPERIENCE, like a pale musician, holds
A dulsimer of patience in his hand;
Whence harmonies we cannot understand,
Of God's will in His worlds, the strein unfolds!
In ead, perplaced minors. Deathly colds
Fall on us while we hear and counterment
Our sanguine heart back from the breathly;
With nightingales in visionary welds.

We murnur,—"Where is any certain tune
Or measured music, in such notes as these?"—
But angels, leaning from the golden seat,
Are not so minded! their fine ear hath won
The issue of completed cadences;
And, smiling down the stars, they whisper—Sweet.

#### WORK. '

What are we set on earth for? Say, to toil—Nor seek to deave thy tending of the vines. For all the heat o' the day, 'till it declines, And Death's mild curfew shall from work assoil. God did anoint thee with His odorous oil, To wie-tle, not to reign; and He assigns All thy tears over, like pure crystallines, For younger fellow-workers of the soil To wear for amulets. So others shall Take patience, labour, to their hearts and hands, From thy hands, and thy heart, 'and thy brave cheer, And God's grace muctify through thee to all. The least flower, with a brimming cup, may stand, And share it-dew-drop with another near.

#### **FUTURITY.** .

Ann, O beloved voices, upon which
Ours passionately call, because erelong
Ye brake off in the middle of that song
We sang together softly, to enrich
The poor world with the sense of love, and witch
The heart out of things evil,—I am strong,—
Knowing ye are not lost for aye among
The hills, with last year's thrush. God keeps a hishe

In Heaven to hold our idole! and albeit He brake them to our faces, and denied That our close kisses should anpair their white,— I know we shall behold them raised, complete,— The dust shook from their beauty,—glorified New Memnons singing in the great God-light.

# THE TWO SAYINGS.

Two sayings of the Holy Scriptures beat
Like pulses, in the Church's brow and breast,
And, by them, we fird rest in our unrest,
And, heart-deep in salt tears, do yet entreat
God's fellowship, as if on Heavenly seat.
One is, Ann Jesus were,—whereon is prest
Full many a sobbing face that drops its best
And sweetest waters on the record sweet:—
And one is, where the Christ denied and scorned
LOOKED UPON PETER! Oh, to render plain,
By help of having loved a little, and mourned,—
That look of sovran love and sovran pain,
Which He who could not ain, yet suffered, turned
On him who could reject, but not sustain!

# THE LOOK.

THE Saviour looked on Peter. Ay, no word—
No gesture of reproach! The Heavens screne,
Though heavy with armed justice, did not lean
Their thunders that way! The forsaken Lord
Looked only, on the traitor. None record
What the tlook was; none guess: for those who have seen
Wronged lovers loving through a leath-page keen,
Or pale-chacked martyrs smiling to a sword,

Have mixed Jehovah at the judgment-call!
And Peter, from the height of blasphemy—
"I never knew this man"—did quail and fall,
As knowing straight THAT God,—and turned free,
And went out speechless from the face of all,
And filled the silence, weeping bitterly.

# THE MEANING OF THE LOOK.

I THINK that look of Christ might seem to say—"Thou Peter! art thou then a common stone Which I at last must break my heart upor, For all God's charge, to His high angels, may Guard my foot better? Did I yesterday Wash thy feet, my beloved, that they should run Quick to deny me 'neath the morning-sun,—And do thy kisses, like the rest, betray?—The cock crows coldly.—Go, and manifest A late contrition, but no bootless fear! For when thy deathly need is bitterest, Thou shalt not by denied, as I am here—My voice, to God and angels; shall attest,—Decause I know this man, let him be clear."

# A THOUGHT FOR A LONELY DEATH-BED.\*

If God compel thee to this destiny,
To die slone,—with none beside thy bed.
To ruftle round with sebs thy last word said,
And mark with tears the pulses ebb from thee,—
Then pray alone—"O Christ, some tentierly!
By Thy forsaken Sonship,—and the red.

. Written at the request of my friend Miss Cookell, to whom it is inscribed.

Drear wine-press,—and the wilderness out-pread,—And the lone garden where Thine agony
Fell bloody from Thy brow,—by all of those
Permitted desolations, comfort mine!
No earthly friend being near me, interpose
No deathly angel 'twist my face and Thine;
But stoop Thyself to gather my life's rose,
And spile away my mortal to dispas."

#### WORK AND CONTEMPLATION.

THE Woman singeth at her spinning-wheel
A pleasant chant, bulled or barcarolle;
She thinketh of her song, upon the whole,
Far more than of her flax; and yet the reel
Is full, and artfully her fingers feel
With quick adjustment, provident controul,
The lines, too subtly twisted to unroll,
Out to a perfect thread. I hence appeal
To the dear Chintian Church—that we may do
Our Father's business in these temples mirk,
Thus, swift and stedfast; thu, intent and strong;
While, thus, apart from tool, our souls pursue
Some high, calm, spheric tune, and prove our work
The better for the sweetness of our song.

#### PAIN IN PLEASURE.

A THOUGHT lay like a flower upon mire And drew ground it other thoughts lill For multitude, and thirst of sweetnes: Whereat rejoicing, I desired the art Of the Check whistler, who to what and mis Could lure those insect swarms from orange-

That I might have with me such thoughts, and please My soul so, always. Foolish counterpart

Of a weak man's vain wishes! While I spoke,

The thought I called a flower, grew nettle-rough—

The thoughts called bees, stung me to festering.

Oh, entertain (cried Reason, as she woke,)

Your best and gladdest thoughts but long enough,

And they will all prove sad enough to sting.

#### AV APPREHENSION.

Ir all the gentlest-hearted friends I know Concentred in one heart their gentleness. That still grow gentler, till its pulse was less. For life than pity,—I should yet be slow. To bring my own heart nakedly below. The palm of such a friend, that he should press Motive, condition, means, appliances, My false ideal joy and fickle wee, Cut full to light and knowledge. I should fear Some plait between the brows—some rougher chime in the free voice . . . . O angels, let your flood Of bitter scorn dash on me! Do ye hear. What I say, who bear calmly all the time. This everlasting face-to-face with God?

#### DISCONTENT.

Incura human nature is too lightly tost
And ruffied without cause; complaining carRestless with rest—until, being overthrown,
It learnest to lie quiet. Let a frost
Or a small wasp have crept to the innermest
Of our ripe peach; or let the wilful sun

Shine westward of our window,—straight we run A'furlong's sigh, as if the world were lost. But what time through the heart and through the brain God hath transfixed us,—we, so moved before, Attain to a calm! Ay, shouldering weights of pain, We anchor in deep waters, safe from shore; And here, submissive, o'er the stormy main, God's chartered judgments walk for evermore.

# PATIENCE TAUGHT BY NATURE.

"O DREADY life!" we cry, "O dreary life!"
And still the generations of the birds
Sing through our sighing, and the flocks and herds
Serenely live while we are, keeping strife
With Heaven's true purpose in us, as a knife
Against which we may struggle. Ocean girds
Unslackened the dry land: "wannah swards
Unweary sweep: hills watch, unworn; and rife
Meek leaves drop yearly from the forest-trees,
To show; above, the unwasted stays that pass
In their old glory. Osthou God of old!
Grant me some smaller grace than comes to these;—
But so much patience, as a blade of grass
Grows by contented through the heat and cold.

# \* CHEFRFULNESS TAUGHT BY REASON.

I THINK we are too ready with complaint
In this fair world of God's. Had we no hope
Indeed beyond the zenith and the slope
Of you grey blank of sky, we might be faint
To muse upon eternity's constraint
Bound our aspirant souls. But since the scope

Must widen early, is it well to droop,
For a few days consumed in loss and taint?
O presiliarimous Heart, be comforted,—
And like a cheerful traveller take the road—
Singing beads the hedge—What if the bread
Be bitter in thine into, and thou unshed
To meet the flints l—At least it may be said,
'Because the vay is sheet, I thank Thee, God!"

#### EXAGGIRATION.

WE overstate the ills of he, and take Imaginate in, given us to bring down. The chars of singing an ills overshone. By God of a glory,—down our carth to rake The draind snow instead, flake following flake To cover all the corn. We walk upon The shills no ossa level thrown, And part like climbers. Near the alderbrake We sight o loud the nightingale within Refuses to sing loud, as else she would. O brothers let us have the shame and sin Of taking vainly, in a plaintive mood, The holy name of Griff the holy herein, That, by the grief of Oni, capse all our wood.

# ADEQUACY.

Now by the vildure on thy thousand hills, Beloved England,—doth the earth appear Quite noble enough for men to overbear The will of God in, with rebellious wills! We cannot say the morning-sun fulfils \* In-lonously its course, nor that the clear

Strong stars, without significance, insphere Our habitation. We, meantime, our ill-, Heap up against this good; and lift a cry Against this work-day world, this ill-spread feast, As-if ourselves were better certainly Than what we come to. Maker and High Priest, I ask Thee not my joys to multiply,—Only to make me worthier of the least.

#### TO GEORGE SAND.

#### A DESIRE.

Thou large-brained woman and large-braited man, Self-called George Sand! whose soul, amid the lions Of thy tumultions senses, means defiance, And answers roar for roar, as spirits care. I would some mild miraculous thunder ran Above the applanded circus, in appliance Of thine own nobler nature's strength and science,—Drawing two pinions, white as wings of swan, From thy strong shoulders, to answe the place With hoher light. That thou to woman's claim, And man's, might join beside the angel's grace Of a pure genius sanctified from blame; Till child and maiden pressed to thine embrace, To kus upon thy lips a stainless fame.

# TO GEORGE SAND.

#### A RECOGNITION.

True genius, but true woman! dost deny Thy women's nature with a manly scorn, And break away the gauds and armets worn By weaker women in captivity? Ah vaiu denial! that revolted cry
Is sobbed in by a woman's voice forlorn.—
Thy woman's hair, my sister, all unshort,
Floats back dishevelled strength in agony,
Disproving thy man's name. And while before
The world thou burned in a poet fire,
We see thy woman-heart beat everyone
Through the large flame. Beat purer, heart, and higher,
Till God unsex thee on the spirit-shore;
To which alone unsexing, purely aspire

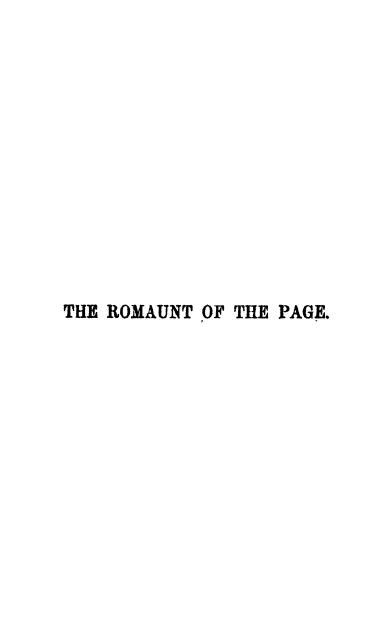
# THE PRISONER.

I COUNT the dismal time by months and years, Since last I feet the green sward under toot, And the great breath of all things summer-mute Met nane upon my lips. Now earth appears As strange to meast dreams of distant spheres, Or thoughts of Heaven we weep at! Nature's lute Sounds on behind this door so do ely shut, A strange, wild meast to the prisoner's ears, Pulated by the distance, till the brain Grows dim with fance which it feels too fine; Wealth ever, with a visionary pain, Past the prediaded senses, sweep and shine Streams, forests, glades,—and many a golden train Of sunfit hills, transfigured to Divine.

# INSUFFICIENCY.

WHEN I attain to utter forth in verse Some inward thought, my soul throbs audibly Along my pulses, yearning to be free And something farther, fuller, higher, rehearse, To the individual, true, and the universe,
In consummation of right harmony!
But, like a dreary wind against a tree,
We are blown against for ever by the curse
Which breathes through nature. Oh, the world is weak—
The effluence of each is false to all;
And what we best conceive, we fail to speak.
Wait, soul, until thine ashen garments fall!
And then resume thy broken strains, and seek
Fit peroration, without let or thrall.







# The Romaunt of the Bage.

"The trustiest, loving'st, and the gentlest boy.

That ever master had."

BRAUMONT AND FLETCHER.

A ENIGHT of gallant deeds,
And a young page at his side,
From the holy war in Palestine,
Did slow and thoughtful ride,—
As each were a palmer, and told for beads,
The dews of the eventide.

"O young page," said the knight,
"A noble page art thou!

Thou feare thot to steep in blood
The turks upon thy brow;

And once in the tent, and twice in the fight,
Didst ward me a mortal blow"—

"() brave knight," said the page,
"Or ere we hither came,
. We talked in tent, we talked in field,
Of the bloody battle-game:
But here, below this greenwood bough,
I cannot speak the same.

"Our troop is far behind,
The woodland calm is new;
Our steeds, with slow grass muffled boofs,
Tread deep the shadows through;
And in my mind, some blessing kind
"Is dropping with the dew.

"The woodland calm is pure—
I cannot choose but have
A thought, from these, o' the beechen-trees
Which, in our England, wave;
And of the little finches fine,
Which sau; there, while in Palestine
The warror-hilt we drave.

"Methinks, a moment gone,
I heard my mother pray!
I heard, sir knight, the prayer for me
Wherein she passed away;
And I know the Heavens are leaning down
To near what I shall say."

The page spake calm and high,
As of no mean degree,
Perhaps he felt in nature's broad
Full heart, his own was free!
And the knight looked up to his lifted eye,
Then answered smilingly:—

"Sir page, I pray your grace!
Certes, I meant not so
To cross your pastoral mood, sir page,
With the crook of the battle-bow;
But a knight may speak of a lady's face,
I trow, in any mood or place,
If the graces die or grow.

"And thus, I meant to say,—
My lady's face shall shine
As ladies' faces use, to greet
My page from Palestine:
Or, speak she fair, or prank she gay,
She is no lady of mine.

"And this, I means to fear,— Her bower may suit thee fil! For, sooth, in that same field and tent,
Thy talk was somewhat still:
And fitter thine hand for my knightly spear,
Than thy tongue for my lady's will."

Slowly and thankfully

The young page bowed his head:
His large eyes seemed to muse a smile,
Until he blushed instead;
And no lady in her bower pandic,
Could blush more sudden red—

"Sir knight,—thy lady's bower to me,
J. suited well," he said.

Beati, beats, mortui! From the convent on the sea -One mile off, or scarce as nigh, Swells the duge as clear and high As if that, over brake and lea, Bodily the wind did carry The great aliar of St. Mary, And the fifty tapers burn and o'er it. And the lady-Abbess dead before it .-And the chauting nuns whom yesterweck Her voice did charge and bless -Chanting steady, chanting meek, Chanting with a solomn breath · Because that they are thinking less Upon the Dead than upon death ! Beati, beati, mortui! Now the vision in the sound Wheeleth on the wind around-Now it sweeps aback, away-The uplands will not let it stay To dark the western run. Mortui /-away at last,-Or ere the page's blush is past!

And the knight heard all, and the page heard none.

"A boon, thou noble knight,
If ever I served thee!
Though thou art a knight, and I am a page,
Now grant a boon to me—
And tell me sooth, if dark or bright,
If little loved, or loved aright,
Be the face of thy ladys."

Gloomly looked the knight;—
"As a son thou hast; erved me:
And would to none, I had granted boon,
Except to only thee!
For haply then I should love aright.—
For "nen I should know if dark or bright
Were the face of my bodye.

- "Yet ill it suits my knightly tongue,
  To grudge that granted boon!
  That heavy price, from heart and life,
  I paid in silence down:
  The hand that claimed it, cleared in fine
  My father's fame! I swear by mine,
  That price was nobly won.
- "Earl Walter was a brave old earl,—
  He was my father's friend;
  And while I node the lists at court,
  And little guessed the end,—
  My noble father in his shroud,
  Against a slanderer lying loud,
  He rose up to defend.
- "Oh, calm, below the marble grey,
  My father's dust was strown!
  Oh, meek, above the marble grey,
  His image prayed alone!
  The slanderer lied—the wretch was brave,
  For, looking up the minster-nave,

He saw my father's knightly glaive Was changed from steel to stone.

"But Earl-Walter's glaive was steel,
With a brave old hand to wear it!
And dashed the lie back in the mouth
Which lied against the golly truth
And against the knightly merit!
The landerer, 'neath the even-ser's heel,
Struck up the dagger in appeal
From stealthy lie to brutal force.
And out upon that traitor's core,
Was yielded the true spirit!

"Lowould mine hand had fought that fight,
And justified my father!

I would mine heart had caught that wound,
And slept beside him rather!'

I think it were a better thing
Than murthered friend, and marriage-ring,
Forced on my life together.

"Wail shook Earl Walter's house—
His trine wife shed no tear—
She lay upon her bed as mute
As the cord did on his beer:
Till—'Ride, ride fast,' she said at last,
'And bring the avenged's son anear!
Ride fast—ride free, as a dart can flee;
For white of ble, with waiting for me,
Is the corse in the next chambere.'

"I came—I knelt beside her hed—Her calm was worse than strife—'My husband, for thy father dear, Gave freely, when thou wert not here, His own and eke my life.

A boan! Of that sweet child we make An orphan for thy father's salse, Make thou, for ours, a wife.'

"I said, 'My steed neight in the court;
My lark rocks on the brine;
And the warrior's vow, I am under now,
To free the pilgrim's shrine;
But fetch the ring, and fetch the priest,
And call that daughter of thine;
And rule she wide, from my castle on Nyde,
While I am in Palestine.

"In the dark chambere, if the bride was fair,
Ye wis, I could not see;
But the steed thrice neighed, and the priest fast prayed,
And wedded fast were we.
Her mother smiled upon her bed,
As at its 'de we knelt to wed;
And the bride rose from her knee,—
And kiesed the smile of her mother dead,
Or ever she kissed me.

"My page, my page, what grieves thee so,
That the tears run down thy face?"—
"Alas, alas! mine own sister
Was in thy lady's case!
But she laid down the silks she wore
And followed him she wed before,
Disguised as his true revitor,
To the very battle-place."

And wept the page, and laughed the knight.—
A careless laugh, laughed he:'
"Well done it were for thy sister,
But not for my ladye'
My love, so please you, shall requite
No woman, whether dark or bright,
Unwomaned if she bo."

The page stopped weeping, and smiled cold—
"Your wisdom may declare
That womanh old is proved the best
By golden brooch and glossy vest

The mincing ladies wear:
Yet is it proved, and was of old,
Anear as well—I dare to hold—
By truti, or by despair."

He smiled no more—he wept no more,—
But passionate he spake,—
"Oh, womanly, she prayed in tent,
When none beside did 'rake'
Oh, womanly, she paled in fight,
For one beloyed's sake!—
And her little hand detiled with blood,
Her tender tears of womanhood,
Most woman-pure, did make!"

"Well done it were for thy satir Thou tellest well her tale! But for my lady, she shall pray I' the kirk of Nydesdale— Not dread for me, but love for me, Shall make my lady pale! No casque shall hide her woman's tear— It shall have room to trickle clear Behind her woman's yeil"

"But what if she mistook thy mind,
And followed thes to strife;
Then kneeling, did entreat thy love,
As Paynims ask for life?"
"I would forgive, and overmore
Would love her as my servitor,
But little as my wife.

"Look up—there is a small bright cloud Alone amid the skies! So high, so pure, and so apart, A woman's glory lies."
The page looked up—the cloud was sheen— A sadder cloud did rush I ween, Betwixt it and his eyes: Then dimly dropped his eyes away

From welkin unto hill —

Ifa! who rides there?—the page is 'ware,

Though the cry at his heart is still!

And the page seeth all, and the knight seeth none,

Though banner and spear do fleck the sun,

And the Saracens ride at will.

He speaketh calm, he speaketh low,—

"Ride fast, my master, ride,
Or ere within the broadening dark

The narrow shadows hide!"

"Yes, fast, my page; I will do so;
A, I keep thou at my side."

"Now nay, now nay, ride on thy way,
Thy faithful page precede!
For I must lease on saddle how
My battle-ca que that galls, I trow,
The shoulder of my steed;
And I must pray, as I did vow,
For one in bitter need."

"Ere night I shill be near to thee,— Now ride, my nutter, ride! Ere night, as parted spirits cleave To mort ils too beloved to leave, I hall be at thy side?"

The kinght smiled five at the fantasy, And adown the dell did ride.

Had the knight looked up to the page's face,

No smile the word had won!

Had the knight looked up to the page's face,

ween he had never gone!

Had the knight looked back to the page's geste,

I ween he had turned anon!

For dread was the woe at the face so youn; .

And wild was the silent geste that flung
Casque, sword to earth—as the boy down-sprung,
And stood—alone, alone.

He clenched his hands, as if to hold His soul's great agony—
"Have I renounced my workanhood, For wifehood unto thee?
And is this the last, last look of thine, That ever I shall see?

"Yet God thee save, and mayst the unlave A lady to thy mind;
More woman-proud, and half as true
As one thou leav'st behind!
And God me take with His to dwell—
For Him I cannot love too well,
As I have loved my kind."

She looketh up, in earth's despair,
The hopeful Heavens to see'.!
That little cloud spill floateth there,
Whereof her Loved did speak.
How bright the little cloud appears!
Her eyelids fall upon the tears,—
And the tears, down either cheek.

The tramp of hoof, the fla-h of steel—
The Paynims round her coming!
The sound and sight have made her calin,—
False page, but truthful woman!
She stends amid them all unmoved: a
The heart, once broken by the loved,
Is strong to meet the forman.

"Ho, Christian page! art keeping sheep,
Fir in pouring wine-cups, rosting?"—
"I keep my master's noble name,
For warring, not for feasting:
And if that here Sir Hubert were,
My master brave, my master dear,
Ye would not stay to question."

"Where is thy marker, scornful page,
That we may slay or bind him?"—
'Now search the lea, and search the wood,
And see if ye can find him!
Nathless, as hath been often tried,
Your Paymin heroes faster ride
P fore him than behind him?"

"thre smoother an wers, lying page,
Or perish in the lying."—
"I trow that if the warron brand
Beside inv foot, were in my hand,
'Twere letter at replying."
The verified her deep, they smote her low.
They eleft her golden roughets through:
'The Loving is the Dying.

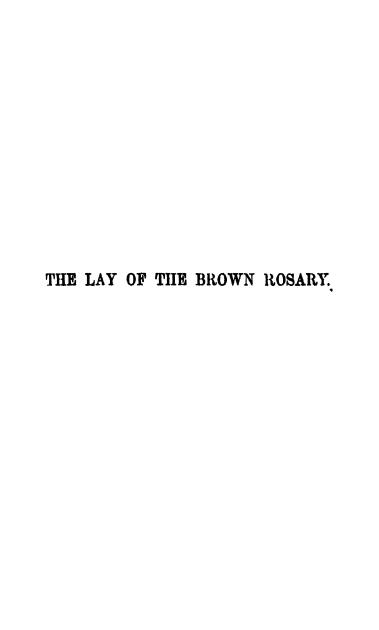
She felt the sematar gleam down,
And met it from beneath, "
With smale more bright in victory
Thin any sword from sheeth, —
Which flacked across her lip serone,
Most like the spirit-light between
The darks of hie and death.

Ingenisco, ingenisco!

'Youn the convent on the sea.
Now it sweepeth solemnly!
she over wood and over lea,
Bodily the wind did carry
The great alter of St. Mary.

And the fifty tapers paling o'er it,
And the Lady Abbess stark before it,
And the weary nuns, with hearts that faintly
Beat along their voices saintly—
Ingenisco, ingenisco!
Dirge for abbess kid in shroud,
Sweepeth o'er the shroudless Dead,
l'age or lady, as we said,
With the dews upon her head,
All as sad if not as loud!
Ingenisco, ingenisco!
Is ever a lament begun
By any mourner under sun,
Which, ere it endeth, suits but of ?







# The Lay of the Brown Rosary.

"Go thy ways I did not think to have shed one tear for thee, but thou hast made me water my plants spate of my heart."
WITCH OF EDVOSTOR

#### FIRST PART.

"Ovora, Onora"—ther mother is calling—
she sits at the lattice and hears the dew falling
Drep after drop from the sycamores laden
With dea, as with blossom—and calls home the maiden—
"Night couldth, Onora."

She look down the garden walk caverned with trees,
To the limes at the end, where the green arbour 15—
"Some sweet thought of other may keep where it found her,
While, forgot or infects in the dreamlight wound her,
Night cometh—Onois 1"

She looks up the forest whose alleys shoot on Lake the mate must n and s, when the arthem is done, And the chousters, sitting with faces as lant, I'vel the adence to consecrate more than the chant— "Onora, Onora."

And forward she looketh scross the brown heath—
"Onora, art coming?"—What is it she seeth?
Nought, nought, but the grey border tone that is wist
To calate and assume a wild shape in the mist—
"My daughter!"—Then over

The caser int she leaneth, and as she doth so,
She is 'ware of her little son playing below:
"Now where is Onoia?"—He hung down his head
And spake not, then answering blushed scarlet-red,—
"At the tryst with her lover."

But his mother was wroth. In a sternness quoth she,
"As thou play'st at the ball, art thou playing with me?
When we know that her lover to battle is gone,
And the saints know above that she loveth but one,
And will no er wed another?"

Then the boy wept aloud. 'Twas a fair sight, yet sad,
T · see the tears run down the sweet blooms he had:
He stamped with his foot, said—"The saints know I lied,
Because truth that is wicked, is fitte-t to hide!

Must I utter it, mother?"

In his vehement childhood he hurried within, And knelt at her feet as in prayer against sin; But a child at a prayer never sobbeth as he— "Oh; she sits with the nun of the brown rosarie, At nights in the ruin!

"The old convent rum, the ivy rots off,
Where the owl hoots by day, and the tood is sun-proof;
Where no singing-birds build; and the trees gaunt and grey,
As in stormy sea-coasts, appear blasted one way—
But is this the wind's doing?

"A nun in the east wall was buried alive,
Who mocked at the priest when he called her to shrive,—
And shrieked such a curse as the stone took her breath,
The old abbers fell backward and swooned unto death
With an Ave half-spoken.

"I tried once to pass it, myself and my hound,
Till, as fearing the lash, down he shivered to ground!
A brave hound, my mother! a brave hound, ye wot!
And the wolf thought the same, with his fange at her throat,
In the pass of the Brocken.

"At dawn and at eve, mother, who sitteth there, With the brown resarie never used for a prayer? Stoop low, mother, low! If we went there to see, What an ugly great hole in that east wall must be At dawn and at even!

"Who meet there, my mother, at dawn and at even? Who meet by that wail, never looking to Heaven? O sweetest my sister, what doeth with thee, The ghost of a nun with a brown resame,

And a face turned from Heaven?

"St. Agnes o'erwatcheth my dreams; and erewhile,
I have felt through mine eyelids, the warrath of her smile—
But last might, as a sadness like pity came o'er her,
She whispered—'Say two prayers at dawn for Onora!
The Tempted is sinning."

Onora, Onora! they heard her not coming—
Not a step on the grass, not a voice through the gloaming;
But her mother looked up, and she stood on the floor,
Fair and still as the moonlight that came there before,
And a simile-just beginning!

It touches her lips—but it dones not arise
To the height of the mystical sphere of her eyes:
And the large musing eyes, neither joyous nor sorry,
Sing on like the angels in separate glory,
Between clouds of amber.

For the han droops in clouds amber-coloured, till stirred Into gold by the gesture that comes with a word; While—O soft!—her speaking is so interwound Of the dim and the sweet, 'tis a twilight of sound, And floats through the (bamber,

"Since thou shrivest my brother, fair mother," said she,
"I count on thy priesthood for marrying of one!

And I know by the hills, that the bartle is done—

That my lover rides on—will be here with the sun,
"Neath the eyes that behold thee!"

Her mother sate alent—too tender, I wis,
Of the arrile her dead father smiled dying to kiss;
But the boy started up, pale with tears, passion-wrought,—"O worked fair sister, the hills utter nought!

If he cometh, who told thee?"

"I know by the hills," she resumed calm and clear,
"By the beauty upon them that HE is anear!
Did they ever look so since he bade me adicu?
Oh, love in the waking, sweet brother, is true
As St. Agnes in sleeping."

Half ashan of and half-softened, the boy did not speak, And the black in mot the lashes which fell on his check: She bowed down to kiss him—Dear saints, did he see Or feel on her bosom the BROWN ROSABIE—

That he shrank away weeping t

#### PART SECOND.

A bed-Onona sleeping. Angels, but not near

First Angel. -

Must we stand so far, and she So very fair?

Second Angel.

As bodies be.

First Angel.

And she so mild?

Second Angel.

As spirits, when

They meeken, not to God but men.

First Angel.

And she so young,—that I who bring Good dreams for saintly children, might Mistake that small soft face to-night. And fetch her such a blessed thing, That, at her waking, she would weep For childhood lost anew in sleep! How hath she sinned?

How nam sue

Becond Angel.

In bartering love-

God's love-for man's!

First Angel.

We may reprove

The world for this! not only her! Let me approach, to breathe away This dust o' the heart with holy air.

Second Aniel.

Stand off! She sleeps, and did not pray.

First Anyel.

Did none pray for her

Second Angel.

Ay, a child,-

Who never, praying, wept before. While, in a mother undefiled, Prayer goeth on in sleep, as true And pauseless as the nulses do.

Firet angel.

Then I approach.

Second Angel.

It is not WILLED.

First Angel.

One word: Is she redeemed?

Second Anael.

No more !

[Angels vanish-

THE PLACE IS FILLED.

Evil-Spirit in a Nun's garb by the bed.

Forbear that dream—forbear that dream! too near to Heaven it leaned.

Onora in sleep.

Nay, leave me this—but only this! tis but a dream, sweet fiend!

Evil Spirit.

It is a thought

Onora in Leep.

A alceping thought—most innocent of good— It doth the Devil no harm, sweet fiend! it cannot, if it would.

I say in it no holy hymn,—I do no holy work;

1 scarcely hear the sabbath-bell that chimeth from the kirk.

1 scarcely hear the sabbath-bell that chimeth from the kirk. Evil Spirit.

For hear that dream—for hear that dream!

Unora in sleep.

Nay, let me dream at least!

That far-off bell, it may be took for viol at a feast—

I only walk among the fields, beneath the autumn-sun,

With my dead father, hand in hand, as I have often done.

First Spirit.

Forbear that dream—forbear that dream!

Onora in sleep.

Nay, sweet fiend, let me go-

I never more can walk with him, oh, never more but so!

For they have tied my father's feet beneath the kirkyard stone.—

Oh, deep and straight; oh, very straight! they move at nights alone:

And then he calleth through my dreams, he calleth tenderly,—
"Come forth, my daughter, my beloved, and walk the fields
with me!"

Evil Spirit.

Forbear that dream, or else disprove its pureress by a sign.

Onora in sleep.

Speak on, thou shalt be satisfied! my work shall answer thine, I hear a bird which used to sing when I a child was praying;

I see the poppies in the corn, I used to sport away in '- .

What shall I do—tread down the dew, and pull the blossoms blowing ?

Or cusp my wicked hands to fright the finches from the rowen?

Evil Spirit.

Thou shalt do something harder still! Stand up where thou does stand.

Among the fields of Dreamland, with thy tather, hand in hand.

And clear and slow, repeat the vow-declare its cause and kind,

Which, not to break in sleep or wake, thou bearest on thy mind.

Onora in sleep.

I bear a vow of wicked kind, a vow for mournful cause:

I vowed it deep, I vowed it strong—the spirits laughed applause!

The spirits trailed along the pines, low laughter like a breeze, While, high atween their swinging tops, the stars appeared to freeze.

Evil Spirit.

More calm and free, -speak out to me, why such a vow was made.

Onora in sleep.

Because that God decreed my death, and I shrank back afraid! Have patience, O dead father mine! I did not fear to die;— I wish I were a young dead child, and had thy company! I wish I lay beside thy feet, a buried three-year child,

And wearing only a kiss of thine, upon my lips that smiled! The linden-free that covers thee, might, so, have shadowed twain—

For death it will I did not fear—'tis love that makes the pain. Love feareth death!, I was no child—I was betrothed that day:

I wore a troth-kiss on my lips, I could not give away!
How could I bear to be content and still beneath a stone,
And feel mine owr Betrothed go by—alas! no more mine
own.—

(lo leading by, in wedding pomp, some lovely lady brave, With checks that blushed as red as rose, while mine were cold in grave?

How could I bear to sit in Heaven, on e'er so higher throne, And hear him say to her—to her / that clee he loveth none? Though e'er so high I sate above, though e'er so low he spake,

As clear as thunder I should hear the new oath he might

'That / 1 s, torsooth, are heavenly eyes—ah, me! while very dam Some heavenly eyes (indeed of Heaven!) would darken down to 4 m.

Level Aparit.

Who told thee thou west called to death?

Onors in al ey.

I sate all might beside thee-The grey owl on the rulled wall shut both his eyes to hide thee:

And ever he flapped his heavy win, all brokenly and weak,
And the long grass v aved against the sky, around his gasping
book!

I spte beade thee all the night, while the moonlight lay forloan,

Strewn round us like a dead world's chroud, in chastly fragments form!

And through the night, and through the hush, and over the flapping win;,

We heard, beside the Heavenly (sate, the angels murmuring:— We heard them say, "Put day to day, and count the days to seven,

And God will draw Onora up the gold in state of Heaven .
And yet He grants the vil ones, that purpose to defer,

l or if she has no need of Him, He has no need of her "-Eril Spirit.

Speak out to me-speak hold and free.

Onora en sleep.

And then I heard thee sav, -

"I count upon my resarie brown, the hours then hast to stay '
Yet God permits us evil ones to put by that decree,

Since if thou hast no need of Him, He has no need of thee-

And if thou wilt forego the night of angels, verily
The transfer gazing on thy face, shall guess what angels be—

Not bride shall pass, save thee "... Alas!—my tather's hand's acold—

Forbear the dream, or let the yow be told!

Onora in sleep.

I towed upon thy resarie brown, this string of antique beads, By charnal lichens evergrown, and dank among the weeds— This resarie brown which is thine own,—lost soul of builed num,—

Who, fost by vow, wouldst render now all souls alike undone;

I vowed upon thy 10-arrs brown,- ard, till such vow should break.

A piedge always of truing days, 'twas hung around my neck— I vowed to thee on rosarie (Dead father, look not so !), I would not thank God in my weal, nor seek God an my woe.

Evil Spirit.

And canst thon prove . . . \*

One ich in sleep.

O love—my lov's! I felt him near again!
I saw his steed on accuration-head, I heard if on the plain!
Was this no weal for me to feel!—is greater weal than this?
Yet when he came, I wept his name—and the angels heard but his.

Evil Spirit.

Well done, well done!

Onora in Pagh

Ay me! the sun. . . the dreamlight gins to pine,—Ay me! how died of look the Dead!—Arout thee, father mine!

She starteth from slumber, she sitteth upright,
And her breath comes in soles while she stares through the
night?

There is nought! The great willow, her lattice before, Large-drawn in the moon, lieth calm on the floor; But her hands tremble fast as their pulses, and free From the death-class, close over—the BROWN BOARDE.

#### THIRD PART.

The a morn for a bridal; the merry bride-bell Rings clear through the green-wood that skirts the chapelle;

And the priest at the altar awaiteth the buile, And the sacri-tan: slyly are jesting ande

At the work shall be doing.

While down the high the wood rides that fair companie, The youths with the courtship, the maids with the glee,—Till the chapel-cross opens to sight, and at once All the maids sigh demurely, and think for the nonce,

"And so creleth a wooing!"

And the bade and the bridegroom are 1-ading the way,
With his hand on her rein, and a word yet to say:
Her dropt eyelids taggest the soft answers beneath,—
And the little queck miles come and go with her breath,
When she aigheth or speaketh.

And the tender bind, mother breaks off unaware From an Ave, to think that her daughter is fair,— Till in nearing the chapel, and glancing before, She sectioner little sen stand at the door,— Is it play but he seeketh?

Is it play? when his eyes wander in n went-wild,
And sublimed with a sadiless unfitting a child!

He trembles not, weeps not—the passion is done,
And calmly he kneels in their midst, with the sun

On his head like a glory.

"O fair-featured maids, ye are many!" he cried,—
"But, in fairness and vileness, who matcheth the bride?
O brave-hearted youths, ye are many! but, whom,
For the courage and woe, can ye match with the groom,
As ye see them before ye?"

Out spake the bride's mother—"The vileness is thine, If thou shame thine own sister, a bride at the shrine!"
Out spake the bride's lover—"The vileness be mine,
If he shame mine own wife at the hearth or the shrine,
And the charge be unproved.

"Bring the charge, prove the charge, brother! speal it aloud—

I set thy father and her's hear it deep in his shroud!"—

"O father, thou seest—for dead eyes can see—
How she wears on her bosoin a brown rosarie,

O my father beloved!"

Then outlaughed the bridegroom, and outlaughed withal Roth maidens and youths, by the old chapel-wall—
"So she weareth no love-gift, kind brother," quoth he,
"She may wear, an she listeth, a brown rosarie,
Like a pure-hearted lady!"

Then swept through the chapel, the long bridal train! Though he spake to the bride she replied not again: On, as one in a dream, pale and stately she went, Where the altar-lights burn o'er the great sacrament, Faint with daylight, but steady.

But her brother had passed in between them and her, And calmly knelt down on the high-alter stair— Of an infantine aspect so stern to the view, That the priest could not simile on the child's eyes of blue, As the would for another.

He knelt like a child marble-sculptured and white,
That seems kneeling to pray on the tomb of a knight,
With a look taken up to each irrs of stone
From the greatness and death where he kneeleth, but none
From the face of a mother.

"In your chapel, O priest, ye have wedded and shriven Fair wives for the hearth, and fair sinners for Heaven! But the fairest my ister, ye think now to wed, But her kneel where she standeth, and shrive her instead— O shrive her and wed not !"

In tears, the bride's mother,—"Sir priest, unto thee 'Would he he, as he lied to this fair companie!" In wrath, the brid 's lover,—"The he shall be clear! Speak it out, boy' the mints in their niches shall hear—Be the charge proved or said not!"

Then serve in his childhood he lifted his face,
And his voice sounded hely and fit for the place—
"Look down from your niches, ye still saints, and see
How she we are on her bosom a oroun resarie!

Is it used for the praying?"

The youth clocked aside—to laugh there were a sin—
And the mardens' lips tren.bled with smiles shut within:
Quoth the priest—"Thou art wild, pretty boy! Blessed she,
Who prefers at her bridal a brown resarie
To a worldly arraying!"

The bit begroom spake low and led buward the bride, and before the high altar they stood side by side:
The rite book is opened, the rite is begin —
They have knelt down together to use up as one —
Who laughed by the altar?

The maiden looked forward, the youth looked around,—
The bridge com's eye flashed from his prayer at the sound;
And each now the bride, as if no bride she were,
traing cold at the priest, without resture of proyer,
As he read from the psalter.

The priest never knew that she did so, but still He felt a power on him, too strong for his will; And whenever the Creat Name was there to be read, His voice sank to silence—THAT equil not be said,

Or the air could not hold it.

"I have sinned," quoth he, "I have sinned, I wot"—
And the trars ran adown his old cheeks at the thought;
They dropped fast on the book; but he read on the same,—
And aye was the vilence where should be the NAME,

As the choristers told it.

The rite-book is closed, and the rite being done,
They who knelt down together, arise up as one:
Fair riseth the bride—Oh, a fair, bride is sh 2—
But, for all (think the maidens) that brown resarie,
'No saint at her praying!

What aileth the bridegroom? He glares blank and wide—Then suddenly turning, he kisseth the bride—His lip stung her with cold: she glanced upwardly mute: "Mine own wife," he said, and fell stark at her foot
In the word he was saying.

They have lifted him up,—but his head sinks away,—And his face showeth bleak in the sunshine, and grey. Leave him now where he lieth—for oh, never more Will he kneel at an alter or stand on a floor?

Let his bride gaze upon him!

Long and still was ber gaze, while they chafed him there, And breathed in the mouth whose last his had kissed her, But when they stood up—only they / with a start The shrick from her soul struck her pale lips apart——She has lived, and forgone him!

And low on his body she droppeth adown—
"Didst call are thine own wife, beloved—thine own?
Then take thine own with thee! thy coldness is warm
To the world's cold without thee! Come, keep me from harm
In a calm of thy teaching!"

She looked in his face earnest long, at in sooth
There were hope of an answer,—and then kissed his mouth;
And with head on his bosom, wept, wept bitterly,—
"Now, O God, take pity—take pity on me?—
"God, hear my beseething?"

She was 'ware of a shadow that crossed where she lay;
She was 'ware of a presence that wither'd the day—
Wild she sprang to her feet,—"I surrender to thee
The broken vow's pledge,—the accursed resarie,—
I am ready for dying!"

She dashed it in scorn to the marble-paved ground, Where it fell mute si mow; and a weird music-sound Grept up, like a chill, up the side's long and dim,— As the meads tried to mack at the cholisters' hymp, And mounted in the trying.

# FOURTH PART.

Onoia looketh listle-sly adown the garden walk:
"I am weary, O my mother of thy tender talk!
I am weary of the trees a-waving to and fro—
Of the stelfast skies above, the running brooks below;—
All thing are the same but I;—only I am dreary;
An I, mother, of my dreariness, behold me very weary.

"Mother, brother, pull the flowers I planted in the spring And smiled to think I should mile more upon their sathering.

The lar-, will find out other flowers-oh, pull them, dearest mune,

And carry them and carry me before St. Agnes' shrine."

- Whereat they pulled the summer flawers she planted in the spring,

And her and them, all mournfully, to Agnes' shrine did bring.

She looked up to the pictured saint, and gently shook her

"The picture is too calm for ms—too calm for ms," she said:.
"The little flowers we brought with us before it we may lay For those are used to look at Heaven,—but i must turn away,—Because no sinner under sun can dure or bear to gaze On God's or angel's holiness, except in Jesu's face."

She spoke with passion after pause—"And were it wisely done,

If we who cannot gaze above, should walk the earth alone?—
If we whose virtue is so weak, should have a will so strong,—
Amd stand blind on the rocks, to choose the right path from the wrong?

To choose perhaps a love-lit hearth, instead of love and Heaven.—

A single rose, for a rose-tree, which beareth seven times seven?

A rose that droppeth from the hand, that fadeth in the breast
Until, in grieving for the worst, we learn what is the best!"
Then breaking into tears,—"Dear God," she cried, "and
must we see

All bla-sful things depart from us, or ere we go to THEE?
We cannot guess Thee in the wood, or hear Thee in the wind?
Our cedars must fall round us, ere we see the light behind?
Ay sooth, we feel too strong in weal, to need Thee on that road:

But woe being come, the soul is dumb, that crieth not on 'God.'"

Her mother could not speak for tears; sleever mused thus—
"The bees will find out other flywers,—but what is left for us?"
But her young brother tayed his sobs, and knelt beside her knee,

-"Thou sweetest singer in the world, hast never a word for

She passed her hand across his face, she pressed it on his cheek,

So tenderly, so tenderly--she needed not to speak.

The wreath which lay on shrine that day, at vespers bloomed no more—

The woman fair who placed it there, had died an hour before !

Both perished mats, for lack of root, earth's nourishment to
reach;—

O reader, breathe (the balled saith), some sweetness out of

## The Mournful Mother.

(OF THE DEAD BLIND)

Dost thou weep, mournful mother, For thy blind boy in grave? That no more with each other. Sweet coursel ye can have?-That he, left dark by nature, Can never more be led By thee, maternal creature, Along smooth paths instead? That thou canst no more show him The sunshine, by the heat, The river's ailver flowing. By murmurs at his feet? The foliage, by its coulness; The roses, by their smell; And all creation's fulners. By Love's invisible? Weepest thou to behold not His meek blind eyes again,--Closed doorways which were folded, And prayed against in vain-And under which, sate smiling The child-mouth evermore, As one who watcheth, wiling : The time by, at a door? And weepest thou to feel not His clinging hand on thineWhich now, at dream-time, will not Its gold touch disentwine? And weepest thou still ofter, Oh, never more to mark His low soft worls, made softer By speaking in the dark? Weep on, thou mournful mother!

But since to hun when living, Thou west both sun and moon, Look o'er his grave, surviving, From a high sphere alone Sustain that exaltation-Expand that tender light; And hold in mother-passion, Thy Blessed, in thy sight. See how he went out straightway From the dark world he knew.-No twilight in the gateway To mediate 'twixt the two.-Into the sudden glory, Out of the dark he trod. Departing from before thee At once to Light and Cop !-For the first face, beholding The Christ's in its divine, --For the first place, the golden And sideless hyaline; With trees, at lasting summer, That ruck to sougful sound, While angels, the new-comer, Wrap a still smile around ! Oh, in the blessed pashn now, His happy voice he tries,-Spreading a thicker paint bough, Than others, o'er his eyes Yet still, in all the singing, Thinks hably of thy song

Which, in his life's first springing, Sang to him all night long -And wishes it I eside him, With kissing lips that cool And soft did overglide him,-To make the sweetness full. Look up. O mournful mother; Thy blind boy walks in light ! Ye want for one another. Before God's infinite ' But thou art now the darkest, Thou mother left below-Thou, the sole blind,—thou markest, Content that it be so :--Until ye two give meeting Where the great Heaven-gate is, And he shall lend thy feet in, As once thou leddest his ! Wait on, thou mournful mother.

## A Valediction.

Gon be with thee, my beloved,—God be with thee!

Else alone thou guest forth,

Thy face unto the north.—

Moor and pleasance, all around thee and beneath thee,

Looking equal in one snow!

While I who try to reach thee,

Vanily follow, vanily follow,

With the farewell and the hollo,
And cannot reach thee so.

And cannot reach thee so.

Alas I I can but teach thee---

Gon be with thee, my beloved, -- Gon be with thee !

Can I teach thee, my beloved,—can I teach thee if
If I said, Go left or right,
The counsel would be light,—

The wisdom, poor of all that could enrich thee!

My right would show like left;

My raising would depress thee,—

My choice of light would blind thee,—

Of way, would leave behind thee,—

Of end, would leave bereft!

Alas! I can but bless thee— May GoD teach thee, my beloved,—may GoD teach thee!

Can I bless thee, my beloved,—can I bless thee?

What blessing word can I, 
From mine own tears, keep dry?

What flowers grow in n'y field wherewith to dress thee?

My good reverts to ill;
My calmnesses would move thee,—
My softnesses would prick thee,—
My bindings up would break thee,—
My crownings, curse and kill.
Alas! I can but love thee—

May God bless thee, my beloved,-may God bless thee !

Can I love thee, my beloved, —can I love thee?

And is this like love, to stand
With no help in my hand,
When strong as death I fain would watch above thee?

My love-kiss can deny
No tear that falls beneath it:
Mine oath of love can swear thee
From no ill-hat comes near thee,—
And thou diest while I breathe it.

And I—I can but die!
May Gop love thee, my beloved,—may Gop love thee!





# Lady Geraldine's Courtsbip.

### A ROMANCE OF THE AGE.

# A Poet sprites to his Friend. Place—A Room in Wycombe Hall. Time—Late in the evening.

DEAR my friend and fellow-student, I would lean my spirit o'er you;

Down the purple of this chamber, tears should scarcely run at will!

I am humbled who was humble! Friend,—I bow my head before you!

You should lead me to my peasants!—but their faces are too still.

There's a lady—an earl's daughter; she is proud and she is noble;

And she treads the crimson carpet, and she breathes the perfumed air,

And a kingly blood sends glances up her princely eye to trouble,

And the shadow of a monarch's crown, is softened in her hair.

She has halis and she has castles, and the resonant steameagles

Follow far on the directing of her floating dove-like hand— With a thundrous vapour trailing, underneath the starry vigils,

So to mark upon the blasted heaven, the measure of her land,

There be none of England's daughters, who can show a prouder presence,

Up in princely surtors suring, she has looked in her disdain

Si, was spring of English nobles, I was born of English peasants,

What was I that I sa ould love her—save for feeling of the

In only a poor poet, made for singing at her care ment,

As the finches or the thrushes, while the thought of other thong-

Oh, she walked so high above me, she appeared to my abase in a t.

In her levely silken murmur, like an angel clad in wings !

Mary rassals bow before ler, as her chartot sweeps them I own;

S'n hah bh t then little children, -as a priest or queen were he !

Oh, too t nder or too cruel far, her smile upon the poor wis, I or I th ught it was the same smile, which she used, to smile

on me.
She has members in the commons, she has lovers in the

pulace—
And of all the faccount ladies, few have jewels half as fine:
Eyen the prince has named her beauty, 'twist the red wine

and the chilice Oh, and what was I to love her? my beloved, my Geraldine!

Yet I could not choose but love her-I was born to poet

To love all things act above me, all of good and all of fair!

27, mphs of old Parnassus mountain, we are wont to call the

Muses—

And in silver-footed climbing, poets pass from mount to star,

And because I was a post, and because the people praised, me, With their critical deductions for the modern writer's fault,

I could sit at rich men's tables,—though the courte-ies that

Still suggested clear between us, the pale spectrum of the

And they praised me in her presence "Will your book appear this summer?"

Then returning to each other—"Yes, our plans are for the macons."

Then with whisper dropped behind me-"There he is! the latest comer!

Oh, she only likes his verses! what is over, she endures.

"Quite low born! self-educated! somewhat gifted though by nature,-

And we make a point of asking him,— of being very kind; You may speak, he does not hear you; and besides, he writes no saure,—

These new charmers keep their scrpents with the antique sting resigned,"

I grew colder, I grew colder, as I stood up there among them,-

Till as frost intense will burn you, the cold scorping as reched my brow;

When a widen silver speaking, gravely cadenced, overrung them,

And a sudden silkons stirring touched my inner nature through.

I looked upward and beheld her! With a calm and regnant

Slowly round she swept her eyelids, and said clear before them all-

"Have you such superfluous honour, sir, that, able to confer it, You will come down, Mr. Bertram, as my guest to Wycombe Hall?" Here she paused,—she had been paler at the first word of her speaking;

But because a silence followed it, blushed scarlet, as for shame:

Then, as scorning her own feeling, resumed calmly—"I am seeking

More distinction that these gentlemen think worthy of my claim.

"Ne'ertheless, you see, I seek at—not because I am a woman,"—

(Here her smile sprang like a fountain, and, so, overtiowed her mouth)

"But because my woods in Sussex Lave some purple shades at gloaming,

Which are weithy of a king in state, or poet in his youth.

"I invite you, Mr. Bertram, to no hive for worldly speeched— Sir, I a aree should dare—but only where God asked the thrushes first—

And if you will sing beside them, in the covert of my beerhas, I will thank you for the woodlands, . . for the human world at worst."

Then, kne -...'' d around right childly, then, she gazed around right queenly;

And I bowed—I could not answer! Alternated light and gloom—

While as one who qualls the lion, with a steady cyc screnely, She, with level fronting cyclids, passed out stately from the room.

Oh, the blessed woods of Sussex, I can hear them still around me,

With their leafy tide of greenary still rippling up the wind! Oh, the cursed woods of Sussex! Oh, the cruel love that bound me

Up against the boles of cedars, to be shamed where I pined!

Oh, the cursed woods of Sussex! where the hunter's dart has found me,

When a fair face and a tender voice had made me mad and blind!

In that ancient hall of Wycombe, through the numerous guests invited.

And the levely London ladies trod the floors with diding feet;

And their voices low with fashion, not with feeling, softly treighted

All the air about the windows, with elastic laughters week.

For at eve, the open windows flung their light out on the terrace,

Which the floating orbs of curtains, did with gradual shadow sweep;

While the swans upon the river, fed at morning by the heiress, Trembled downward through their snowy wings, at music in their sleep.

And there evermore was music, both of ingrument and singing.
Till the finches of the shrubberies, grew re-tless in the dark;
But the cedars stood up motionless, each in a moonlight,
ringing.

And the deer, half in the glummer, strewed the hollows of the park.

And though sometimes she would bind me with her nilvergorded speeches.

To commix my words and laughter with the converse and the ...

Oft I note apart, and gasing on the siver, through the beeches, Heard, as pure the swans swant down it, her pure voice overgoat the nest.

In the morning, horn of hunfaman, hoof of steed, and laugh of

Spreed out cheery from the courtyard, till we lost them in the hills;

While herself and other ladies, and her suitors left beside her,

Went a-wandering up the gardens, through the laurels and abeles.

Thus, her foot upon the new-mown grass—bareheaded—with the flowings

Of the virginal white vesture, gathered closely to her throat; With the golden ringlets in her neck, just quickened by her going.

Ard appearing to breathe sun for air, and doubting if to float,--

With a branch of dewy maple, which her right hand held above her,

And which trembled a green shadow in in tweat her and the skies,--

As she turned her face in going, thus she drew me on to love her.

And to tudy the deep maining of the smale had in her even

For her eyes alone similed constantly; her hips had serious sweetnes,

And her front was calm—the dample rarely rippled on her check:

But her deep blue eyes miled constantly,—as if they had by fitness

Won the e ret of a happy dream, she did not care to speak.

Thus she drew me the first morning, out across into the garden:

And I walked an ong her noble friends, and could not keep.

Spake she unto all and unto me—"Behold, Fam the warden, Of the birds within these lindens, which are gages to their nund. . "But here, in this swarded circle, into which the limewalk brings us-

Whence the beeches rounded greenly, stand away in reverent fear.—

I will let no music enter, saving what the fountain sings us, Which the lilies round the basin, may seem pure enough to hear.

"And, the air that waves the lilies, waves this sleader jet of water.

Like a holy thought sent feebly up from soul of fasting saint!

Whereby lies a marble Silence, sleeping! (Lough the sculptor wrought her)

So asleep, she is forgetting to say Hush !- a funcy quaint.

"Mark how heavy white her eyelids ! not as dream between them lingers!

And the left hand's index droppeth from the lips upon the chesk:

And the right hand,—with the symbol rose held slack within the fingers,—

Has fallen backward in the basin—yet his Silonce will not x!

"That the essential meaning growing, may expectal symbol,

Is the thought, as I conceive it: it applies more high and low,—

Your true noblemen will often, through right nobleness, grow humble,

And assert an inward honour, by denying outward show."

"Yes, your Silence," said I, "truly holds her symbol rose but-

Yet she holds it—or would scarcely be a Silence to our ken!

And your nobles wear their ermine on the outside, or walk
blackly

In the prescape of the social law, as most ignoble men-

"Let the poets dream such dreaming! Madam, in these British islands,

"Tis the substance that wanes ever, "tis the symbol that exceeds;

Soon we shall have nought but symbol! and for statues like this Silence

Shall accept the rose's narble—in another case, the weed's."

"I let you dream," she retorted, "and I grant where'ef you go, you

Find for things, names—shows for actions, and pure gold for honour clear;

But when all is run to symbol in the Social, I will throw you

The world's book, which now reads drily, and sit down with Silence here.'

Half in playfulness she spoke, I thought, and half in indignation;

Her friends turned her words to laughter, while her lovers deemed her fair,—

A fair woman—flushed with feeling, in her noble-lighted station,

Near the statue's white reposing—and both bathed in sunny air !—

With the trees round, not so distant, but you heard their vernal nurmur,

And beheld in light and shadow the leaves in and outward move;

and the little fountain leaping toward the sun-heart to be warmer,

And recoiling backward, trembling with the too much light above --

Tis a picture for remembrance | and thus, morning after morning.

Did I follow as she drew me, by the spirit, to her feet-

Why, her greyhound followed also! dogs—we both were dogs
for scorning--

To be sent back when she pleased it, and her path lay through the wheat.

And thus, morning after morning, spit, of oath, and spite of sorrow,

Did I follow at her drawing, while the week-days paracular along;

Just to feed the swans tilis noontide, or to see the fawns to-morrow.—

Or to teach the hill-side echo. some sweet Tuscan in a song

Ay, and sometimes on the hill-side, while we sate down in the gowan,

With the forest green behind us, and its shallow cast before; And the river running under; and across it, from the rowans, A brown partialge whirring near us, till we felt the air it

bore,-

There, obedient to her praying, did I read aloud the poems Made by Tuscan fluter, or instrument; more various, of our own;

Read the pastoral parts of Spenser—or the subtle interflowings

Found in Petrarch's sonnets—there's the book—the leaf is folded down!—

Or at times a modern volume,—Wordsworth's solemuthoughted idyl,

Howitt's ballad-dew, or Tennyson's enchanted reverie.-

Oz. from Browning some "Pomegranate," which, if cut deep down the middle,

Shows a heart within blood-tinetured, of a veined humanity i-

Or I read there-sometimes, housely, some new poem of my making....

Oh, your poets never read their own best verses to their

For the e.ho, in you, breaks upon the words which you are .speaking,

And the chariot-wheels jar in the gate, through which you drive them forth.

After, when we wer grown tired of books, the silence round us flinging

A slow arm of sweet compression, felt with beatings at the breast,—

She would break out, on a sudden, in a gush of weodland singing,

Like a child's emotion us a god-a naisd tired of rest.

Oh, to see or hear her singing! scarce I know which is divinest.--

For her looks sing too—she modulates her gestures on the tune;

And her mouth stira with the song, like song; and when the notes are fine-t,

'Tis the eyes that shoot out vocal light, and seem to swell them on.

Then we talked—oh, how we talked! her voice, so cadenced in the talking,

Made around singing—of the soul! a music without bars—While the leafy sounds of woodlands, humming round where we were walking,

Brought interposition worthy-sweet,—as skies about the stars.

And she spake such good thoughts natural, as if she always thought them—

And had sympathies so ready, open, free as bird on branch, Just as ready to fly east as west, whichever way becought them, In the birchen wood a chirrup, or a cock-crow in the grange.

In her utmost lightness there is truth-and conten the speaks lightly,

And she has a grace in being gay, which mourners even approve;

For the root of some grave earnest thought is understruck so rightly,

As to justify the foliage and the waving flowers above.

And she talked on—we talked truly ! upon all things—substance—shadow—

Of the sheep that browsed the grasses—of the reapers in the

Of the little children from the schools, seen winding through

Of the poor rich world beyond them, still kept poorer by its scorn!

So of men, and so, of letters—books are men of higher stature,

And the only men that speak aloud for future times to hear!

So, of mankind in the abstract, which grows slowly into nature.

Yet will lift the cry of "progress," as it trod from sphere to sphere.

And her custom was to praise me, when I said,—"The Age culls simples,

With a broad clown's back turned broadly, to the glory of

We are girls by our own reckining,—and may well shut up the temples.

And wield on, amid the incense-steam, the thunder of our bars.

"For we throw out acclamations of self-thanking, selfadmiring,

With, at every mile run faster,—'O the wondrous, wondrous;

Little thinking if we work our sours as nobly as our tron,—. Or if angels will command us, at the goal of palgrissage.

- "Why, what is this patient entrance into nature's deep resources,
- But the child's most gradual learning to walk straightly without bane—?
- When we drive ou', from the cloud of steam, majestical white horses.
- Are we greater than the first men, who led black ones by the mane?
- "If we sided with the carles, if we struck the stars in rising, If we wrapped the globe intensely, with one hot electric breath,
- Twere but power within our tether—no new spirit-power conferring—
- And in life we were not greater men, nor bolder men in death."
- She was patient with my talking; and I loved her -loved her certes.
- As flowed all Heavenly of jects, with uplifted type and hands!

  As I loved pure inspirations—loved the graces, loved the virtues.—
- In a Love content with writing his own name, on desert sands.
- Or we'le of I thought to purely '-thought, no ideat Hope was rating
- Any crown to crown Love's silence—silent Love that sate alone—
- Out, slas! the stag is like me—he, that tries to go on grazing With the great deep gun-wound in his neck, then tecls with sudden moon.
- It was thus I reeled! I told you that her hand had many
- But she rose above them, smiling down, as Venus down the
- And with such a gratious coldness, that they could not press their futures
- On that present of her courtery, which yieldingly enliaves.

And this morning, as I sat alone within the inner chamber With the great saloon beyond it, lost in pleasant thought serene—

For I had been reading Camoens—that poem you remember, Which his lady's eyes are praised in, at the sweetest ever seen.

And the book lay open, and my thought flew om it, taking from it

A vibration and impulsion to an end beyond its Jwn,-

As the branch of a green osier, when a child would overcome it,

Springs up freely from his clasping, and goes swinging in the sun.

As I mused I heard a murmur,—it, grew deep as it grew longer—

Speakers using earnest language—"Lady Geraldine, you would!"

And I heard a voice that pleaded ever on, in accents stronger, As a sense of reason gave it power to make its rhetoric good.

Well I knew that voice-it was an earl's, of soul that matched his station—

Of a soul complete in lordship might and light read on his brow:

Very finely courteous—far too proud to doubt his domination Of the common people,—he atones for grandeur by a bow.

High straight forehead, nose of eagle, cold blue eyes, of less expression

Than resistance,—coldly casting off the looks of other men, As steel, arrows,—unclastic lips, which seem to tasts possession, And be cautious lest the common air should injure or distrain.

For the rest, accomplished, upright, -of, and standing puther

With a bearing not ungraceful; fond of auts, and letters how;

Just a good man, made a proud man,—se the sandy rocks that border

 $\Lambda$  wild coast, by circumstances, in a regnant ebb and flow.

Thus, I knew that voice—I heard it—and I could not help the hearkening:

In the room I stood \ p blindly, and my burning heart within Seemed to reethe and fuse my senses, till they ran on all sides, darkening,

And scorched, weighed, like melt d metal, round my feet that

stood therein.

And that voice, I heard it pleading, for love's sake—for wealth, position, . . .

For the sake of liberal uses, and great actions to be done— And she answered, answered gently —"Nay, my lord, the old tradition

Of your Normans, by some worthier hand than mine is, should be won."

"Ah, that white hand 1" he said quickly,—and in his he e ther drew it.

Or attempted—for with gravity and instance she replied—

"Nay, indeed, my lord, this talk is vain, and we had best

And pass on, 1th, friends, to other points, less easy to decide."

What he said again, I know not. It is likely that his trouble Worked his pride up to the surface, for she answered in slow scorn—

"And your lordship judges rightly. Whom I marry, shall be noble.

Ay, and wealthy. I shall never blush to think how he was born."

There, I maddened! her words stung me ' Life swept through me inte fever,

And my soul sprang up astonished; sprang, full-statufed in an hour!

Know you what it is when anguish, with apostlyptic MEVER, To a Pythian height dilates you,—and despair sublimes to power?

From my brain, the soul-wings budded !---waved a flame about my body,

Whence conventions coiled to ashes! I felt self-drawn out, as man,

From amalgamate false natures; and I saw the akies grow ruddy

With the deepening feet of angels, and I knew what spirits can!

I was mad—inspired—say either sanguish worketh inspiration!

Was a man, or beast—perhaps so; for, the figer roars, when speared;

And I walked on, step by step, along the level of my passion— Oh my soul ' and passed the doorway to her face, and never feared.

He had left her,—peradventure, when my footstep proved my coming—

But for her—she half arose, then sate—grew scarlet and grew pale

Oh, she trembled '-'tis so always with a worldly man or woman,

In the presence of time spirits—what else can they do but qual?

Oh, she fluttered like a tame bird, in among its forest, brothers.

Far too strong for it! then drooping, bowed her face upon her hands—

And I spake out wildly, fiercely, brutal truths of her and

I, she planted in the desert, swathed her, windlike, with my earth.

I plucked up her social fictions, bloody-rooted, though leaf-verdant,—

Trod them down with words of shaming,—all the purples and the gold.

And the "landedestakes" and Landships—all that spirits pure and ardent

Are cast out of love and reverence, because chapcing not to hold.

"For myself I do not argue," said I, "though I leve you, Madam,

But for better souls, that nearer to the height of yours have trod -

And this age shows, to my thinking, still more infidels to Adam.

Than directly, oy profession, simple infidels to God.

"Yet, O Gol" (I said), "O grave" (I said), "O mother's heart and bosom,

With whom first and last are equal, saint and corpse and lattle child!

We are fools to your deduction, in these figments of heartclosing!

We are traitors to your causes, in these sympathies defiled!

"Learn more reverence, Madam, not for rank or wealth that needs no learning;

That comes quickly—quick as sin does! ay, and often works to sin;

But for Adam's seed, Man! Trust me, 'tis a clay above your scorning,

With God's image stamped upon it, and God's kindling breath within.

"What sight have you, Madam, gazing; in your shining mirror daily,

Getting, so, by heart, your beauty, which all others must

While you draw the golden ringlets down your fingers, to you gaily, . . .

You will wed no man that's only good to God,—and nothing more.

"Why, what night have you, made fair by that same Godthe sweetest woman

Of all women He has fashioned—with your lovely spiritface.

Which would seem too near to vanish, if its smile were not so human,—

And your voice of holy sweetness, turning common words to grace;

"What right can you have, God's other works, to scorn, despise, . . revile them

In the gross, as mere men, broadly and as noble men, forsooth,—

But as Parias of the outer world, forbidden to assol them, In the hope of living—dying,—near that sweetness of your mouth?

"Have you any answer, Madam? If my spirit were less earthy—

If its instrument were gifted with more vibiant silver strings-

I would kneel do wu where I stand, and say—'Behold me! I am worthy

Of thy loving, for I love thee. I am worthy as a king.'

"As'ıt is—your ermined pride, I swear, shall feel this stain upon her—

That I, poor, weak, tost with passion, scorned by me and you again,

Love you, Madam—date to love you—to my grief and your dishonout.—

To my endless desolation, and your impotent disdain !"

- More mad words like these—mere madness ! friend, I need not write them fuller;
- And I hear my hot soul dropping on the lines in showers of tears—
- Oh, a woman! friend, a woman! Why, a beast had scarce been duller,
- Than roar bestial loud complaints against the shining of the spheres.
- But at last there came a pause. I stood all vibrating with thunder,
- Which my soul had used. The silence drew her face up like a call.
- Could you guess what word she uttered? She looked up, as if in wonder.
- With tears beaded on her lashes, and said "Bertram!" it was all.
- If she had cursed me—and she might have—or if even, with queenly bearing,
- Which at need is used by women, she had risen up and said, "Sir, you are my guest, and therefore, I have given you a full
- hearing—
  Now, beseech you, choose a name exacting somewhat less,
  instead "——
- I had borne it !--but that "Bertram"--why, it lies there on the paper
- A mere word, without her accents,—and you cannot judge the weight
- Of the calm which crushed my passion! I seemed swimming in a vapour,—
- And her gentleness did shame me, whom her scorn made desolate.
- So, struck backward, and exhausted with that inward how of passion

Which had pased, in deadly rushing, into forms of abstract truth.—

With a logic agonising through unfit denunciation,-

And with youth's own anguish turning grimly grey the hairs of youth, —

With the sense accursed and instant, that if even I spake wisely,

l spake basely—using truth,—if what I spake, indeed was

To avenge wrong on a woman --her, who sate there weighing nicely

A poor manhood's worth, found guilty of such deeds as I could do! --

With such wrong and woe exhausted---what I suffered and occasioned,--

As a wild horse, through a city, tune with lightning in his eyes,

And then dashing at a church's cold and pasuve wall, impassioned,

Sankes the death into h.4 burning luain, and blindly drops and dies...

So I fell, struck down before her ' Do you blame me, friend, for weakness?

'Twas my strength of passion slew me !—full before her like a stone;

Fast the droadful world rolled from me, on its roaring wheels of blackness!

When the light came I was lying in this chamber—and alone.

(th, of course, she charged her lacquey: to bear out the sickly burden,

And to cast it from her scornful sight—but not beyond the

Sice is too kind to be cruel, and too haughty not to pardon Such a man as I—'twere something to be level to her nate. But for me-you now are conscious why, mo friend, I write this letter,-

How my life is read all backward, and the charm of life undone!

I shall leave this knuse at dawn—I would to-night, if I were hetter—

And I charge my soul to hold my body strengthened for the sun.

When the san has dyed the orien., I depart with no last gazes, No weak meanings -- one word only, left in writing for her hands, --

Out of reach of her derisions, and some unavailing praises, To make front against this anguish in the far and foreign lands.

Blame me not, I would t squander life in grif-f am ab-tenious:

I but nuce my spirit's falcen, that its wing may coar again! There's no room for tears of weakness, in the blind eyes of a Phomas.

Into work the poet kneads them,— and he does not die tall

## CONCLUSION.

Bertram fini hed the last pages, while along the silence ever Still in hot and heavy splathes, fell his tears on every leaf: Having ended, he leans backward in his chair, with lips that quiver

From the deep unspoken, ay, and deep unwritten thoughts of grief.

Sob! how still the lady standeth! "tis a dresm-a dresm of mercies!

Twixt the purple lattice-curtains, how she standeth still and pale!

Tis a vision, "agre, of mercies, sent to sotten his self-

Sent to sweep a patient quiet, o'er the tossing of his wail.

"Eves," he said, "now throbbing through me! are ye eyes that did undo me?

Shining eyes, like antique jewels set in Parian statue-stone! Underneath that calm white forchead, are ye ever burning torrid.

O'er the devolate sand-desert of my heart and life undone?"

With a murmurous stir, uncertain, in the air, the purple curtain

Swelleth in and swelleth out around her motionless pale brows:

While the gliding of the river send a rispling noise for ever, Through the open casement whitened a, the moonlight's slant renose.

Said he-"Vision of a lady I stand there silent, stand there , atendy !

Now I see it plantly, plainly, now I cannot hope or doubt-There, the cheeks of calm expression—there, the lips of silent marrion.

threed like an archer's bow, to send the bitter arrows out."

Ever, evermore the while in a slow cilence she kept smiling.-And approached him slowly, slowly, in a gliding measured pace ;

With her two white hands extende ., as if praying one offended, And a look of supplication, gazing earnest in his face.

Said he-" Wake me by no gesture, -sound of breath, or stir of verture :

Let the blessed apparition melt not yet to its divine!

No approaching—hush! no breathing! or my heart must swoon to death in

The too utter life thou bringest—O thou dream of Geraldine !"

Ever, ever more the while in a slow silentified kept smiling—But the tears ran over lightly from her eyes, and tenderly; "Dost thon, Bertram, truly love me? Is no woman far

above me.

Found more worthy of thy poet-heart, than such a one as I?"

Said he-"I would dream so ever, like the flowing of that rivel.

Plewing ever in a shadow, greenly onward to the sea;

so, thou vision of all sweetness—princely to a fall completeness.—

Would my heart and lite flow onward—deathward—through this dream of ferre!

Ever, evermore the while in a slow silence she kept smiling,—While the shining terms ran faster down the blu-hing of her checks:

Then with both her hands enfolding both of his, she softly told him,

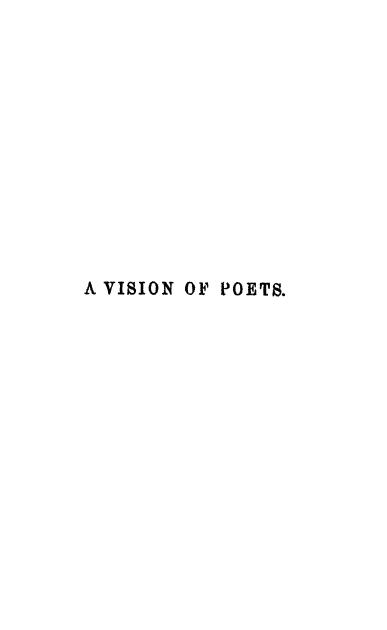
"Berti un, if I say I love thee, . . . 'tis the vision only speaks."

Softened, quickened to adore her, on his knee he fell before her --

a d she whi perod low in triumph—"It shall be as I have sworn!

Very rich he is in virtue, svery noble—noble, certes;

And I shall not blush in knowing, that men call him lowly born!"





## A Vision of Poets.

"O Sacred Essence, lighting me this hour, How may I lightly stile thy great power?

Power.

Power! but of whence? under the greenwood apraye? Or livist in Heaven? saye.

Echo.

In Heavens aye.

In Hea. ens aye! tell, may I it obtayne By alms, by fasting, prayer,—by paine?

By paine,

Show me the pame, it shall be undergone: I to mine end will still go on.

Echo.

Echo.

Go on."

RRITANNIA'S PASTOR 11.º.

A FORT could not sleep aright, For his wall kept up too much light Under his eyelids for the night:

And thus he rose disquieted, With sweet rhymes ringing through his head, And in the forest wandered,

Where, sloping up the darkest glades, The moon had drawn long coloniades, I pon whose floor the veidure fades

To a taint silver pavement fair, The antique Divada scarce would dore To foothint o'er, if such were there,

But tather sit by breathlessly, With tears in their large eyes to see The consecrated sight. But HE— The post—who with spirit-kiss Familiar, had long of timed for his Whatever earthly beauty is,

Who : lso in his spirit bore A Beauty passing the earth's store, Walked calmly onward evermore.

His aimless thoughts in metre went, Like a bake's hand, without intent, Drawn down a seven-stringed instrument.

Nor jurred it with his mood when as, With a faint stirring down the grass, An apparition fair did pass.

He might have feared another time, But all things fair and strange did chime With his the lights then—as rhyme to thy me.

An angel had not startled him, Dropping from Heaven's encyclic rim To breathe from glory in the Dim-

Much less a lady, riding slow Upon a palitey white as snow, And smooth as a snow-cloud could go,

Full "pon his she turned her face,—
"What, ho, sir poet! dost than pace
Our woods at night in ghostly chace

"Of some fair Dryad of old inles, Who chaunts between the nightingales, And over sleep by song prevails?"

She smuled; but he could see arise Her soul from far adown her eyes, Prepared as if for excrifice.

She looked a queen who seemeth gay from 10yal grace alone: "Now, nay," He answered, --" slumber passed away, "Compelled by instincts in my lead, That I should see to-night in tead Of a fair nymph, some fairer Dread."

She looked up quickly to the sky And spake:—"The moon's regality Will hear no praise! she is a. I.

"She is in heaven, and I on earth; This is my kingdom—I come forth To crown all poets to their worth,"

He brake in with a voice that mourned—
"To their worth, lady! They are scorned.
By men they song for, till innined.

"To their worth! Beauty in the mind Leave: the hearth cold; and lo e-refined Ambitions to the the world unkind.

'The boor who ploughs the daisy down, The chief, whose mort age of renown, Fixed upon gives, has bought a crown—

"Both these are happer, more approved Than poets! -Why should I be moved In saying both are more beloved!"

"The south an judge not of the north," She resumed calmly ,' I come forth To crown all poets to their worth.

"Yea, corth,! and to anoint them all With ble-sed oils, which surely shall Smell sweeter as the ages fall."

"As ewect," the poet said and rung
A low sad laugh, "as flowers do, sprung
Out of heir grave, when they die young!

"Ag sweet as window eglantine— Some bough of which, as they decline, The hired nurse plucketh at their sign! " 44 sweet, in short, as perfumed shroud, Which the fair Roman maidens sewed For English Keats, singing aboud."

The lady answered, "Yea, as sweet! The things thou namest being complete In fragrance, as I measure it.

"Since sweet the death-clothes and the knell Of him who, having lived, dies well, ---And holy sweet the asphodel,

"Stirred softly by that foot of his, When he treads brave on all that is, Into the world of souls, from this!

"Since sweet the tears, dropped at the door Of rearless De.th,—and even before: Sweet, conecauted evermore!

"What! dost thou judge it a strange thing, That poets, crowned for conquering, Should bear som: dust from out the ring?

"Come on with me, come on with me;
And learn in coming! Let me free
Thy spirit into verity."

She ceased: her palfrey's paces sent No separate noises as she went,— "Twas a bee's hum—a little spent.

And while the poet seemed to tread Along the drowsy noise so made, The fore-t heaved up overhead

Its billows foliage through the air, And the calm stars did, far and fair, O'er-swim the masses everywhere:

Save where the overtopping panes.

Did bar their tremulous light with lines

All fixed and black. Now the moon shines

A broader glory! You may see The trees grow raret presently,— The air blows up more fresh and free:

Until they come from dark to light, And from the forest to the sight Of the large Heaven-heart, bare with night,—

A flery throb in every star With building arteries that are The conduits of God's life afar,--

A wild brown moorland underneath, Low glimmering here and thither, with White pools in breaks, as blank as death.

Beside the first pool, near the wood, A dead tree in set horror stood, Peeled and disjointed, stark as rood;

Since thunder stricken, years ago, Fixed in the spectral strain and three Wherewith it struggled from the blow:

A monumental tree . . . alone, That will not bend, if tempest-blown, But break off sudden like a stone,—

Its lifeless shadow lies oblique Upou t'e pool,—where, jewelm-like, T'e star-rays quiver while they starke.

"Drink,' said the lady, very still—
"Be holy and cald." He did her will,
And drank the starry water chill.

The next pool they came near unto, Was bare of trees: there, only grew Straight flags and lilies fair to view,

Which sullen on the water pate, And leant their faces on the flat, As weary of the starlight-state. "Drink," said the lady, grave and slow,
"World's use behoveth thee to know."
He drank the bitter wave below.

The third pool, girt with thorny bushes, And flaunting weeds, and reeds and rushes That winds sang through in mournful gushes,

Was whitely smeared in many a round By a slow slime, the starlight swound Over the ghastly light it found.

"Drink," said the lady, sad and slow—
"World's love behoveth thee to know."
He looked to her, commanding so.

Her brow was troubled, but her eye Struck clear to his soul. For all reply He drank the water suddenly,—

Then, with a deathly sickness, passed Beside the fourth pool and the last, Where weights of shadow were down-cast

From yew and cypress, and from trails Of hemlock clasping the trunk-scales, And flung across the intervals

From yew to yew. Who dareth stoop Where those moist branches overdroop, Into his heart the shill stakes up:

He hear a silent, gliding coil— The snakes breathe hard against the soil— Her foot slips in their slimy bil:

And tools seem crawling on his hand, And clinging bars, but dimly scanned, Right in his face their wings expand.

A palene s took the poet's check. . "Must I drink here?" he questioned meek The lady's will, with utterance weak, "

"Ay, ay," she said, "It so must be —
(And this time she spake cheerfully)
"Behoves thee know world's cruelty."

He bowed his forchead till his routh Curved in the wave, and drank unloth, As if from rivers of the south.

His lip cobbed through the water rank, His heart paused in him while he drank, His brain beat heart-like—rose and sank.—

And he swooned backward to a dream, Wherein he lay 'twist gloom and gleam, With Death and Life at each extreme.

And spiritual thunders, born of soul Not cloud, did leap from mystic pole, And o'er him roll and counter-roll,

Crushing their cuhoes reboant
With their cwn wheels. Did Heaven -o grant
His spirit a sign of covenant?

At last came silence. A slow kess Did crown his forehead after this: His eyelids flew back for the bliss.

The lady stood beside his head.

Smiling a thought, with heir dispread!

The moonshine seemed dishevelled

In her sieck tresses manifold; Take Danae's in the rain of old, That dripped with melancholy gold!

But she was holy, pale, and high—As one who saw an eestasy
Beyond a foretold agony.

"Rise up!" said she, with voice where song Eddied through speech—"rise up! be strong; And learn how right avengeth wrong."

The poet 10se up on his feet: He stood before an altar set For sacrament, with vessels meet,

And mystic altar-lights which shine As if their flames were crystalline Carved flames that would not shrink or pine.

The altar filled the central place Of a great church, and toward us face Long airles did shoot and interlace.

And from u a continuou, mist Of incerse (round the edges kis-ed By a pure light of amethyst)

Wound upward slowly and throbbingly, Cloud within cloud, right silverly, Cloud above cloud, victoriously,

Broke full against the arched 100f, And, thence refracting, eddied off, And floated through the marble woof

Of many a fine-wrought architrave,— Then, poising the white masses brave, Swept solemnly down aisle and nave.

And now in dark, and now in light, The countless columns, glimmering white, Seemed leading out to Infinite.

Plunged half-way up the shaf they showed, In the pale shifting inconsectoud Which flowed them by, and overflowed,

Till mist and marble seemed to blend, And the whole temple, at the end, With its own incense to distend;

The arches, like a giant's bow, To bend and slacken,—and below, The niched saints to come and go. Alone, amid the shifting secue, That central altar stood screne In its clear stedfast taper-sheen.

Then first, the poet was aware Of a chief angel standing there Before that altar, in the glare.

His eyes were dreadful, for you saw That they saw God—his lips and jaw, Grand-made and strong, as Sinai's Law

They could enunciate, and refrain From vibratory after-pain; And his brow's height was sovereign—

On the vast background of his wings Arose his image! and he flings, From each plumed arc, pale glitterings

And fivry flakes (as beateth more Or less, the angel-heart!) before, And round him, upon roof and floor,

Edging with are the shifting Aumes. While at his side, 'twixt lights and glooms, The phantasm of an organ booms.

Extending from which instrument And angel, right and left-way sent, The poet's sight grow sentient

Of a strange company around And toward the situr,—pale and crowned, With sovian eyes of depth profound.

Deathful their faces were; and yet The power of his was in them set— Never forgot, nor to forget.

Sullime significance of mouth, Dulated nostril full of youth; And forchead royal with the truth. These faces were not multiplied Beyond your count, but side by side Did front the alter, glorified;

Still as a vision, yet exprest Full as an action—look and geste Of buried saint, in risen rest!

The poet knew them. Faint and dim His spirit seemed to sink in him, ' Then, like a dolphin, change and swim

The current--These were poets true Who died for Beauty, as martyrs do For Truth-- the ends being scarcely two

(icd's prophets of the Beautiful Thèse parts were—of iron rule, The rugged cilix, serge of wool

Here, Homer, with the broad suspense Of thunderous brows, and lips intense Of garrulous god-innocence.

There, Shak-peare! on whose forehead climb The crown of the world! Oh, eyes sublime— With tears and laughters for all time!

Here, Æschylus,—the women swooned To see to awful when he frowned As the gods did,—he standeth crowned.

Emipides, with close and mild Scholastic lips,—that could be wild, And laugh or sob out like a child

Right in the classes. Sophocles, With that king's look which down the trees, Followed the dark effigies

Of the lost Theban! Hesiod old, 5 Who, somewhat blind, and deaf, and cold, Cared most for gods and bulls! and bold Electric Pindar, quick refear, With race-dust on his cheek, and elect Slint startled eyes that seem to hear

The chariot rounding the last goal, To hartle past it in his soul! And Sappho crowned with aureole

Of clon curls on calmed brows— O poet-woman ' none forgoes The leap, attaining the repose!

Theocratus, with glittering locks, Dropt sideway, as between the rocks If watched the visionary flocks!

And Austophanes; who took
The world with mirth, and laughter struck
The hollow caves of Thought and we as

The infinite echoes hid in each And Vigit' shade of Mantian beech Did nelp the chief of Fig. 10 is ali

And I uit around his forehead migh!— For 1 s god, wore it's majesty. Then his brown bees hummed do this sly

Lucietius nobler than his most!
W's dropped his ple must do notice boad
Deep universe, and said "No God,

Fig bug; a pottom! he denied Invinely the divine, and died Chief pection the Tib 1 side,

By grace of God hi free i stein, As one compelled, in pite of 10 n, To teach a furth he could not learn

And Ossian, had seen or resid! Once counted greater tran the rest, When mounted wants of west his vest And Spenser drooped his dreaming head (With languid sleep-smile you had said From his own verse engendered)

On Agosto's, till they ran Their locks in one '—The Italian Shot nimbler heat of bolder man

From his fine lide. And Daute stern And sweet, whose spirit was an urn For wine and milk poured out in turn.

Hard-souled Alfieri; and fancy-willed Boiardo,—who with laughters filled The pauses of the postled shield.

And Bern, with a hand stretched out To sleek that storm! And not without The wreath he died in, and the doubt

He died by, Tasso! bard and lover, Whose visions were too thin to cover The face of a false woman over.

And soft Racine, - and grave Corneille— The orator of rhymes, whose wail Scarce shook his purple! And Petrarch pale,

Who from his brainlit heart bath thrown A thousand thoughts beneath the sun, Each perfumed with the name of One.

And Camoeus, with that look he had, Compelling India's Genius and From the wave through the Lusiad,

With nourners of a purple ocean
Indrawn in vibrative emotion
Along the verse! And while devotion

In his wild eyes fantastic shone
Between the bright curls blown upon
By airs celestial,—Calderon!

And bold De Vega,—who breathed quick 'Song after song, till death's old trick Put pause to life and rhetorick.

And Goethe—with that reaching eye His soul reached out from, far and high, And fell from uner entity.

And Schiller, with beroic front Worthy of Plutarch's kiss up n't,--Too large for wreath of modern wont.

And Chaucer, with his infantine Familiar clasp of things divine— That mark upon his lip is wine

Here Milton's eyes strike piercing-dim! The shapes of suns and stare did swim Like clouds from them, and granted him

God for sole vision! Covey, there, Whose active fancy deconaire Drew straws like amber—foul to fair.

Drayton and Browne,—with sniles they drew From outward Nature, to renew From their own inward nature true.

And Mariowe, Webster, Fletcher, Ben-Whose fire-hearts sowed our factors, when The world was worthy of such men.

And Burns, with pungent partonings Set in his eyes. Deep lyric springs Are of the fire-mount's is rings.

And Shelley, in his white ideal, All statue-blind; and Keats the real Adonis, with the hymeneal

Fresh vernal buds half sunk between His youthful curls, kissed straight and sheen In his Rome-grave, by Venus queen. And poor, proud Byron,—sad as grave And salt as life! forlornly brave, And quivering with the dart he drave.

And visionary Coleridge, who Did sweep his thoughts as angels do Their wings, with cadence up the Blue.

These poets faced (and other more)
The lighted altar hosming o'er
The clouds of incense-dim and hoar:

And all their faces, in the lull Of natural things, looked wonderful With life and death and deathless rule!

All, still as stone, and yet intense;
As if by spirit's vehemence
That stone were carved, and not by sense.

All still and calm as statue stone! The life lay coiled unforegone Up in the awful eyes alone,

And flung its length out through the air Into whatever eyes should dare To front them—Awful shapes and fair!

But where the heart of each should beat, There seemed a wound instead of it, From whence the blood dropped to their feet,

Loron after drop—dropped heavily, As century follows century Into the deep eternity.

Then said the lady—and her word Came distant,—as wide waves were stirred Between her and the ear that heard;—

"World's use is cold—world's love is vain,— World's cruelty is bitter bane; But pain is not the fruit of pain.

- "Hearken, O poet, whom I led From the dark wood! Dimissing dread, Now hear this angel in my stead.
- "His organ's pedals strike along These poets' hearts, which menu trong, They gave him without count of wrong,—
- "From which foundation he can guide Up to God's feet, from these who died, An anthem fully glorified!
- "Whereat God's blessing . . . IBARAK ("")")
  Breathes back this music—folds it back
  About the earth in vapoury rack:
- "And men walk in it, crying 'Lo! The world is wider, and we know The very heavens look brighter so!
- "'The stars walk statelier round the edge O' the silver spheres, and give in pledge Their light for nobler privilege.
- "'No little flower but joys or grieves— Full life is mustling in the sheaves; Full spirit weeps the forest-leaves!'
- "So works this must on the earth! God so admits it, sends it forth,
  To add another work to worth—
- "A new creation-bloom that founds. The old creation, and expounds. His Beautiful in tuneful sounds.
- "Now hearken!" Then the Poet gazed Upon the angel glorious-faced, Whose hand, majestically taused.

Freated across the organ keys, Lake a pule moon o'er murrauring seas, With no touch but with influences. Then rose and fell (with swell and swould Of shapeless noises wandering round A concord which at last they found)

Those mystic key4— the tones were mixed, Dim, faint; and thrilled and throbbed betwirt The incomplete and the unixed;

And therein ringhty minds were heard in mighty mu ings, inly stirred, And struggling outward for a word.

Until these su ges, having run This way and that, gave out as one An Aphiodite of sweet time,

A Harmony that finding vent, Upward in grand ascension went, Winged to a heavenly aig ment—

Up, upward! lik a can who strips The shroud back from his eyes and hps, And rises in the allypse!

A Harmony wolume and plain
Which cleft (as flying swan, the rain,—
Throwing the drope off with a strain

Of her white wing) the a undertones
Of perplex, chords, and seared at ones.
And struck out from the starty the mes

Their several silver octains, as
It proved to God! The music was
Of divine stature—strong to pass!

And those who heard it, understood Something of life in first and blood— Something of nature's fair and good

And while it sounded, those great rouss Did third as racers at the goals, And burn in all their aureoles. But she, the lady, as vapour-bound, Stood calmly in the joy of sound,— Like Nature with the showers around.

And when it ceased, the blood which fell, Again, alone grew audible, Tolling the silence as a bell.

The sovian sugel lifted high His hand, and spake out sovianly— "Tried poets, hearken and reply!

"Give me true answers. If we grant That not to suffer, is to want The conscience of the Jubilant.—

"It innorance of anguish is
But ignorance; and mortals miss
Far prospects, by a level bliss,—

"If as two colours must be viewed In a seen image, mortals should Need good and evil, to see good,—

"If to speak nobly, comprehends
To feel profoundly—if the ends
Of power and suffering, Nature blends,—

"If poets on the tripod must Writhe like the Pythan, to make just Their oracles, and merit trust,—

"It every varie word that sweeps
To change the world, must pale their lips.
And leave their own souls in eclipse—

"If to search deep the universe,— Must piece the searcher with the curse,— Because that bolt (in man's reverse),

"Was shot to the heart o' the wood, and lies Wedged deepest in the best!—it eyes That look for visions and surprise "From marshalled angels, must shut down Their lids, first, upon sun and moon, The head asleep upon a stone,—

"If ONE who did redeem you back, By His own lack, from final lack, Did consecrate by touch and track

"Those temporal sorrows, till the taste Of brackish waters of the waste Is salt with tears He dropt too fast,—

"If all the crowns of earth must would With packing, of the thorns He found,— If saidest sight well sweetest sound,—

"What say we unto this ?--refuse This baptism in salt water?--eloose Calm breasts, mute lip-, and labour loose?

"Or, oh ye gifted givers! ye Who give your liber il hearts to me, To make the world this harmony,—

' Are ye resigned that they be spent To such world's help '"-

Their awful br w. and said-"Content!"

Content! it sounded like 4s on, Said by a choir of mouning men-An affirmation full of page.

And patience ' -as, of glorying, And adoration,--as a king Might seal an eath for governing.

Then said the angel—and his face Lightened abroad until the place Grew larger for a moment's space—

The long aisles flashing out in light, And nave and transept, columns white, And arches crossed, being clear to sight,

As if the roof were off, and all , Stood in the noon-sun,—"Lo: I call To other hearts as liberal.

"This pedal strikes out in the air! My instrument hath room to bear Still fuller strains and perfecter.

"Herein is room, and shall be room While Time lasts, for new hearts to come Consummating while they consume.

"What living man will bring a gift Of his own heart, and help to lift The tune?—The race is to the swift!"

So asked the angel. Straight the while, A company came up the aisle With measured step and sorted smile;

Cleaving the meense-clouds that rise, With winking unaccustomed eyes, And love-locks smelling sweet of space.

One bore his head above the rest, As if the world were disposeed— And one did pillow ca'm on breast,

Right languid—an as he should faint!
One shook his curls across his paint,
And moralised on worldly taint.

One, slanting up his face, did wink.
The salt rheum to the eyelid's brink,
To think —O gods! or—not to think!

Some trod out stealthily and slow, As if the sun would fall in snow, If they walked to, instead of fro. And some with conscious ambling free, Did shake their bells right daintily On hand and foot, for harmony.

And some composing sudden sighs, In attitudes of point-device, Rehearsed impromptu agonies.

And when this company drew near The spirits crowned, it might appear Submitted to a ghastly fear.

As a sane eye in master-passion Constrains a maniac to the fashion Of hideous maniac imitation

In the least geste—the dropping low O' the lid—the wrinkling of the brow,— Exaggerate with muck and mow,—

So, mastered was that company By the crowned vision utterly, Swayed to a maniac mockery.

One dulled his cychalls, as they ached With Homer's forchead—though he lacked An inch of any! And one racked

His lower lip with restless tooth,— As Pindar's rashing words for sooth Were pent behind it. One, his smooth

Pink cheeks, did rumple passionate, Like Æschylus—and tried to prate On trolling tongue, of fate and fate!

One set her eyes like Sappho's—or Any light woman's I one forbore Like Dante, or any man as poor

In mirth, to let a smile undo

His hard shut lips. And one, that drew
Sour humours from his mother, blew

His sunken cheeks out to the size Of most unuatural jollities, Because Anacreon looked post-wise.

So with the rest.—It was a sigh.

For great world-laughter, as it might

For great world-wrath, with equal right!

Out came a speaker from that crowd, To speak for all—in sleek and proud Exordial periods, while he bowed

His knee before the angel.—"Thus, O angel, who hast called for us, We bring thee service emulous,—

- "Fit service from sufficient soul— Hand-service, to receive world's dole— Lip-service, in world's ear to roll
- "Adjusted concords—soft enow To hear the wine cups passing, through, And not too grave to spoil the show.
- "Thou, certes, when thou askest more, O sapient angel, leanest o'er. The window-sill of metaphor.
- "To give our hearts up! fic!—That rage Barbarig, antedates the age! It is not done on any tage.
- "Because your scald or gleeman went With seven or nine-stringed instrument Upon his pack—'nust ours be bent?
- "We are not pilgrime, by your leave, No, nor yet martyrs! if we grieve, It is to rhyme to . . . summer eve.
- 'And if we labour, it shall be As suiteth best with our degree, In after-dinner reverie."

More yet that speaker would have said, l'orang between his smiles fair-fed, feach separate phrase till finished;

But all the foreheads of those born And dead true poets flashed with scorn Betwixt the bay leaves round them worn-

Ay, jetted such brave fire, that they, The new-come, shrank and paled away, Like leaden ashes when the day

Strikes on the hearth! A spirit blast, A presence known by power, at list Took them up mutely—they had passed!

And he, our pilgrim-poet, saw Only their places, in deep awe,— What time the angel's smile did d:aw

His gazing upward. Smiling on, The angel in the angel shone, Revealing glory in benison.

Till, ripened in the light which shut The poet in, his spirit mute Dropped sudden, a a perfect fruit.

He fell before the angel's feet, Saying—'If what is true is sweet, In omething I may compass it.

"For, where my worthiness is poor, My will stands richly at the door, To pay short comings evermore.

"Accept me therefore—Not for price, And not for pride, my sacrifice Is tendered! for my soul is nice,

"And will beat down those dusty seeds
Of bearded corn, if she succeeds
In searing while the covey feeds.

"I soar—I am drawn up like the lark
To its white cloud! So high my mark,
Albeit my wing is small and dark!

"I ask no wages—seek no fame?
Sew me, for shroud round face and name,
God's banner of the orifiamme.

"I only would have leave to loose (In tears and blood, if so He choose, Mine inward music out to use.

"I only would be spent—in pain And loss, perchance—but not in vain, Upon the sweetness of that strain,—

"Only project, beyond the bound Of mine own life, so lost and found, My voice, and live on in its sound,—

"Only embrace and be embraced By fiery end 5--whereby to waste, And light God's future with my past!"

The angel's smile grew more divine— The mortal speaking—ay, its shine Swelled fuller, like a choir-note fine,

Till the broad gloriole, round his brow, Did vil rate with the light below; But what he said I do not know.

Nor know I if the man who prayed, Rose up accepted, unforbade, From the church floor where he was laid,—

Nor if a listening life did run Through the king-poets, glossing down Their eyes capacious of renown.

My soul, which was these things, was blind By what it looked on! I can find No certain count of things behind.

I saw alone, dim white and grand As in a dream, the angel's hand Stretched forth in gesture of command,

Straight through the haze—And so, as east, A strain, more noble than the first, Muscal in the organ, and outburst.

With giant march from floor to roof, Rose the full notes; now parted off In pauses massively aloof,

Like measured thunders; now rejoined In concords of mysterious kind, Which won together sense and mind!

Now flashing sharp on sharp along, Exultant, in a mounting throad,— Now dying off into a song

Fed upon minors,—starry sounds Moved on tree paced, in silver rounds, Enlarging liberty with bounds.

And every rhythm that seemed to close, Survived in confluent underflows, Symphonious with the next that rose:

Thus the whole strain being multiplied And greatened, — with its glorified Win, s shot abrowd from side to side.—

Waved backwards (as a wird might wave A Brocken mist, and with as brave Wild touring) arch as d architeave,

Aisle, transept, column, marble wall,— Then swelling outward, produgal Of aspiration beyond thrall,

Soared,— and drew up with it the whole Of this said vision—as a soul Is raised by a thought! and as a role Of bright devices is unrolled Still upward, with a gradual gold,— So rose the vision manifold,

Angel and organ, and the round Of spirit, solumnised and crowned, --While the freed clouds of incense wound

Ascending, following in their track, And glimmering family, like the rack O' the moon, in her own light cast back.

And as that solemn Dream withdrew, The tady's kiss did fall anes Cold on the poet's brow as dew.

And that some kiss which bound him first Beyond the senses, now reversed Its own law, and most subtly pierced

His spirit with the sense of things Sensual and present. Vanishings Of glory, with Æo'r at wings

Struck him and passed: the lady's free Did melt back in the chry-opras Of the orient morning sky that was

Yet clear of lark, —and there and so She melted as a star might do Still souting as she needed -stew:

Similing so slow, he seemed to see Her smile the last thing, gloriously, Beyond her—far as memory !

Then he cooked round! he was alone -He key before the breaking sun, As Jacob at the Bethel stone.

And thought's entangled skein being wound, the knew the moorland of his swound, And the pale pools that scared the ground. — The for wood-pines, like offing ships— The fourth pool's yew anear him drips— World's cruelty attaints his lips;

And still he tastes it—bitter still— Through all that glorious possible He had the sight of present ill!

Yet rising calmly up and slowly, With such a cheer as scorneth folly, And mild delightsome melancholy,

He journeyed homeward through the wood, And prayed along the solitude, Betwixt the pines.—"O God, my God!"

The golden morning' open flowings

1nd sway the trees to murmureus howing,—
In metric chant of blessed poems.

And passing homeward through the wood, He prayed along the solitude. -"Thou, Poet-God, art great and good!

"And though we mut have, and have had Right reason to be earthly sad, -THOW, Poet-God, art great and glad."

## CONCLUSION.

Life treads on life, and heart on heart— We press too close in church and mart, To keep a dream or grave apart.

And I was 'ware of walking down That same green forest where had gone The poet-pilgrim. One by one Itraced his footsteps! From the east A red and tender radiance pre-sed Through the near trees, until I gues ed

The sun behind shone full and round; While up the leafiness profound A wind scarce old enough for sound

Stood ready to blow on me when I turned that way, and now and then The birds sang and brake off again

To shake their pretty feathers dry Of dew which slideth droppingly From the leaf-edges, and apply

Back to their song. "Twixt dew and bird So sweet a silence ministered, God seemed to use it for a word.

Yet morning souls did leap and run In all things as the least had won A joyous insight of the sun.

And no one looking round the wood Could help confessing, as he stood, This Post-God is glad and good!

But hark 'a distant sound that grows 'A heaving, sinking of the boughts—
A rustling murmur, not of these!

A breezy no re, which is not breeze! And white-clast children by degrees Steal out in troops among the trees;

Fair little children, morning-bright, With faces grave, yet soft to sight, --Expressive of re-trained delight.

Some plucked the palm-boughs within reach, And others leapt up high to catch The upper boughs, and shake from each A rain of dew, till, wetted so, The child who held the branch let go, And it swang backward with a flow

Of faster diippings. Then I knew.

The children laughed—but the laugh flew
From its own chirrup, as might do

A frightened song-bird; and a child Who seemed the chief, and very mild, "Hush! keep this morning undefiled."

His eyes rebuked them from calm spheres; His soul upon his brow appears In waiting for more holy years.

I called the child to me, and said,
"What are your palms for ?"—."To be spread,"
He answered, "on a poet dead

"The poet died last month; and now The world, which had been somewhat slow In honouring his living brow,

· Commands the palms—They must be strown On his new marble very soon, In a procession of the town."

I sighed and said, "Did he loresee Any such henour?" "Verily I cannot tell you, 'answered ne.

"But this I knew,—I fain would lay Mine own head down, another day, As he did,—with the fame away.

"A hly, a friend's hand had plucked.

Lay by his death-bed, which he looked

As deep down as a bee had sucked;

"Then, turning to the lattice, gazed O'er hill and river, and upraised His eyes illumined and amazed

- 'With the world's beauty, up to God, Re-offering on his iris broad, The images of things bestowed
- "By the chief Poet,—'God!' he cried,
  'Be praised for anguish, which has tried;
  For beauty, which has satisfied;—
- "'For this world's presence, half within And half without me—sound and scene—This sense of Being and Having been.
- "'I thank Thee that my soul hath 100m
  For Thy grand world! Both guests may on.
  Beauty, to soul—Body, to tomb!
- "'I am content to be so weak,—
  P it strength into the words I speak,
  And I am strong in what I seek.
- "I am content to be so bare Before the archers! everywhere My wounds being stroked by heavenly air
- "I laid my soul before Thy feet, That Im uses of fair and -weet Should walk to other nich in it.
- "'I am content to hel the step
  Of each pure image!—Let the c keep
  To mandragore, who care to sleep
- "I am ontent to touch the brink Of the other goblet, and I think My bitter drink a wholesome drink
- ""Because my portion was issigned Wholesome and bitter—Thou art kind, And I am blessed to my mind
- "'(affed for giving, I receive
  The maythorn, and its scent butgive!
  I grieve not that I once did gueve.

"In my large joy of sight and touch Beyond what others count for such, I am content to suffer much.

"'I know—is all the mourner sath,— Knowledge by suffering entereth; And Life is perfected by Death!'"

The child spake nolly. Strange to hear, His infantine soft accents clear, Charged with high meanings, did appear,—

And fair to see, his form and face,—-Winged out with whiteness and pure grace From the green darkness of the place.

Behind his head a palm-tree grew:

An orient beam, which pierced it through,
Transversely on his forehead drew

The figure of a palm-branch brown, Traced on its brightness, up and down In fine fair lines,—a shadow-crown

Guido might paint his angels so - A little angel, taught to go, With holy words to sunts below.

Such innocence of action yet Significance of object met In his whole bearing strong and sweet.

And all the children, the whe'e band, Did round in rosy reverence stand, Each with a palm-bough in his hand.

"And so he died," I whispered; —"Nay, Not so," the childish voice did say—
"That poet turned him, first, to pray

"In silence; and God heard the rest, Twirt the sun's footsteps down the west. Then he called one who loved him best, "Yea, he called softly through the room (His voice was weak yet tender) - 'Come,' He soid, 'come nearer! Let the bloom

"'Of life grow over, undersed, This bridge of Death, which is not widet shall be soon at the other side.

"'( ome, kiss me!' So the one in truth
Who loved him best—in love, not ruth,
Bowed down and kissed him mouth to mouth.

"And, in that kiss of Live, was won lafe's manumission! All was done—
The mouth that kissed list, kissed alone?

"But in the former, cont'n at kies, The same was scaled, I think, by Hi, To we, 's of truth and uprightness."

The child's voice trembled- his hip-shook, lake a rose leaning o'er a brook, Which vibrates, though it is not truck.

"And who, I a ked, a little moved, Yet conjugacyed," was this that loved And kissed him bot, as it believed?"

"I," softly and the child, and then, "I," said be louder, once a, an "His on. -my rank is at ong men

"And now that men exalt his name, I come to gather palms with them, That holy Love may hallow Pame.

"He did not die alone; nor should His memory live so, 'mid the ciudo World-praisers—a worse solitude.

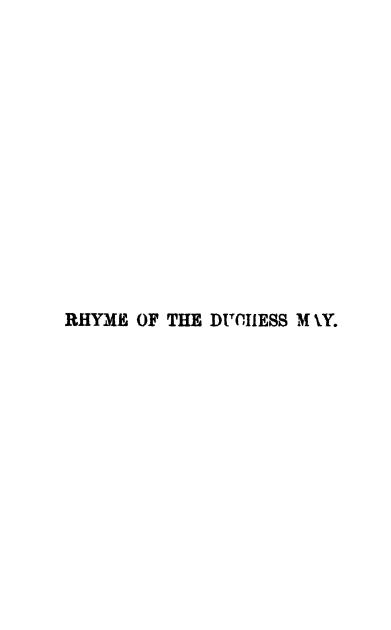
"Me, a voice calleth to that tomb Where these are strewing branch and bloom, Saying come nearer! - and I come. "Glory to God!" resumed he,— And his eyes smiled for victory O'er their own tears, which I could see

Fallen on the palm, down cheek and chin—
"That poet now hath entered in
The place of rest which is not sin.

"And while he rests, his songs, in troops, Walk up and down our earthly slopes, Companioned by diviner Hopes."

"But thou," I murmured,—to engage The child's speech farther—"hast an age Too tender for this orphanage."

"Glory to God—to God!" he saith—
"RNOWLEDGE BY SUPPERING PRIERTE;
AND LIFE IS PERFECTED BY DE., IR!"





.

## Rhyme of the Duchess May.

- In the belfry, one by one, went the ringers from the sun,—

  Toli slowly!
- And the oldert ringer said, d Ours is music for the Dead, When the rebecks are all done,"
- Six abeiles i' the kirkyard grow, on the northside un view,—
  Toll slovly!
- And the shadows of their tops, took across the little slope Of the grassy graves below.
- On the south si !c and the west, a small river runs in haste,—

  Tott slowly !
- And between the river flowing, and the fair green trees a growing,

Do the dead he at their rest

- On the east I sate that day, up against a willow grey: Till slouly !
- Through the ram of willow-bran hes, I could see the low hillianges,

And the river on its way.

- There I sate leneath the tree, and the beil tolled solemnly,—

  Toll slowly '
- While the trees' and rivers' voices flowed between the solemn noises. --
  - Yet death seemed more loud to me.
- There I read thus moment rhyme, while the bell did all the
   time

Toll slowly !

And the solemn knell fell in with the tale of life and ain,

• Like a rhythmic fate sublime.

## THE RHYME.

- Bi red the tore i stood (I read) on the hills of Linteged—

  Tall slowly!
- And three hunds d years had stood, mute adown each hoary wood,

Like a full heart, having prayed.

- And the little birds ang east, and the little birds sang west,—

  Toll Joseph !
- And but little thought was theirs, of the silent antique years,
  In the building of their nest.
- Down the san dropt, large and red, on the towers of Linteged,— To'l slowly!
- Lance and speath-ad on the height, building strange in fiery light,

While the castle stood in shade.

There, the castle stood up black, with the red sun at its back,—

Toll slouly!

- Like a sullen smouldering pyre, with a top that flickers fire, When the wind is in its track.
- And five hundred archers tall did besiege the cartle wall,—

  Toll slowly!
- And the castle, seethed in blood, fourteen days and nights had stood,

And to-night, anears its fall.

- Yet thereunto, blind to doom, three months since, a bride did come,—

  Tall slowly '
- One who proudly trod the floors, and softly whispered in the doors,

"May good angels bless our home'

Oh, a bride of queenly eyes, with a front of constancies,—

Toll slowly!

Oh, a bride of cordial mouth,—where the untired smile of youth

Did light outward its own sighs.

'Twas a Duke's fair orphan-girl, and her uncle's ward, the Earl

Toll slowly !

Who betrothed her twelve years old, for the sake of dowry gold,

To his son Lord Leigh, the churl.

But what time she had made good all her years of womanhood,—

Toll slowly!

Unto both those lords of Leigh, spake she out right sovranly, "My will runneth as my blood."

"And while this same blood makes red this same right hand's veint," she said,—

Toll slowly !

"Tis my will, as lady free, not to wed a lord of Leigh, But Sir Guy of Linteged."

The old Earl he smiled smooth, then he sighed for wilful youth,—

Toll slowly!

"Good my niece, that hand withal, looketh somewhat soft and small,

For so large à will, in sooth."

She, too, smiled by that same sign,—but her smile was cold and fine,—

Toll slowly !

"Little hand clasps muckle gold; or it were not worth the hold

" Of thy son, good uncle mine!"

Then the young lord jerled his breath, and sware thickly in his teeth,—

Toll slowly!

"He would well his own betrothed, an she loved him an she loathed.

Let the life come or the death."

Up she rose with somful eves, as her father's child might

Toll s wly!

"Thy hound's blood, my Lord of Leigh, tune the knightly heel," quoth she,

"Though he moans not where he hes,

- "But a woman's will dres har a, in the hall or on the sward "—

  To!" slowly!
- "By the grave, my lords, which made me, orphaned gul and deword lady,

  I deny you wife and ward."
- Unto each she bowed her head, and swept past with lofty traid,-

Tol' storoly!

- Ere the midnight bell had crased, in the chapel had the priest Ble-sed her, bride of Linteged
- Fast and fun the bridal train, at mg the night-storm rade amam: -

Toll slot by !

Wild the steeds of lord and surf, struct then hoofs out on the turf,

In the pauses of the rain

Fast and fun, the kinsmen's train, along the storm pursued amain—

Toll storely!

Steed on steed-track, dashing of -thickening doubling, hoof on hoof,

In the pauses of the rain.

And the bridegroom led the flight, on his red-roan steed of might,—

Toll slow u !

And the bride lay on his arm, still, as if she feared no harm,
Smiling out into the night.

"Dost thou fear?" he wild at last .—" Nav!" she answered him in hacte,—

''oll slowly!

"Not such death as we could find—only life with one behind— Ride on fast as fear—ride fast!"

Up the mountain wheeled the steed—guth to ground, and fetlocks spread,—

Toll slowly?

Headlong bounds, and rocking flanks,—down he staggered-down the banks,

To the towers of Linteged.

High and low the serfs looked out, red the flambeaus tos of about,—

Toll slowly!

In the countyard rose the cry-"Lave the Duches and Sin Guy!"

But she never heard them shout.

On the steed she dropt her cheek, kessed his mane and kissed his neck.

Toll slowly!

"I had happier died by thee, than lived on a Luly Leign,"
Were the words shich she did speak.

But a three months' joyaunce lay 'wixt that moment and to-day,---

Toll alorely !

When five hundred archer: tall, stand beside the castle wall, To recapture Duchess May.

- And the cartle standeth black, with the red sun at its back,—

  Totl slowly !
- And a hetright's siege 1 don:—and, except the Duchess, none
  ('in misdoub' the coming wrack.
- Then the captain, young Lord Leigh, with his eye so grey of bloc. —

Till slowly !

And thin lips, that scarcely sheathe the cold white gnashing of his teeth,

Gnashed in smiling, absently,-

( ned aloud-"So goes the day, bridegroom fair of Duchess May !"--

Toll slowly !

- 'I ook thy last upon that sun If thou seest to-morrow's one, 'Twill be through a foot of clay.
- "Ha, far bride! Dost hear no sound, save that moaning of the no ind?"—

Toll slowly !

"Thou and I have parted troth,—yet I keep my vengeanceouth,

And the other may come tornd.

"Ha' the will is been to dare, and thy new love past compare,"-

Till slowly !

"Yet thine old love's faulthion brave is as strong a thing to have,

A the will of Luly fair.

"Peck on blindly, netted dove '-if a wife's name thee labove,"-

Toll slowly !

'Thou shalt wear the same to-morrow, ere the grave has hid the sorrow

Ot thy Last ill-mated love.

"O'er his fixed and silent mouth, thou and I will call back troth,"—

Toll slowly !

- "He shall altar be and priest,- and he will not cry at least
  "I forbid you.—I am loth!"
- "I will wring thy fingers pale, in the gauntlet of my mail,"—
  " Toll slowly!
- "'Little hand and muckle gold' close shall lie within my hold,

As the sword did to prevail."

- O the little birds sang cast, and the little birds sang west --Toll slowly!
- O and laughed the Duchess May, and her soul did put awa, All his box ting, for a jest.
- in her chamber da! she sit, laughing low to think of it, -To?! slowly!
- "Tower is strong and will is free—thou canst boast, my Lord of Leigh,—
  - But thou boastert little wit."
- In her tire-glass gaved she, and she blushed right womanly,— 2 oil slowly!
- She blushed half from her disdan--half, her beauty was so plain,

-"Oath for eath, my lord of Leigh "

Straight the called her maidens in-"Since ye gave me bland herein,"-

Toll slowly!

- "That a bridal such as mine, should lack gaude to make it fine,
  - · Come and shrive me from that sin.
- # It is three months gone to day, since I gave mine hand away."—

"Bring the gold and bring the gem, we will keep bride state in them,

While we keep the foe at hay.

"On your arms I loose mine hair ;--comb it smooth and crown it fair,"--

Toll slowly!

- "I would look in purple-pall, from this lattice down the wall.

  And threw scorn to one that's there!"
- O the little birds sang east, and the little birds sang west,—

  Tell slowly !
- On the tower the casile's lord leant in silence on his sword, With an anguish in his breast.
- With a spirit-laden weight, did he lean down passionate,—

  Toll slowly i
- They have almost supped the wall,—they will enter therewithal,

With no knocking at the gate.

Then the sword he leant upon, shivered—snapped upon the stone,—

Toli slovoly!

"Sword," he thought, with inward laugh, "ill thou servest for a staff,

When thy nobler use is done!

"Sword, thy nobler use is done!—tower is lost, and shame begun:"—

Toll slowly !

"If we met them in the breach, hilt to hilt or speech to speech,

We should die there, each for one.

"If we met them at the wall, we should singly, vainly fall,"--

Toli slovely!

"But if I die here alone,—then I die, wh am but one,
And die nobly for them all.

"Five true friends lie for my sake- in the most and in the brake,"--

Toll souly '

"Thirteen warriors he at 10 t with a black wound in the breast,

And none of the 2 will wake.

'And no more of this shall be '-heart blood weighs too heavily,"---

Tall Jo day

"And I could not sleep in crave with the faithful and the

Heaped arous d and over n e.

"Since young Clar' a mother both, on young Raiph a plighted faith,"—

Toll stocks.'

'since my pale young sister's cheek blush like rose when Ronald speak;

Though never a word at a auth-

"These shall never the for ree- life-blood full too heavily.'—

Toil slowly!

"And if I die here apart, -c'er n'y de vland deut heart.
They shall pas out safe all tree

"When the foe hath heard it said Douth bolds Guy of Linteged,"-

Toll slow'y

"That new core n.w peace shall bring, and a blessed, blessed thing,

Shall the stone be at it head

"Then my friends shall pass out free, and shall hear my niemory,"—

Zoll slowly!

"Then my foes shall sleek their prote, soothing tair my widowed bride,

Whose sole sin was love of me.

"With their words all smooth and sweet, they will front her and entreat:"

## Toll elowh!

"And their purple pall will spread underneath her fainting head,

While her tears drop over it.

"She will weep her woman's tears, she will pray her woman's prayers,"—

Toll slowly !

"But her heart is young in pain, and her hopes will spring again

By the suntime of her years.

"All, sweet May—ah, sweetest gruf!—once I vowed thee my belief,—

Toll slowly!

"That the name expressed the sweetness,—May of poets, in completeness!

Now my May-day seemeth brief"

All these silent thoughts did swim o'et his eyes grown strange and dim,—

Toll slowery !

Till his true men in the place, wished they stood there face to face

With the fue instead of him

"One last oath, my friends, that wear faithful hearts to do and dare!"---

Toll slowly !

"Tower must fall, and bride be lost!—swear me service worth the cost,"

-Bold they stood around to swear,

"Each man clasp my hand, and swear, by the deed we failed in there,"—

Toll slowly!

"Not for vergeance, not for right, will ye strike one ble w to night!"-

Pale they stood around -to swear.

"One last boon, young Ralph and Clare! taithful hearts to do and dare!"--

Toll slowly !

"Bring that steed up from his stall, which she kissed before you all,-

(fuide him up the turret-stair.

"Ye shall harness him aright, and lead upward to this height!"-

Toll slowly!

Once in love and twee in war, bath he borne me strong and far,-

He shall bear me far to-night."

- Then his men looked to and t.o. when they heard him speaking 80,---Toll sloulu!
- -"Las! the noble hear," they thought, "he m sooth is grief distraught.-

Would, we stood here with the foe :"

- But a fire flashed from his eye, 'twixt their the ught and their reply,- -Toll slowly
- "Have ye so much time to waste? We who ride here, must ride fart.

As we wish our foes to fly."

- They have fetched the steed with care, in the harness he did wear,---
- Toll slowly! Past the court and through the doors, across the rushes of the floors :
  - . But they shad him up the stair.

Then from out her bower-chambère, did the Duchess May repair,—

Toll slowly !

"Tell me now what is your need," said the lady, "of this steed,

That ye goad him up the stair?"

Calm she stood! unbodkined through, fell her dark hair to her shoe,—

Toll slowly!

- And the smile upon her face, ere she left the tiring-glass, Had not time enough to go.
- "(let thee back, sweet Duchess May! hope is gone like yesterday,"—

  Toll slowly!
- "One half-hour completes the breach; and thy lord grows wild of speech.—

Get thee in, sweet lady, and pray.

"In the east tower, high'st of all,—loud he cries for steed from stall,"—

Toll slowly !

- "'He would ride as far,' quoth he, 'as for love and victory,
  Though he rides the castle-wall.'
- "And we fetch the teed from stall, up where never a hoof did fall."—

Toll slowly!

"Wifely prayer meet: deathly need! may the sweet Heavens hear thee plead,

If ne rides the castle-wall."

Low she dropt her head, and lower, till her hair coiled on the floor,—

Toll slowly !

And tear after tear you heard, fall distinct as any word Which you might be listening to .

"Get thee in, thou soft ladio !-here is never a place for thee!"-

Toll slowly !

"Braid thine hair and clasp thy gown, that thy beauty in its moan

May find grace with Leigh of Leigh,"

She stood up in bitter case, with a pale yet steady face,—
''oll slowly!

Like a statue thunderstruck, which, though quivering, scems to look

Right against the thunder-place.

And her foot tred in, with pride, her own there i' the stone beside,—

Toll slowly!

"Go to, faithful friends, go to! - Judge no more what ladies

No, nor how their lords may ride ! "

Then the good steed's rein she took, and his neck did kiss and stroke:—

Toll slowly !

Soft he neighed to answer her; and then followed up the stair,

For the love of her sweet look.

Oh, and steeply, steeply wound up the narrow stair around,—

Toll slowly!

Oh, and closely, closely speeding, step by step beside her treading,

Did he follow, meek as hound.

On the east tower, high'st of all,—there, where never a hoof did fall,—

Toll slowly!

Out they swept, a vision steady,—noble steed and lovely lady, Calm as if in bower or stall! Down she knelt at her lord's knee, and she looked up silently,—

Toll slowly !

and he kissed her twice and thrice, for that look within her

Which he could not bear to sec.

- Quoth he, "Get thee from this strife,—and the sweet saints bless thy life!"—

  Toll slowly!
- "In this hour, I stand in need of my noble red-roan steed— But not of my noble wife."
- Qoth she, "Meekly have I done all thy biddings under sun:"—

Toll slowly!

· But by all my womanhood,—which is proved so, true and good,

I will never do this one.

- "Now by womanhood's degree, and by wifehood's verity," Toll slowly!
- "In this hour if theu hast need of thy noble red-roan steed, Thou hast also need of me.
- "By this golden ring ye see on this lifted hand pardie,"-- Toll slowly!
- If the hour, on cartle-wall, can be room for steed from stall, Shall be also room for me.
- "So the sweet saints with me be" (did the utter solemnly),—
  Toll slowly!
- "If a man, this eventide, on this castle-wall will ride, He shall ride the same with ma."
- Oh, he sprang up in the selle, and he laughed out bitter well,—

  Toll slowly!

"Wouldst thou ride among the leaves, as we used on other . eves,

To hear chime a vesper-bell?"

She "lang clo er to his knee-' A,c, beneath the cypresstree!"—

Toll slowly !

- "Mock me not; for otherwhere, than along the greenwood fair,
  - .Have I ridden fast with thee!
- "Fast I rode, with new-made vows, from my angry kinsman's house!"—

Toll stroly !

"What I and would you men should reck, that I dared more for love's sake,

As a bride than as a spouse?

"What, and would you it should fall, as a proverb, before all,"—

Toll slowly !

"That a bride may keep your side, while through castle-gate you ride,

Yet eschew the castle-wall?"

Ho! the breach yawns into run, and roars up against her suing,—

Toll slowly!

With the inarticulate din, and the dreadful falling in— Shrieks of doing and undoing!

Twice he wrung her hands in twain; but the small hands thosed again,—

Toll slowly!

Back he reined the steed—back, back! but she trailed along his track,

\*With a frantic clasp and strain!

Evermore the formen pour through the crash of window and door,—

Toll slowly !

And the shouts of Leigh and Leigh, and the shricks of "kill!" and "flee!"

Strike up clear the general roar.

Thrice he wrung her hands in twain,—out they closed and clung again,—

Toll slowly !

Wild the clung, as one, withstood, clasps a Christ upon the rood.

In a spasm of deathly pain.

She clung wild and she clung mute,—with her shuddering lips half-shut,—

Toli slowly !

Her head fallen as in swound,—hair and knee swept on the ground,—

She clung wild to stirrup and foot.

Back he reined his steed, back-thrown on the slippery copingstone,—

Inll slowly !

Buck the iron heeficial grind, on the battlement behind, Whence a hundred feet went down.

And his heel did press and good on the quivering flank bestrode,

Toll slowly ! -

"Friends, and brothers! save my wife!—Pardon, sweet, in change for life,—

But I ride alone to God!"

Straight as if the Holy name did upbreathe her as a flame,—

Toll slowly:

She upsprang, she rose upright!—in his selle she sate in sight:

By her love she overcame.

And her head was on his breast, where she smiled as one at

Toll slowly!

"Bing," she cried, "O vesper-bell, in the beechwood's old chapelle!

But the passing-bell rings best."

They have caught out at the rein, which Sir (luy threw loose -in vain,-

Toll slowly !

For the horse in stark de-pair, with his front hoofs poised in air, On the last verge, tears amain.

And he hange, he rocks between—and his nostrals curdle in,—

Toll slowly!

And he shivers head and hoof—and the flakes of foam fall off, And his face grows fierce and thin!

And a look of human woe, from his staring eyes did go,— Toll slowly !

And a sharp cry uttered he, in a forefold agony
Of the headlong death below,----

And, "Ring, ring, thou passing-bell," still she cried, "i' the old chapelle!"—

Toll slowly!

Then back-toppling, crashing back—a dead weight flung out to wratk,

Horse and riders overfell!

Oh, the little birds sang east, and the little birds song west,—

Toll slovely /

And I read this ancient Rhyme, in the kirkyard, while the

'Slowly tolled for one at rest.

### The Lady's Pes.

"Yes!" I answered you last night;
"No!" this morning, Sir, I say!
Colours, seen by candle-light,
Wil' not look the same by day.

When the tabors played their best,
Lamps above, and laughs below—
Love me sounded like a jest,
Fit for Yes or fit for No!

Call me false, or call me free— Vow, whatever light may shine, No man on thy face shall see Any grief for change on mine.

Yet the sin is on us both—
Thin to dance is not to woo—
Wooer light makes fickle troth—
Scorn of me recoils on you!

Learn to win a lady's faith Nobly, as the thing i high; Bravely, as for life and death—— With a loy-1 gravity.

Lead her from the festive boards, Point her to the starry skies, Guard her, by your truthful words, Pure from courtship's flatteries.

By your truth she shall be true— Ever true, as wives of yore— And her Yes, once said to you, SHALL be Yes for evermore.

### The Poet and the Bird.

#### A FABLE.

Said a people to a poet—"Go out from among us straightway!

While we are thinking earthly things, thou singest of divine.

There's a little fair brown nightingale, who, sitting in the gateway,

Makes fitter music to our ear, than any song of thine !"

The post went out weeping—the nightingale ceased chanting; "Now, wherefore, O thou nightingale, is all thy sweetness done?"

"I cannot sing my earthly things, the heavenly poet wanting, Whose highest harmony includes the lowest under sun.

The poet went out weeping,—and died abroad, bereft there— The bird flew to his grave and died amid a thousand wails!—

Yet, when I last came by the place, I swear the music left there

Was only of the poet's song, and not the nightingale's!

# The Lost Bower.

In the pleasant orchard closes,
"Con bless all our gains," say we;
But "Liay God bless all our losses,"
Better suits with our degree.—

Listen gentle -ay, and simple! Listen children on the knee!

Green the land is where my daily Steps in jocund childhood played— Dimpled close with hill and valley, Daspled very close with shade;

Summer-snow of apple blossoms, running up from glade to glade.

And if Chancer had not travelled
Through a forest by a well,
He had never dreamt nor marvelled
At those ladies fair and fell

Who lived smiling without loving, in their island-citadel.

Thus I thought of the old singers, And took courage from their song, Till my little struggling fingers Tore asunder gyve and thong

Of the lichens which entrapped me, and the barrier branches strong.

On a day, such pastime keeping,
With a fawn's heart debonair,
Under-crawling, overleaping
Thorns that prick and boughs that bear,
I stood suddenly astonied—I was gladdened unaware!

From the place I stood in, floated
Back the covert dim and close;
And the open ground was suited
Carpet-smooth with grass and moss,
And the blue-bell's purple presence signed it worthily across.

Her a linden-twee stood, brightening All adown its silver rind; For as some trees draw the lightning So this tree, unto my mind,

Drew to earth the blessed sunshine, from the sky where it was shrined.

Tall the linden-tree, and near it An old hawthorn also grew; And wood-ivy like a spirit. Hovered dimly round the two,

Shaping thence that Bower of beauty, which I sing of thus to you.

Twas a bower for garden fitter, Than for any woodland wide! Though a fresh and dewy glitter Struck it through, from side to side,

Shaped and shaven was the freeliness, as by garden-cunning plied.

Oh, a lady might have come there, Hooded fairly like her hawk, With a book or lute in summer, And a hope of sweeter talk,—

Listening less to her own music, than for footsteps on the walk.

But that bower appeared a marvel
In the wildness of the place!
With such sceming art and travail,
Finely fixed and fitted was
Leaf to leaf, the dark-green ivy, to the summit from the base.

And the ivy, wrined and glossy,

Was inwrought with eglantive;

And the wild hop fibred clossly,

And the large-leaved columbine,

Arch of door and window-mullion, Jid right sylvanly entwine.

Rose-trees, either side the door, were Growing Lithe and growing tall; Each one set a summer warder For the keeping of the hall,—

With a red rose, and white rose, leaning, nodding at the wall.

As I entered—mosses hushing
Stole all noises from my foot;
And a round clastic cushion,
Clasped within the linden's root;
Took me in a chair of silence, very rare and absolute.

All the floor was paved with glory,—
Greenly, silently inlaid,
'through quick motions made before me,
With fur counterparts in shade,
Of the fair screed by a leaves which slanted overhead.

' Is such paven at in a pelace?"

So I questioned in my thought:

The sun shining through the chalice

Of the red rose hung without,

Threw within a red libation, like an answer to my doubt.

At the same time on the linen
Of my children lap there fell
Two white may leaves, downward winning
Through the colings miracle,
From a blo soin, like an angel, out of sight yet blessing
well.

Down to floor and a p to ceiling,
Quick f turned my children face,
With an innocent appealing
For the secret of the place,
To the trees which surely knew it, in partaking of the grace

Where - no foot of hum in creature, How could reach a human hand? And if this be work of nature, Why is rature sudden bland,

Bicthing off from other wild work t It was haid to understand

> Was she weary of lovel doing, Of the bramble and the thorn? Did the pause, in ten ler rueing, Here, of all her sylvan scorn?

O1, in mock of art's deceiving, was the sudden mildness worn?

Or could this same bowe (I housest)
Be the work of Dryad strong;
Who, surviving all that chanced
In the world's old pagen wrong,

Lay hid, feeding in the woodland, on the lat true poet's song!

Or was this the house of fairies, Left, because of the rough ways, Unassoiled by Ave Marys Which the passing pilgrim prays,—

And beyond St. Catherme's chiming, on the blessed Sabbath days?

So, young mu er, I sate listening To my Fancy's wildest word— On a sudden, through the glistening Leaves around, a little tirred,

Came a sound, a sense of music, which was tather felt than heard.

Softly, finely, it inwound me—
From the world it shut me in,—
Like a fountain folling round me,
Which with silver waters thin
Clips a little mathle Narad, sitting smilingly within.

Whence the music came, he knoweth? I know nothing. But indeed Pan or Faunus never bloweth So much sweetness from a tend.

Which has sucked the milk of waters, at the oldest riverbead.

> Never lark the con can waken With such sweetness! when the lark, The high planets eventhing In the half-evanished Durk,

Casts his singing to their singing, like an arrow to the mark.

Never nightingale so singeth— Oh! she leave on thorny tice, And her poet-soul she flingeth Over pain to victory!

Yet she never sings such music,—or she sings it not so me!

Never blackbirds, never thrushes,
No. small finches sing as sweet.
When the sun strikes through the bushes,
To their crimson clinging feet,
And then pretty eyes look ideways to the summer heavens complete.

It it were a bird, it seemed Nost like Chaucer's, which, in sooth, He of green and azure dreamed, While it sate in spirit ruth

On that bier of a crowned lady, singing n'gh her silent mouth.

If it were a bird! —nh, scoptic, three me "Yea" or give me "Nay"— Thou, hony soul were nympholeptae, As I heard that yirelay,

You may stoop your pride to partion, for my sin 1 far away.

I note up in evel at on And an inward trembling heat, And (it comed) in geste of passion, Dropped the music to my feet,

Like a gament rustling downwards!--such a adence toll lowed, it.

Heart and head beat through the quiet, Full and heavily, though slower; In the song, I think, and by it,' Mystic Presences of power

Had up-enatched me to the Timeless, then returned me to the Hour.

In a child-abstraction lifted. Straightway from the bower I past; Foot and soul being dualy drifted Through the greenwood, till, at last, In the hill-top's open sunshine, I all con-cion ly was cast.

I stood sileatly and still : Drawing strength for fancy's durntings, From the air about the hill. And from Nature's open mercies, and most debonaire good-

Face to face with the true mountains.

will.

Oh! the golden hearted daisies Witnessed there, before my youth, To the truth of things, with praise To the beauty of the truth; And I woke to Native' real, laughing joyfully for both.

And I said within ra, laughing, I have found a hower to-day, A green lust - - fashioned half in Chance, and half in Nature's play -And a little bird sings nightit, I will never more missay.

> Henceforth, I will be the a n v Of this boser, not built by one. I will " there, sad or mer y, With each merning's bearson;

And the bird shall be my harper in the dream-hall I have wan.

> So I said. But the next morning, (-Child, look up into my face -Wate, O sceptic, of your eceming! This is truth in its pure grace;)

The next morning, all had vanished, or any wandering missed the place.

Bring an oath most sylvan holy,
And upon it swear me true—
By the wind-bells swinging slowly
Their mute curfows in the dew—
By the advent of the snow-drop—by the ro-emary and rue,—

I affirm by all or any,
Let the cause be charm or chance,
That my wandering searches many
Missed the bower of my romance—
'That I never more upon it, turned my montal countenance.

I affirm that, since I lost it,

Never cower has scened so fau —

Never garden-creeper crossed it,

With so delt and brave an air -ever lard ann, in the summer, as I saw.

Nover Lurd and in the summer, as I saw and heard there there.

Day by day, with new desire,
Toward my wood I van in faith—
Under leaf and over brier—
Through the thickets, out of breath—

Lake the prince who rescued Beauty from the sleep as long as death.

But his sword of mettle clashed,
And his arm smote strong, I ween;
And her dreaming spirit flashed
Through her body's fair white screen,—
And the light thereof might guide him up the cedarn alleys
green.

But for me, I saw no splendour—
All my sword was my chi'd-heart;
And the wood refused surrender
Of that bower it held apart,
Safe as Œdipus's grave place, 'mid Colono's olives swart.

As Auddin cought the becaments
His four palace rose upon,
And the four-and-twenty casements
Which gave answers to the sun;
So, in wilderment of gazing, I looked up, and I looked down.

Years have vanished since, as wholly
As the little bower did then;
And you call it tender folly
That such thoughts should come again?
Ah! I cannot change this againg for your sundanc, brothermen!

For this loss it dot prefigure Other loss of better good, When my soul on sprift viscour, And in ripened womanhood, Fell from visions of more beauty than an arboni on a wood.

I have lost—oh many a pleasure— Many a hope, and many a power Studious health and merry leisure— The first dew on the first flower! Put the first of all new losse, was the losing of the hower.

I have lost the dream of Doing,
And the other dream of Doine—
The first pring in the pursuing,
The first pride in the Begun, —
First recoil from incompletion, in the face of what is won—

Evultations in the far light, Where sour cottage only is --Mild dejections in the starlight Which the adder-hearted miss;

And the child-check blushing scarlet, for the very shame of bliss!

I have lost the sound child-sleeping

Which the thunder could not break; Something too of the strong leaping Of the staglike heart awake, the pale is low for keeping in the road it ought

Which the pale is low for keeping in the read it ought to take.

Some respect to social fictions
Hath been also lost by me;
And some generous genuflections,
Which my spirit offered free
To the pleasant old conventions of our false Humanity.

All my losses did I toll you, Ye, perchance, would look away,— Ye would answer me, "Farewell! you Make sad company to-day;

And your tears are falling faster than the bitter words you say."

For God placed me like a dial
In the open ground, with power;
And my heart had for its trial,
All the sun and all the shower!

Laugh ve? If that loss of mine be

And I suffered many losses; and my first was of the bower.

Of no heavy-seeming weight—
When the cone fulls from the pane-tree,
The young children laugh thereas;
Yet the wind that struck it, riseth, and the tempest shad be great!

One who knew me in my childhood, In the glamour and the game, Looking on me long and mild, would Never know me for the same! \*:

Come, unchanging recollections, where those changes overcame. On this couch I weakly lie on, While I count my memorics,— Through the fingers which, still sighing I press closely on mine eyes,—

Clear as once beneath the sunshine. I behold the bower arise.

Springs the huden-tree as greenly, Stroked with light adown its rind— And the ivy-lear es seconcly Each in either intertwined,

And the rose-trees at the doorway, they have neither grown nor pined!

From those overblown faint roses, Not a leaf appeareth shed, And that little bud discloses Not a thorn's breadth more of red,

For the winters and the summers which have passed me overhead.

And that music overfloweth, Sudden sweet, the sylvan caves, Thrush or nightingale—who knoweth! Fay or Faunus—scho believes?

But my heart still trembles in me, to the trembling of the leaves.

Is the bover lost, then? Who soyeth
That the bower indeed is lost?
Hark 'my spirit in it prayeth
Through the sol-tice and the freet,—
And the prayer preserves it greenly, to the last and uttermost—

Till another open for me
In God's Eden-land unknown,
With an angel at the doorway,
White with gazing at His Throne;
And a saint's voice in the palm-tree-singing—All Is Lost

his breath.

### A Child Asleed.

How he sleepeth ! having drunken Weary childhood's mandragore, From his pretty eyes have sunken Pleasures. to make room for more-Sleeping near the withered nosegay, which he pulled the day

before.

Nosegays! leave them for the waking! Throw them earthward where they grew. Dim are such, beside the breaking Amarenths he looks unti-Folded eves see brighter colours than the open ever do.

Heaven-flowers, rayed by shadows golden From the palms they sprang beneath, Now perhaps divinely holden, Swing against him in a wreath-We may think so from the quickening of his bloom and of

Vision unto vision calleth. While the young child dreameth on. Fair, O dreamer, thre befalleth . With the glory thou hast won! Darker wert thou in the garden, yestermore, by summer-sun.

Round thee, -were the clouds away ! 'Tis the child-heart draws them, singing In the silent-seeming clay-Singing? - Stars that seem the inutest, go in music all the way.

We should see the spirits ringing

As the moths around a taper, As the bees around a rose, As in sunset, many a vapour, So the spirits group and close Round about a holy childhood, as if drinking its repose. Shapes of brightness overlean thee,

With their diadems of youth

Striking on thy ringlets sheenly,---

While thou smilest, . . . not in sooth

Thy smile . . . but the overfair one, dropt from some wtherial mouth.

Haply it is angels' duty,

During slumber, shade by shade

To fine down this childish beauty.

To the thing it must be made,

Ere the world shall bring it praises, or the tomb shall see it fade.

Softly, softly! make no noises!

Now he lieth dead and dumb-

Now he hears the angels' voices

Folding silence in the room-

Now he muses deep the meaning of the Heaven-words as they come.

Speak not! he is consecrated-

Breathe no breath across his eyes.

Lifted up and separated

On the hand of God he, lies,

In a sweetness beyond touching, - held in cloistral sanctities.

Could ye bless him-father-inother?

Bless the dimple in his cheek?

Darc ye look at one another,

And the benediction speak?

Would ye not break out in weeping, and confess yourselves too weak?

He is harmless—ye are sinful,-

Ye are troubled-he, at ease !

From his slumber, virtue winful

Floweth outward with increase-

Dare not bless him! but be blessed by his peace—and go in peace.

### The Cry of the Children.

" φεθ, φεθ, τι προσδερκ σθε μ' ομμασιν, τεκνα."---ΜΕDRA.

Do we hear the children weeping, O my brothers,
Ere the sorrow comes with years?
They are leaning their young heads against their mothers,
And thus cannot stop their tears.

The young lambs are bleating in the me dows;
The young birds are thuring in the nest;
The young fawns are playing with the shadows;

The young flowers are blowing toward the west—But the young, young children, O my brothers,

But the young, young children, O my brothers,
They are weeping bitterly!—

They are weeping in the playtime of the others, In the country of the free.

Do you question the young children in the sorrow, Why their tears are falling so?--

The old man may weed for his to-morrow Which is lost in Long Ago-

The old tree is leafless in the forest—
The old year is ending in the frost—

The old wound, if stricken, is the societ.

The old lope is hardest to be lost: 'But the your 5, young children 'O' my brothers,

Do you ask them why they stand

We ping sore before the boson s of their mothers, In our happy Fatherland?

They look ap with their pale and sunken faces, And their looks are sad to see,

For the man's grief abhorrent, draws and presses Down the cheeks of infancy—

"Your old earth." they say, "is very dreary;"
"Our young feet," they say, "are very weak!

Few paces have we taken, yet are weary— Our grave-rest is very far to seek! Ask the old why they weep, and not the children,

For the outside earth is cold,—

And we young ones stand without, in our beauthering,

And the graves are for the old!

"True," say the young children, "it may happen
That we die before our time!
Intrie Alice died last yeu-the grave is shapen
Like a snowball, in the rime.
We looked into the jut prepared to take her—
Was no room for any work in the close chy:
From the sleep wherein she both none will wake her,
Crying, 'Get up, little Alice! it is day.
If you listen by that grave, in sun and shower,
With your ear down, little Alice never cree!Could we see her face, be one we should not the her,
For the smile has time for crowing in ler eye.
And uncry go I er moments, I tilled and stilled in

The chroud, by the kirk-chime!
It is good when it I appen, "say the children,
"That we die book our time!"

Alas, the wretched child on they are seeking
Death in life, is best to have!

They are binding up that ! darts away from breaking.
With a coroniat from the grave
Good children, from the wine and from the city
Sing out, children, the little thrushes do—
Plack you handful, of the meadow-cowships pretty—
Langla aloud, to feer your fingers let them the orgh!

But they answer, "Alas your cowships of the meadow
Like our weeds anear the mine!

Leave us quiet in the dark of the coal-shadow,
Trom your pleasures fair and fine!

"For oh, say the children, "we are weary,
And we cannot run or leap.—

If we cated for any meadows, it were merely
To drop down in them and sleep.

Our knees tremble sorely in the stooping-We fall upon our faces, trying to go; And, underneath our heavy eyelids drooping, The reddest flower would look as pale as snow. For, all day, we drag our burden tiring, Through the coal-dark, underground -

Or, all day, we drive the wheels of iron In the factories, round and round.

"For, all day, the wheels are droning, turning,-Their wind comes in our faces, -Till our hear's turn, -our heads, with pulses burning, And the walls turn in their places-Turns the ky in the high window blank and recling--Turns the long light that droppeth down the wall-Turn the black flies that crawl along the ceiling-All ore turning, all the day, and we with all .-And all day, the non wheele are droring; And sometimes we could pray,

'O ye wheels' (breaking cut in a mad moaning) 'Stop I be rilent for to-day !"

Ay! be silent! Let them hear each other breathing For a moment, mouth to mouth-

Let them touch each oth, i's hands, in a fresh wreathing Of their tendes human youth !

Let them feel that the cold metallic motion Is not all the life (and fashions or a year-

Let them prove their in yard souls against it e notion That they live in you, or under you, O wheels !-

Still, all day, the non wheels go onward, As if Fue in cach were stark:

And the children's souls, which God is calling sunward, Spin on blindly in the dark.

Now tell the poor young children, O my brothers, That they look to Him and pray -So the blessed One, who blesseth all the others, Will bless them another day.

They enswer, "Who is God that He should hear us.
While the rushing of the iron wheels is stirred?
When we sob aloud, the human coo tures near us
Pass by, hearing not, or answer not a word!
And we hear not (for the wheels in their resounding)
Strangers speaking at the door:
Is it likely God, with angels singing round Him,
Hears our weeping any more?

"Two words, indeed, of praying we remember;
And at midnight's hour of harm,—
'Our Father,' looking upward in the chamber
We say softly for a charm.\*
We know no other words, except 'Our Father,'
And we think that, in some pause of angels' some,
God may pluck them with the silence sweet to gather,
And hold both within His right hand which is
strong.

'Our Father!' If He head us, He would surely (For they call II a good and mild) Answer, smiling down the steep would very purely,

'Come and rest with me, my child.'

"But, no!" say the children, e ceping faster,

<sup>\*</sup> A fact rendered natherically historical by Mr. Horne's report of his commission. The name of the poet of "Orion" and "Cosmo de' Medici" has, nowever, a change of as occasions; and comes in time to remind me (with other noble instances) that we have some brave poetic heat of literature still,—though open to the represent, on certain points, of bourg somewhat gold in our humanity.

O by hear the children weeping and disproving,
O my brothers, what we proach?
I'm God's possible is taught by His world's loving -And the children doubt of each.

And well may the children weep before you;

They are weary eto they run;

They bean never seen the sunshine, nor the glory.

Which is brighter than the san:

They knew the grief of men, but not the wisdom:

They sink in the depair, without the calm—

Are slaves, without the libert: in Christlem,—

Are really and the analysis of the pang without the palm,—

Are cooledned the couply have and hear ply:

Are ordains of the cuchly levelind heavenly:

Let them weep! In them weep!

They look up, with their pale and sunker faces.

And their look is dread to see,

To, you think you see their angers in their places,

With ever meant for Lenty , -
"How long," they ray, "how long, O cruel nation,

Will you stand, to move the world, on a shill's

heart,

Stall down with a nealed heal its polyitation.

State down with a mailed hool its pulpitation,
And tread onward to your throne a and the mail?
Our blood spleshes up vaid. O our treads,
And your purple shows your path.
But the child's sob curseth deeper in the alence
Than the strong man in his wrath.

#### Crowned and Wicdded.

When last before her prople's face her own fair it each built, Within the meek projection of that shade she was content. To crase the child smile from her hips, which seemed as it it might

Be still kept by from the world to childhood still in eight. To erase it will a schemin vow,—a princely vow to rule—A priestly vow,—to rule by grace of God the pitiful,—A very godfile vow,—to rule in right and right ourness, And with the law and for the land!—so God the vower bless!

The mineter v as alight that day, but not vith the, I worn, And long drawn glitterings swept adow: that mighty aisled seem.

The priests stood stoled in their pomp, the sweided chiefs in theirs,

And so, the collined knights,—and so, the condiminate. And so, the waiting lords and dame—and little pages best At holding trains—and I gates so from countries in these.

wed-

So, all n princes, native peers, and 1 \_1 boin tidies bight, Along whose brows the Queens \_\_\_\_\_\_ rowned\_itsched coronets to light! -

And so, the people at the gate, verifying the historibush, Which bring the first anomating to the galance sty.

And so the PEAD - who he in low 10, cath the min ter floor, There, verily an awful state maintaining eventuore -

The statesman, whose c' an palm will kiss no bribe whate (r

The courtier, who, for no fair queen, will recoup to his knec-

The court-dame, who, for no court tire, will leave her shroud behind-

The laureate, who no contlict thyme than "dust to dust" can find

The kings and queens who having made that vow and worn that crown.

Descended unto lower thrones and darker, deep adown!

Dies it mon droit—what is't to them?—what meaning can, it have?—

The King of kings, the rights of death—God's judgment and the grave!

And when betwixt the quick and dead the young fair queen had vowed,

The living shouted "May she live! Victoria, live!" aloud—And as the loyal shouts went up, true spirits prayed between, "The blessings happy monarche have, be thine, O crowned queen!"

But now before her people's face she bendeth her's anew,
And calls them, while she vows, to be her witness thereunto.
She vowed to rule, and in that oath, her childhood put away—
She doth maintain her womanbood, in vowing love to-day.
Oh, lovely lady!—let her vow!—such lips become such vows,—
And fairer goeth bridal wreath, than crown with vernal brows!
Oh, lovely lady!—let her vow!—vea, let her vow to love!—
And though she be no less a queen—with purples hung above,
The pageant of a court behind, the royal kin around,
And woven gold to catch her looks turned maidenly to
ground.—

Yet may the birde-veil hide from her a little of that state, While loving hopes, a retinues, about her sweetness wait!—See vows to love, who vowed to rule—the chosen at her side—Let none say, God preserve the Queen!—but rather, Bless the bride!—

None blow the trump, none bend the knee, none violate the dream

Wherein no monarch, but a wife, she to herself may seem! 'Or if ye say, Preserve the Queen!—oh, breathe it inward low—She is a uoman, and beloved!—and 'tis enough but so! Count it enough, thou noble prince, who tak'st her by the hand.

And claimest for thy lady-love, our lady of the land !--

And since, Prince Albert, men have called thy spirit high and rare,

And true to truth and brave for truth, as some at Augsburg were,-

We charge thee by thy lofty thoughts, and by thy poetmind

Which not by glory and degree takes measure of mankind, Esteem that wedded hand less dear for sceptie than for ring, And hold her uncrowned womanhood to be the royal thing!

And now, upon our Queen's last vow, what blessings shall we pray?

None straitened to a shallow crown, will suit our lips today.

Behold, they must be free as love—they must be broad as free—

Even to the borders of heaven's light and earth's humanity!

Long live she!—send up loyal shouts—and true hearts pray
between,—

"The blessings happy teasants have, be thine, O crowned Queen!"

#### Crowned and Buried.

NAFOLEON !--years ago, and 'hat great word, Compact of I uman breath in have and dread And evultation, skied us overhead --An atmosphere whose lightning was the sword, Scathing the cedars of the world,--drawn down In burnings, by the metal of a crown.

Napoleon! Nations, while they cursed that name, Shook at their own curse; and while others bore Its sound, as of a trumpet, on before, Brass-fronted legions justified its fame—And dying men, on trampled battle-sods, Near their last sile ore, uttered it for God's.

Napoleon! Sages, with high foreheads drooped, Did use it for a problem: children small Leapt up to greet it, as at manhood's call: Priests blessed it from their alters overstooped By meek-eyed Christs,—and widows with a moan Spake it, when questioned why they sate alone.

That name consumed the silence of the snows In Alpine keeping, holy and cloud-hid! The mimic eagles dared what Nature's did, And over-rushed her mountainous repose In search of cyries: and the Ægyptian river Mingled the same word with its grand "For ever."

That name was shouted near the pyramidal Egyptian tombs, whose mummied habitants, Packed to humanity's significance,
Motioned it back with stillness! Shouts as idle
As hireling artists' work of myrrh and spice,
Which swathed last glories round the Ptolemies.

The world's face changed to hear it! Kingly men Came down, in childen babes' bewilderment, From autocratic places—each content With sprinkled ashes for anointing!—then The people laughed or wondered for the nonce, To see one throne a composite of thrones.

Napoleon! and the torrid vastitude
Of India felt, in throbbings of the air,
That name which scattered by disastrous blare
All Europe's bound-lines,—drawn afresh in blood!
Napoleon—from the Russias, west to Spain!
And Austria trembled—till ye heard her chain.

And Germany was 'ware—and Italy,'
Oblivious of old fames—her laurel-locked,
High-ghosted Cesars passing uninvoked,
Did crumble her own ruins with her knee.

To serve a newer!—Ay! and Frenchmen cast A future from them, nobler than her past.

For, verily, though France augustly rose
With that raised NAME, and did assume by such
The purple of the world,—none gave so much
As slie, in purchase—to speak plain, in loss—
Whose hands, to freedom stretch d, dropped paralysed
To wield a sword, or fit an undersized

King's crown to a great man's head! And though along Her Paris' streets, did float on frequent streams Of triumph, pictured or emmarbled dreams. Dreamt right by genics in a world gone wron; — No dream, of all so won, was fair to see As the lost vision of her liberty.

Napoleon! 'twas a high name lifted high!
It met at last Cod's thunder sent to clear
Our compassing and covering atmosphere,
And open a clear sight, I eyond the sky,
Of supreme empire! this of Earth's was done—
And kings crept out again to feel the sun!

The kings crept out—the proples rate at home, And finding the long invoce of prace A pall embrowhered with worn images Of rights divine, too reant to cover doom Such as they suffered,—cur ed the coin that grew Rankly, to bitter bread, on Waterloo!

A deep gloom centered in the deep repo e—
The nations stood up name to count their deadAnd he who owned the Name which vibrated
Through silence,—trusting to his neblest foes
When earth ver all too grey for chivalry—
Died of their mercies, and the desert sea.

O wild St. Helen! very still she kept bim With a green willow for all pyramid.-- Which stirred a little if the low wind did, A little more, if pilgrims overwept him And parted the lithe boughs to see the clay Which seemed to cover his for judgment-day.

Nay! not so long!—France kept her old affection, As deeply as the sepulchre the corse, Until dilated by such love's remoise. To a new angel of the resurrection, She cried, "Behold, thou England! I would have The dead whereof thou wottest, from that grave."

And England answered in the courtesy Which, ancient foes rurned lovers, may befit,—"Take back thy dead! and when thou buriest it, Throw in all former strifes 'twixt thee and me." Anen, mine England! 'tis a courteous claim—But ask a little room too... for thy shame!

Because it was not well, it was not well, Nor tuneful with thy lofty-charted part Among the Oceanides,—that Hea: t To bind and bare, and vex with valure fell. I would, my noble England! men neight seek All crimion stains upon thy breast—not check!

I would that hostile fleets had scarred thy bay Instead of the lone shap which waited moored Until thy princely purpose was assured, Then left a shadow—not to pass away— Not for to-night's moon, nor to-morrow's sun! Green watching hills, ye witnessed what was done!

And since it was done,—in sepulchral dust, We fain would pay back something of our debt To France, if not to honour, and forget.— How through much fear we falsified the trust Of a fallen foe and exile!—We return Orestes to Electra...in his urn! A little urn—a little dust inside,
Which once outbalanced the large earth, albeit
To-day, a four-years' child might carry it,
Sleck-browed and smiling "Let the burden 'bide!"
Orestes to Electra!—O fair town
Of Paris, how the wild tear, will run down,

And can back in the chariot-marks of Time,

When all the people shall come forth to meet
The passive victor death-still in the street
He rode through 'mid the shout'ing and bell-thime
And markal mune,—under cagles which
Oyed their ensurgement beaks at Austrilitz!

Napoleon! he hath come again—borne home Upon the popular chlung heart, —a sea Which gathers its own wrecks perpetually, Majestically mouning. Give him noon!— Room for the dad in Paris! welcome solenin And grave-deep, 'neath the cannon-moulded column'.

There, weapon spent and warrior part may rest From rear of fields! provided Jupiter Dare trust Saturnus to its down to near His bolts!—And this he may! For, depossessed Of any godshir, hes the got all 2 a.m— The goat, Jove sucked, as likely to to haim!

And yet . . . Napoleon :—the recovered name Shakes the old of ements of the world! and we Look out upon i! passing pageantry, Attenting that the Doud makes good his clain To a Caul grave,—woth it kingdom won—! The list—of tew spans—by Napoleon!

Blood fell like dew bereath his sumise - south!
But glittered dew-1." in the covenant d
And high-rayed light—He was a tyrant--granted!
But the argos of his amoratic month

It was the first intention to bury him under the column.

Sail yea i' the people's French! he magnified The image of the freedom he denied.

And if they asked for rights, he made reply, "Ye have my glory!"—and so, drawing round them His ample purple, glorified and bound them In an embrace that seemed identity.

He ruled them like a tyrant—true! but none Were ruled like slaver! Each 'elt Napoleon!

I do not putie this man: the man was flawed,
For Adam—much more, Christ!—his knee, unbent—
His hand, unclean—his aspiration, pent
Within a aword-sweep—pshaw!—but since he had
"he genius to be loved, why, let him have
The justice to be honoured in his grave.

I thruk this nation's tears, poured thus together Nobler than shouts! I think this funeral Grander than crownings, though a Prope bless all. I think this grave stronger than thrones! But whether The crowned Napoleon or the buried clay Be better, I discensive—Angels may.

## To Flush, my Doc.

LOVING frien?, the gift of one,
Who, her own true laith, had run,
Through thy lower nature:
Be my benediction said
With my hand upon thy head,
Gentle fellow creature!

<sup>\*</sup> This dog was the gift of my dear and admired friend. Miss Mitford, and belongs to the beautiful race she has rendered to lebrated among English and American readers. The Flushes have their laurels as well as the Clesars,—the chief difference (at least the very head and front of it) consisting, according to my perception, in the bald head.

Like a lody's ringlet; brown, Flow thy silken ears adown Either side denurety, Of thy silver-suited breast Shining out from all the rest Of thy body purely.

Durly brown thy body is,
Till the sunshine, striking this,
Alchemise its dulness,—
When the slock curls manifold
Flash all over not gol I,
With a b craished fulnes.

Underneath my stroking hand Startled eyes of hazel bland Kindling, growing larger,— Up thou leapest with a spring, Full of prank and curvetting, Leaping like vehacies.

Leap! thy broom tail wave, a light; Leap! thy slender feet are bright, Canopied in fringes. Leaf—those tisse fiel car, of thine Phoker strangely, fair and fine, From their golden inches.

Yet, my pretty sportive friend, Intile 1s't to such an end That I praise thy rareness! Other does may be thy peets Haply in these drooping cars, And this glossy farmes

But of thes it shall be said, This dog watched beside a bed Pay and night unweary, Watched within a curtained room, Where no sunbeam brake the gloom Round the sick and dreary.

Resea gathered for a vase,
In that chamber died apace,
I cam and breeze resigning—
This dog only, waited on,
Knowing that when light is gone,
Love remains for shining.

Other dogs in the my dew
Tracked the hares an I followed through
Sunny moor or meadow—
This dog only, crept and crept
Next a languid check that slept,
Sharing in the shadow.

Other dogs of loyal cheer
Bounded at the whistle clear,

Up the weodside hiering—
This dog only, watched in reach
Of a faintly uttered speech,
Or a louder sighing.

And if one or two quick teats
Dropped upon his glossy ears
Or a sigh came double, —
Up he sprang in cage, haste,
Fawning, fondling, breathing fast,
In a tender trouble.

And this dog was satisfied.

If a pale thin hand would glide,
Down his dewlaps sloping,—
Which he pushed his nose within,
After,—platforming his chin
On the palm left open.

This dog, if a friendly voice

Call him now to blyther choice

Than such chamber-keeping,

"Come out!" praying from the door,—

Presecth backward as before,

Up against me leaping.

Therefore to this dog will I,.
Tenderly not scornfully,
Render praise and favour!
With my hand upon his head,
Is my benediction said
Therefore, and for ever.

And because he loves me so, Better than his kind will do Often, man or woman,-Give I back more love again Than dogs often take of men,--Leaning from my Human.

Blessings on thee, degoof mine, Pretty collars make thee fine, Sugared milk make fat thee 'Pleasures was on rathy tail— Hands of gentle motion fail Netermore, to pat thee!

Downy pillow take thy head, Silken coverled bestead, Sunshme help thy sleeping! No fly's buzzing wake thee up— No man break thy purple cup, Set for drinking deep in.

Whiskered cats arointed flee— Sturdy stoppers keep from thee Cologne distillations; Nuts he in thy path for stones, And thy feast-day macaroous Turn to daily rations!

Mock I thee, in wishing weal?—
Tears are in my eyes to feel
Thou art made so straightly,
Blessing needs must straighten too, Little canst thou joy or do,
Thou who lovest greatly.

Yet be blessed to the height Of all good and all delight Pervious to thy nature,— Only loved beyond that line, With a love that answers thine, Loving fellow-creature!

### The Fourfold Aspect.

WHEN ye stood up in the house With your little childish feet, And, in touching Life's first shows, First, the touch of Leve, did meet,-Love and Nealness seeming one, . By the hearthlight cast before,-And, of all beloveds, none Standing faither than the door -Not a name being dear to thought, With its owner beyond call,-Nor a face, unless it brought Its own shadow to the wall,-When the worst recorded change Was of cherry dropt from bough, -When love's sorrow seemed more strange Than love's treason can seem now,— Then the Loving took you up Soft, upon their elder kneesTeiling why the statues droop
Underneath the churchyand trees,
And how ye must be beneath them,
Through the winters long and steep.
This the last trump overbreaths them,
And ye smile out of your loop...
Oh ye hited up your head, and it seemed as it they said
A tale of fary ships
With a swan-wing for a sail!—
Oh, ye kissed their looms, hp
For the merry, meny tale!—
So carelessly ye thought upon the Dead.

Soon ye read in deam stone Of the men of long ago--Of the pale bewildering girries Slaning faither than we know, -Of the hear a with the lantel. Of the poets with the lay, Of the two world arest quant Cor that beauteous Helena, If w Achilles at the portal Of the teht, heard lootsteps nigh And his strong be ut, helf immortal, Met il e kritar with a cry.-How Thyse left the sanlight? For the pale endula race, Blank and exist through the den light Staring bloudly on his five! How that true wite said to Poetry, With calm smile and wonnied heart,-"Sweet, it hurts no. ' how Admetas Saw his ble sel one depart! -How King Arthur proved he mission,-And Sir Roland wound his horn, -And at Saugreal's moony vision Swords did bix-tle round like corn, -

Oh! ye lifted up your head, and it seemed the while ye read,

That this death, then, must be found A Valhalla for the crowned—
The heroic who prevail!
None, be sure, can enter in
Far below a paladin
Of a noble, noble tale!—
So, awally, ye thought upon the Dead.

Ay! but soon ye woke up shricking, -As a child that wakes at night From a dream of sisters speaking In a garden's summer-light,---That wakes, starting up and bounding, In a lonely, lonely bed, With a wall of darkness round him Stiffing black about his head And the full sense of your mortal Rushed upon you deep and loud, And ye heard the thunder hurtle From the silence of the cloud -Funeral-torches at your gateway Threw a dieddid light within; All things changed! you rose up straightway, And saluted Death and Sun! Since -- your ontward man bas allied. And your eye and voice grown bold -Yet the Sphins of Infe stands pelled, With her saddest secret tol t! Happy places have grown hory If ye went where once ye went, Only tears would fall down slowly, As a solemn sacrament; Merry books, once read for partime, If ye dared to read again, Only memories of the last time Would swim darkly up the ! rain !

Household names, which used to flutter

Through your laughter unawares,—
God's Divine one, would ye utter
With less trembling in your payers!
Ye have dropt adown your head, and it seems as if ye tread

On your own hearts in the path
Ye are called to in His wrath,—
And your prayers go up in wail!
— "Dost Thou see, then, all our loss,
O Thou agonised on cross?
Art Thou reading all its tale?"
So, mounfully, ye think upon the Dead!

Pray, pray, thou who also weepest, And the drops will slacken so :--Weep, weep 1-and the watch thou keepe-t, With a quicker count will go, Think! tl - shadow on the dial For the nature mos undone. Marks the passing of the trial, Proves the presence of the sun! Look, look up, in starry passion, To the throne above the spheres,— Lenin! the spirit's grapitation Still must differ from the tem's. Hope I will all the strength thou use-t In embracing thy despair Love! the earthly love thou losest Shall return to thee 1 lote fair. Work! make clear the forest-tangles Of the wildest stranger-land; Trust I the blessed deathly angels Whispel, "Sabbath hours at hand " By the heart's wound when most gory . By the longe-t agony, Sauled-Behold, in sudden glory The Transfigured smiles on thee!

And we lifted up your head, and it seemed as if He said,

"My Beloved, is it so?

Here is tisted of my wee?—

Of my Heaven ye shall not fail!!—

He stand brightly where the shade i,

With the keys of I ath and Hides,

And the e, and the reunful tile!—

so, hopefully, ye think upon the Dead

## A flower in a Letter.

WRITII V 1339.

My londer I mber next the sea,
Is full of many flowers of free
By summer southest duty;
Dear friend in an the garden walk
Might stop and then foundest talk,
To pull the least in beauty

A thousand flowers—each so ming one That he can by sizing on the sun,
To counterfeit he slaming—
Within who e leaves the holy dew
The fills from leaven, both win mow
A glory in declining

Red to es, used to praises long, Contented with the port's cong, The nighting le's being over And likes white, prepared to touch The whitest thought, nor soil it much, Of disamen turned to lover

Deep violet you like to

\* The kinds t eyes that look on you
Without a thought disloyal,

And cactuses, a queen might don, If weary of her golden crown, And still appear as royal!

Pansies for ladies all! I wis
That none who wear such brooche, miss
A jewel in the mirror:
And tulips, children love to stretch
Their fingers down, to feel in each
Its beauty's secret nearer.

Love's language may be talked with these!
To work out choicest sentences,
No blossoms can be meeter, And, such being used in Eastern howers,
Young maids may wonder if the flowers
Or meanings be the sweeter.

And such being strewn before a bride, Her little foot may turn aside, Their longer bloom decreeing! Unless some voice's whi pered sound Should make her gaze upon the ground Too extractly—for seeing.

And such being scattered on a grave,
Whoever mounteth there may have
A type that seemeth worthy
On a fair body had below;
Which bloomed on earth a time ago,
Then perished as the earthy.

And such being wreathed for worldly feast,
Across the brimming cup some guest
Their cainbow colours viewing,
May feel them,—with a silent start,—
The covenant, his childish heart
With nature, made,—renewing.

No flowers our gracued England hath,
To match with these, in bloom and breath,
Which from the world are hiding
In sunny Devon most with rills,—
A numnity of clostered hills,—
The elements presiding.

By Loddon's scient the flowers are fair That meet one grited hady's care With produgal rewarding: But 'keauty is too used to run To Mitford's bowe.—to want the sun To high her through the girden!

And here, all summers are comprised— The nightly frosts shrink exercised Before the prostly moonshine! And every wind with stond feet, In wandering down the alloy sweet, Steps lightly on the singlehine,

And (h ving promised Harpocrate
Among the no lding to es, that
No harm shall touch and daughters)
Gives quite away the noily courl,
He dates not use upon such ground,
To ever-tricking waters.

Yet, sun and wird! what can ye do,
But make the leave, more brightly how
In poster newly gathered!—
I'nook away from all your best,
To one poor flower unlike the ret,—
A little flower half-withered.

I do not think it ever was A pretty flower,—to make the grass Look greener where it reddened: And now it seems ashamed to be Alone, in all this company, Of aspect shrunk and saddened!

A chamber-window was the spot It grew in, from a garden-pot, Among the city shadows: If any, tending it, might seem To smile, 'twas only in a dream Of nature in the meadows.

How coldly, on its head, did fall
The sunshine, from the city wall,
La pale refraction driven!
How sadly plashed upon its leaves
The raindrops, losing in the caves.
The first sweet news of Heaven!

And those who planted, gathered it In gamesome or in lovin, fit, And sent it as a token Of what their city pleasures be, For one, in Devon by the sea And garden-booms, to took on

But she, for whom the jet was meant, With a grave passion innoce to Receiving what was given,—
OK! if her face she turned then, . .
Let note say 'twas to gaze again
Upon the flowers of Devon!

Because, whatever virtue dwells
In genial skies—when oracles
For gazdens brightly springing,—
The flower which grew beneath your eyes,
Ah, sweetest friends, to mine supplies
A beauty worthis inging!

### The Cry of the Human.

"THERE is no God," the foolish saith,—
But none, "There is no sorrow;"
And nature oft, the cry of faith,
In bitter need will borrow!

Eyes, which the preacher could not school,
By ways is graves are raised;
And hips say, "God be pitiful,"
Who ne'er said, "God be praised."
Be putiful, O God!

The tempest stretches from the steep
The shadow of its coming—.
The beasts grow tame, and near recreep,
As help were in the luman—
Yet, while the cloud-whicels roll and grind,
We sprints tremble under '—
The hills have echoes; but we find
No answer for the thunder.

Be putiful, O God 1

The lattle hartler on the plains—
Earth feels now septles upon her
We map our brothers for the wains,
And call the harvest . . . Lenour,—
Dow face to face, from line to line,
One image all inherit,—
Then kill, one on, by that same sign,
Clay, clay,—and spirit, spirit.

Be pitiful, O God!

The plague runs festering through the town,And never a bell is telling;
And corpses, jostled 'neath the moon,
Nod to the dead-cart's rolling!

The young child calleth for the cup—
The strong man brings it weeping;

The mother from her babe looks up,
And shricks away its sleeping.
Be pitiful, O God!

The plague of gold strikes far and near,—
And deep and strong it enters:

This purple chimar which we wear,
Makes moder than the centaur's.

Our thoughts grow Bank, our words grow strange:
We chier the pale gold-diggers—
Each soul is worth so much on 'Change,
And marked, like sheep, with figures.

Be pitiful, O God!

The curse of gold upon the land,
The lack of bread enforces—
The rail cars snort from strand to strand,
Like more of Death's White horses!
The rich prach "rights" and future days,
And hear ro angel scoffing:
The poor die mute—with starving gard
On corn-ships in the offing.

Be pitiful, O God:

We meet together at the feast—
To private mirth betake us—
We state down in the wincoug lest.
Some vacant chair should hake us!
We came delight, and pleage it found—
"It shall be ours to-morrow!"
God's scraphs! do your voices sound.
As sad in naming source!

Reputiful, O God!

We sit together, with the skie;
The stedfast skies, above us:
We look into each other's eye;
"And how long will you love us?"-

The eyes grow dim with prophecy, The voices, low and breathless-"Till death us part!"-O words, to be Our best for love the deathles ! Be vitiful, dear God!

We tremble by the harmless bed Of one loved and departed --Our tear, drop on the lips that said Last night, "Be stronger-hearted!" O God, -to class those fingers close, And yet to feel so lonely! To see a light on activest brows. Which is the daylight only!

Be pitiful, O God !

The happy children come to us, And look up in our face . They ask us-Was it thus, and thus, When we were in their place !-We cannot speak :--we ee anew The hills we red to live in , And feel our mother's smile press through The kisse, the is civing Be patiful, O God !

We pray together as the kirk. For mercy, nice y, solely-Hands weary with the evil worl, We lift them to the Holy! The corps is calm below our kne'-Its spirit, bright before Thee-Be-ween them, worse than estucr, we-Without the iester glory! Be pititul, O God!

We leave the communing of men, The murmur of the passions; And live alone, to live again With endless generations.

Are we so brave i—The sea and sky
In silence left their mirrors;
And, glassed therein, our spirits high
Recoil from their own terrors.

Be pitiful, O God!

We sit on hills our childhood wist,
Woods, hamlets, streams, beholding t
The sun striked, through the farthest mist,
The city's spire to golden.
The city's golden spire it was,
When hope and health were strongest,
But now it is the churchy and grass,
We look upon the longest.

Be pitiful, O God!

And soon all vision waxeth dullMen whisper, "He is dying:"
We cry no more, "Be pitted '"—
We have no strength for crying!—
No strength, no need! Then, Soul of mine.
Look up and triumph rather—
Le ' in the depth of Cod's Divine,
The Son seques the Father—
Be entirely O God!

## N Any of the Early Rose.

A BOSE once grew within A garden April-green, In her loneness, in her loneness, And the fairer for that oneness

A white rose delicate,
On a tall bough and straight:
Early comer, early confer,
Never waiting for the summer.

Her pretty gestes did win South wind to let her in, In her loneness, in her loneness, All the fairer for that oneness.

"For if I wait," said she,
"Till times for roses be,—
For the musk-rose and the moss-rose,
Royal-red and maiden-blush rose,—

"What glory their for me In such a company? — Rose- plenty, reses plenty, And one nightingale for twenty?

"Nay, let me in," said she,
'Before the rest are free,—
In my loneness, in my loneness,
All the fairer for that oneness,"

Fer I would lonely stand, Upilifting my white hand,— On a mission, on a mission, To declare the coming vision.

"Upon which lifted sign,
What worship will be mine?
What addressing, what caressing!
And what thank, and praise, and bleshing!

"A windlike joy will rush
Through every tree and bush,
Bending softly in sfection
And spontaneous benediction.

"Insects, that only may
Live in a sunbright ray,
To my whiteness, to my whiteness,
Shall be drawn, as to a brightness,—

"And every moth and bes.
Approach me reverently;
Wheeling o'er me, wheeling o'er me
Coronals of motioned glory.

'Three larks shall leave a cloud;
To my whater beauty vowed—
Singing gladly all the moontide,—
Never waiting for the suntide.

"Ten nightin files shall flee Then wood for love of me,— Singing sally all the suntale, Never waiting for the mountide.

"I ween the very less will look down with surprise, When low on earth they see me, With they starry aspect distances?"

"And so the will call her towes.

To histen out of door, — "
By their curtages and sweet-smalling,"
To give grace to not foretelling."

Sq praying, did she win South winds to let her in, In he lone is an her le energ, And the fairer for that onene s.

No tree not but h was seen To hoast a perfect green; Scarcely having, scarcely having, One le.f broad enough for waving The little flux did crawl
Along the couthern wall,—
Faintly shifting, faintly shifting
Wings scarce strong enough for lifting.

The lark, too high or low, I ween, did miss her so; With his nest down in the cores, And his cong in the star-tour os!

'The nightingale did please
To lour beyond seas.
Guess him in the happy islands,
hearning mun from the silence!

Only the bee, for sooth, Came in the place of both; Doing honour, doing honour, To the honcy-dew- upon her.

The skies booked coldly down, As on a royal crown; Then with drop for drop, at leisure, They begun to thin for pleasure.

Whereat the earth did seem To waken from a dream, . Winter frozen, winter-frozen, Her unquiet eyes unclosing -

Said to the Rose—"Ha, Snow!
And art thou fallen so?
Thou, who wert cathroned stately
All along my mountains, lately?

"Holla, thou world-wide snow '
And art thou wasted so?
With a little bough to eatch thee,
And a little bee to watch thee?'

—Poor Rose to be misknown:
Would, she had no'er been blown,
In her loneness, in her loneness,
All the sadden for that oneness!

Some word she tried to say—
Some no... ah, wellaway!
But the passion did o'ercome ler,
And the fair frail leaves dropped from her

Dropped from her, fair and mute, Close to a post's foot, Who beheld them, smiling slowly As at something sad yet holy:

Said, "Verrly and thus
It chanceth eke with us
Poets singing sweetest and the
While hat deaf men keep the witches—

"Vaunting to come I done
Our own age evermore
In a loneness, in a loneness,
And the nobler for that onene

"Holy in voice and heart,— To high ends, set apayt! All unmated, all unmated, Because so con constel!

"But if done we be, Where is our empery? And if none can reach our stature, Who can prace our lofty nature?

Swung in the air alone?
If no brazen chapper bringing,
Who can hear the chimed ringing?

"What angel, but would seem To sensual eyes, ghost-dim? And without assimilation, Vain is inter-penetration!

"And thus, what can we do, Poor rose and poet too, Who both antidate our mission. In an unprepard season?

"Drop leaf—be alent sou,— Cold things we come among! We must warm to m, we must warm them, Ere we ever hope to chaim them.

"Howbert" (here his face Lightened around the place,— Se to mark the outward turning Of his spirit's inward burning)—

"Something, it is, to hold In God's worlds manifold, First revealed to creature-duty, Some new form of His mild Beauty!

"Whether that form respect The sense or intellect, Holy be in soul or pleasance, The Chief Beauty's sign of presence t

"Holy, in me and thee, Rose fallen from the tree;— Though the world stand dumb around us, All unable to expound us!

"Though none us deign to bless, Blessed are we, nathless! Blessed still; and consecrated, In that, rose, we were created. "Oh, shame to poet's lays
Sung for the dole of praise,—
Hoarely sung upon the highway
With that obolum da mah.

"Shame, shame to part's soul, Pining for such a dole, When Heaven-closen to inheria The high throne of a chief aprit!

"Sit still upon your thrones,
O ye potic ones!

And if, sooth, the world decay you,
Let it pass, unchallenge by you!

"Ye to yourselves suffice,
"Without its flatteries.
Self-contentedly approve you,
Unto Hat who sits above you,—

"In prayers—that up and mount Like to a fair-sunned forms Which, in gushing back upon you, Hath an upper music won you,

"In faith—that stall proceives
No role can shed be baves,
Far less poet fill from mission—
With an untuitified fuzzion!

"In hope -that apprehends
An end beyond these ends,
And great uses rendered duly
By the meanest song sung truly!

"In thanks— for all the good,
By poets understood—
For the sound of scraphs moving
Down the hidden depths of loving.—

"For sights of things away,
Through fix ures of the clay,
Promised things which shall be given
And sung over, up in Heaven,—

"For life, so lovely-vain,—
For death, which breaks the chain,—
For this sense of present sweetness,—
And this yearning to completeness!"

### Bertba in the Lane.

Pur the broidery-frame away,
For my sewing is all done!
The last thread is used to-day,
And I need not join it on'
Though the clock stands at the noon
'a a weary! I have sewn
Sweet, for thee, a wedding-gown.

Sister, help me to the bed,
And stand near me, Deare '-sweet,
Do not shrink nor be afraid,
Blushing with a sudden heat!
No one standeth in the street?
By God's love I go to meet,
Love I thee with love complete.

Lean thy face down! drop it in
These two hands, that I may hold
'Twixt their palms thy cheek and chin,
Stroking back the curis of gold.
'Tis a fair, fair face, in sooth—
Larger eyes and redder mouth
Than inne were in my first youth'

Thou art younger by seven years—Ah! so bashful at my gaze,
That the lashes, hung with tears,
Grow too heavy to upraise?
I would wound thee by no touch
Which thy shyness feels as such—
Dost thou mind me, Dear, so much?

Have I not been nigh a mother
To thy sweetness—tell me, Dear?
Have we not loved one another
Tenderly, from year to year;
Since our dying mother mild
Said with accents undefiled,
"Child, be mother to this child"?

Mother, mother, up in heaven,
Stand up on the jasper sca,
And be witness I have given
All the gifts required of me;—
Hope that blessed me, bliss that exowned,
Love, that left me with a would,
Life itself, that turneth round!

Mother, mother, thou art kind,
Thou art standing in the room,—
In a moten glory shrined,
That rays off into the gloom!
But thy smile is bright and bleak
Like cold waves—I cannot speak;
I sob in it, and grow weak.

Ghostly mother, keep aloof
One hour longer from my soul—
For I still am thinking of
Earth's warn-beating joy and dole!
On my finger is a ring
Which I still see glittering,
When the night hides everything.

Little sister, thou art pale!

Ah, I have a wandering brain—
But I lose that fever-bale,

And my thoughts grow calm again
Lean nown closer—closer still!

I have words thine car to fill,—

And would kiss thee at my will.

Dear, I heard thee in the spring,
Thee and Robert—through the trees,—
When we all went gathering,
Boughs of May-bloom for the bees.
Do not start so! think in-tead
How the springline overhead
Seemed to trackle through the shade.

What a day it was, that dov!
Hills and vales did openly
Seem to heave and throb away,
At the sight of the great sky:
And the Silence, as it shoul
In the Glory's golden flowl,
Audibly did bud -- and bud!

Through the winding hedgenows green,
How we wandered, I and you,—
With the bowery tops shut in,
And the gates that showed the view—
How we talked there! thrushes a ft
Sang our parage out,—or out
Bleatings took them, from the croft.

In the pleasure, grown too strong,
Left me muter evermore;
And, the winding road being long,
I walked out of sight, before;
And so, wrapt in musings fond,
Issued (post the wayside pond)
On the meadow-lands beyond.

I are down beneath the beech
Which leans over to the line,
And the far sound of your peech
Did not produce any pain:
And I blessed you full and five,
With a smile stooped tend rly
O'er the May-flowers on my knee.

But the sound grew into word

As the speaker draw more near—
Sweet, for give me that I have
What you wished me not to hear
Do not weep so—do not shake—
Oh.— I heard thee, Bertha, make
Good true answers for my sake.

Ye, and HI too' le him stand
In thy thoughts, untouched by blame
Could be help it, if my hand
He had claimed with he come im?
That was wrong yether had then
Such things be—ar l will, it, in!
Women cannot judge to in ad

Had he seen thee, when he swore the would love but me alone? Thou wert absent, -sent before. To our kin in Sidmouth town. When he saw thee who at he t, Past compare, and lovelest, He is the lest.

Could to plame him with grave word.

Thou and I, Dear it we might?

Thy brown eyes have look-like buils,

Flying straightway to the light?

Mine are older. - Pash!—Look out 
Up the street! Is none without?

Low the poplar swings about!

And that hour—beneath the beech,—
When I listened in a dream,
And he said, in his deep speech,
That he owen me all esteem,—

Thathe owen me all esteem,— East word swam in on my brain With a dim, dilating pain, Till it burst with that last strain—

I fell flooded with a Park.
In the silence of a swoon—
When I rose, still cold and stark,
There was night,—I saw the moon:
And the stars, each in its place,
And the May blooms on the grass.
Seemed to wonder what I was.

And I walked as if apart
From myself, when I could stand—
And I pitied my own heart,
As if I held it in my hand,—
Somewhat coldly,—with a sense
Of fulfilled benevolence,
And a "Poor thing" negligence.

And I answered coldly foo.

When you met me at the loor;

And I only heard the dew

Dripping from me to the floor:

And the flowers I bade you see,

Were too withered for the bee,—

As my life, henceforth, for me.

Do not weep so—Dear—heart-warm!
It was best as it 'sefell!
If I say he did me harm,
I speak wild, —I am not well.
All his words were kind and good—
He esteemed me! Only blood,
Runs so faint in womanhood.

Then I always was too grave,—
Liked the saddest ballads sung,—
With that look, besides, we have
In our faces, who die young.
I had died, Dear, all the same—
Life's long, joyous, jostling game
Is too loud for my meek shame.

We are so unlike each other,
Thou and I; that none could guess
We were children of one mother,
But for mutual tenderness.
Thou art rose-lined from the cold,
And meant, verily, to hold
Life's pure pleasures manifold.

I am pale as crocus grows
Close beside a rose-tree's root!
Whosoe'er would reach the rose,
Treads the crocus under foot—
I, like May-bloom on thorn-tree,—
Thou, like merry summer-beg!
Fit, that I be plucked for thee.

Yet who plucks me?—no one mourn:—
I have lived my rason out,—
And new die of my own thorns
Which I could not live without.
Sweet, be merry! How the light
"Comes and goes! If it be night,
Keep the candles in my sight.

Are there footsteps at the door?

Look out quickly. Yea, or nay?

Some one might be waiting for

Some fast word that I might say.

Nay? So lest!—So angels would

Stand off clear from deathly road,—

Not to cross the sight of God.

('older grow my hands and fatt — When I wear the shroud I made, Let the folds lie straight at the eat, And the resembly be spread, — That if any friend should come, (To see thee, sweet!) all the room May be lifted out of gloom.

And, dear Bertla, let me keep
On my hand this little ring,
Which at nights, when others sleep,
I can still see glittering
Let me wear it out of sight,
In the grave,—where it will light
All the Dark up, day and night.

On that grave, drop not a tear!

Else, though fathom-deep the place,
Through the woollen shroud I wear,
I shall feel it on my face.

Rather smale there, ble sed one,
Thinking of me in the sun—
Or forget ne—smiling on!

At thou hear me? nearer? o!

Kiss me close us on the eyes.—

That the earthly light may go

Sweetly as it used to use,—

When I watched the morning-gray

Stake, betweet the hills, the way

He was sure to come that day.

So,—no more vain words be said!
The hosannas nearer roli—
Mether, smile new on thy Dead,—
I am deat! -strong m r y saul!
Mystic Dove alit on cross,
Guide the poor bird of the se vs
Through the snow-wind above loss!

Jesus, Victim, comprehending
Love's divine self-abnigation,—
Cleanse my love in its self-apending,
And absorb the poor libation!
Wind my thread of life up higher,
Up through angels' hands of fire!—
I aspire while I expire!—

## That Day.

TOR MUSIC.

I STAND by the river where both of us stood,
And there is but one shadow to darken the flood;
And the path leading to it, where both used to pass,
Has the step but of one, to take dew from the grass,
One forlorn since that day.

The flowers of the margin are many to see,
For none stoops at my bidding to pluck them for me
The bird in the alder sings loudly and long,
For my low sound of weeping disturbs not his song,
As thy yow did that day!

I stand by the liver—I think of the vow—
Oh, calm as the place is, vow-breaker, he thou!
I leave the flower growing—the bird, unreproved,—
Would! trouble thee rather than them, my beloved,
And my loving that day?

Go! be sure of my love—by that treason forgiven,—
Of my prayers—by the blessings they win thee from
Heaven,—

Of my grief (guess the length of the sword by the sheath's)-

By the silence of life, more calletic than death's, — (40, -); clear of that day!

#### Lored Once.

l classed, appraising once,
Earth's lamentable sounds; the welladay,
The jarring yea and nay,
The fall of kisses ou unanswering clay,
The sobbed frewell, the welcome mournfuller;
But all did leaven the air
With a less batter leaven of sure despair,
Than these words - " T loved ONCE."

And who saith, "I loved once?"

Not angels, whose clear-eyes, love, love, folesce,
Love through et inity,
Who, by To Love, do apprehend To Be.

Not God, called Love, His noble crown-name,—casting
A light too broad for blasting!

The freat God, changing not from everlasting,
Saith never, "I loved once"

Nor ever the "Loved onos,"

Dost Thou say, Victim-Christ, misprized friend!

The cross and curse may read;

But, having loved, Thou lovest to the end!

It is man's saying—man's! Too weak to move

One spherid star above,

Man describes the eternal God-word Love

With his Namore, and Once.

How say ye, "We loved once,"

Blaspheners? Is your earth not cold enow,
Mourners, without that snow?

Ah, friends! and would ye wrong each other so?

And could ye say of some, whose love is known,
Whose prayers have met your own,

Whose tears have fallen for you, whose smiles have shone,
Such words, "We loved them once?".

Could ye, "We loved I'er once,"

Say caim of me, sweet friends, when out of sight?

When hearts of better tight

Stand in between me and your happy light?

And when, as flowers kept too long in the shade,

Ye find my colours tide,

And all that is not love in me, decayed?

Such words—Ye loved me once!

Could ye "We loved her once,"

Say cold of me, when "urther put away
In earth's sepulchial chy;

When mute the hips which deprecate to day?—

Not so thou then—least then! when his is shire, a
And Death's full joy is given,—

Of those who sit and love you up in Heaven,
Say not, "We loved them once."

Say never, ye leved once!

God is two near above, the grave, below,
And all our moments go

Too quickly past our souls, for saying ro!

The mysteries of Life and Death aver,
Affections light of range

There comes nowhange to justify that than e,
Whatever comes—Loved onc.

And yet that word of ONCH
Is humanly acceptive! Kings have said,
Shaking a dis nowned houl,
"We ruled once,"—Aliot tongues, 'We once bested,'—'
Cripples once danced i' the vince—and bards approved,
Were once by scornings, moved!
But love strikes one hour—tove. Those never loved.
Who dream that they loved once.

## A Rhapsody of Lite's Progress.

"Fill all the stops of life with tuneful breath."

POEUS ON MAN, by Cornelius Matthews."

We are borne into life—it is sweet, it is strange!
We lie still on the knee of a mild Mystery,
Which smiles with a change!
But we doubt not of changes, we know not of spaces;
The heavens seem as near as our www mother's face is,

The heavens seem as near as our war mother's face is, And we think we could touch all the stars that we see; And the milk of our mother is white on our mouth! And, with small childish hands, we are turning around The apple of Life which another has found:—
It is warm with our touch, not with sun of the south, And we count, as we turn it, the red side for four—

O Life, O Beyond,

Thou art sweet, thou art strange evermora.

Then all things look strangers the pure golden either: We walk through the gardens with hands linked together,

And the lilies look large as the trees;
And as loud as the birds, sing the bloom-loving bees,—
And the birds sing like angels, so mystical fine;
And the cedars are brushing the archangel's feet;
And time is eternity,—love is divine,

And the world is complete!

Now, God bless the chi'l,—father, mother, re pond.

O Life, O Beyon l,

Thou art strange, thou art sweet.

Then we leap on the earth with the armour of youth,

And the earth tings again!

And we breathe out, "O beouty,"—we cry out, "O truth,"

And the bloom of our lips drops with winz;

<sup>\*</sup> A small volume, by an American pockable, in thought and manner, for a vital sinewy vigour, as the right arm of Pathfinder.

And our blood runs amazed 'neath the calm hyaline,
The earth cleaves to the foot, the sun burns to the brun,
What is this exultation, and whit this despair —
\*The strong pleasure is amiting the nerves into pain,
And we drop from the Fru, as we climb to the Fair,
And we he in a trance at its feet;

And the breath of an angel cold piercing the air Breathes fresh on our faces in swoon; And we think him so ner, he is this aide the sun

And we think him so ner, he is this side the sun! And we wake to a whi-per self-murmured and fond,

O I d', O Beyond, Thou art strunge, thou art sweet!

And the winds and the waters in past real mer uner Go winding around us, with roll in on roll, Till the soul lies within in a circle of ple i ures, Which hideth the soul!

And we can with the stag, and we kap with the librae,
And we swim with the fish through the broad watercoure,
And we strike with the falcon, and hunt with the hound,
And we shout so all od, "We exist, we epoce,"
That we lose the low mean of our littlers around,—
And we shout so adder how means four littlers around,—
And we shout so adder how restrents probuind,

We are deaf to Cod - voice-

And we bind the role grain on forch and ears,
Yet we are not as in ed

And the dew of the roses that sunneth unblanced
Down our checks, is not taken for tears.
Help us, God trust us, min! love us womin! "I hole
Thy small head in my hands,—with its grapelets of god!
Growing bright through my fingers,—like actar for oath,
"Neath the vast golden spaces like witnessing frees

That watch the eternity strong in the troth-

I love Luce, I leave thee,— Live for thee, due for thee! I prove thee, decrive thee,— Undo ever more thee! Help me. God ! slav me. nau!-one is mourning for both!" And we stand up, though young, near the funeral-sheet Which covers the Casar and old Pharamond: And death is so nigh us, Life cools from its heat -O Life, O Beyond,

Art thou fair, -- art thou sweet?

Then we act to a purpose—we spring up erect— We will tame the wild mouths of the wilderness-steeds; We will plough up the deep in the ships double-decked: We will build the great cities, and do the great deeds,-Strike the steel upon steel, thing the soul upon soul, Strike the dole on the weal, overcoming the dole,--Let the cloud meet the cloud in a grand thunder-roll! While the eagle of Thought rides the tempest in scorn, Who cares if the lightning is burning the corn?

"Let us sit on the thrones In a purple sublimity, And grind down men's bones To a pale unanimity !

Speed me, Go. ! serve me, man !—I am god over men ! When I speak in my cloud, none thall an wer again-

> 'Neath the stripe and the bond, Lie and mourn at my feet !"-O thou Life, O Beyond, Thou art strange, thou art sweet !

Then we grow into thought,—and with inward ascensions Touch the bounds of our Being ! .'

We lie in the dark here, swathed doubly a ound With our sensual relations and social conventions.— Yet are 'ware of a sight, yet are 'ware of a sound

Beyond Hearing and Seeing,-

Are aware that a Hades rolls deep on all sides, With its infinite tides.

About and above us,—until the strong arch Of our life creaks and bends as if ready for falling. And through all the dim rolling, we hear the shoet calling Of spirits that speak, in a soft u ider-tongue,

The interpretive sense of the mestical march:

And we cry to them oftly, "Come nearer, come nearer,

And lift up the lap of this Dark, and speak clearer,

And teach us the song that ye sung."

And we smile in our thought, if they answer or no,-For to dream of a sweetness 14 sweet as to know !

> Wonders breathe in our face, And we ask not their name; And love takes all the blame Of the world's prison place.

And we sing back the songs as we guess them, aloud; And we send up the lark of our music that cut; Untited through the cloud.

To beat with its wings at the lattice Heaven thuts. Yet the angels look down, and the mortals look down.

As the little wings beat,

And the poet is blessed with their pity or hope.
"Twist the Heavens and the earth, can a poet de pond?

O Life, O Beyond, Thou art strange, thou art sweet !

Then we wring from our souls their applicative strongth.

And bend to the cord the strong bow of our kent,

And bringing our lives to the level of others,

Hold the cup we have filled, to their uses at length.

"Help me, God! love me, min!—I am man among men,—

'And my life it a pledge

Of the case of mother's 1"

From the fire and the water we drive out the steam, With a rush and a row, and the speed of a dream! And the car without horses, the car without wings,

> Roars onward and thes On its vale non edge,

Neath the heat of a Thought sitting still in our eyes— And the hand knots in air, with the bridge that it flings, Two peaks for disrupted by ocean and skies— And, litting a fold of the smooth-flowing Thames, Draws under the world vith its turmoils and pothers;
While the swans float on softly, untouched in their calms
By Humanity's hum at t e root of the springs!
And with reachings of Thought we reach down to the deep.

Of the souls of our brothers.

And teach them full words with our slow-moving lips, "God," "Liberty," "Truth,"—which they hearken and think.

And work into harmony, link upon link,
Till the silver meets round the earth gelid and dense,
Shedding spacks of electric respondance intense
On the dark of eclipse.

Then we hear through the silence and glory afar,

As from shores of a star

In aphelion, -- the new generations that cry In attune to our voice and harmonious reply,

"God," "Liberty," "Truth!"

We are glorious forsooth—
And our name has a seat,
hough the shroud should be donned

Though the shroud should be donned!
O Life, O Beyond,

Thou are strange, thou art sweet!

Help me, God—help me, man! I am low. I am we de— Death loosens my sinews and creeps in my veins, My body is cleft by these wedges of pains.

From my spirit's serene;
And I feel the externe and insertate creep in

On my organised clay.
I sob not, nor shrick,
Yet 1 faint fast away!

I am strong in the spirit,—deep-thoughted, clear-eyed, - I could walk, step for step, with an angel beside,

On the Heaven-beights of Truth!
Oh, the soul keeps its youth--

But the body faints scre, it is tired in the sace,...
It sinks from the chariot ere reaching the goal;

It is weak, it is cold,
The rein drops from its hold—
It sinks back, with the death in its face to Con, chariot—on, soul,—
Ye are all the more fleet—
Be alone at the goal
Of the strange and the sweet!

Love us, God, love us, man! we believe, we achieve Let, us love, let us live,
For the acts correspond We are giorious—and DIS!
And again on the knee of a mild Mystery
That similes with a change,
Here we he!
O Death, O Bryond,
Thou art eweet, thou sit strange!

# L. E. L.'s Last Question.

"Do you think of me as I think of you?"
(From her Prem written Puring the Voyage to the Cape.)

"Do you think of me as I think of you,
My friends, my friends?"—She said it from the sea,
The English minstrel in her minstrelsy;
While, under brighter skies than grat she know.
Her heart grow dark,—and groped there as the blind.
To reach, across the waves, triends left fehind—
"Do you think of me as I think of you?"

It seemed not much to ask—As I of you?— We all do ask the same. No eyelids cover Within the meekest eyes, that question over,— And little in the world, the Loving do, But sit (arrong the roch s?) and listen for The echo of their own have evermore— "Do you think of me as I think of you?"

Love-learned, she had sung of tove and love,— And, like a child, that, sleeping with dropt head Upon the fairy-book he lately read, Whatever household noises round him move, Hears in his dream some elfin turbulence,— Even so, suggestive to her inward sense, All sounds of life assumed one twee of love.

And when the glory of her dream withdrew,—
When nightly gestes and courtly pagcantries
Were broken in her visionary eyes,
By tears the solemn seas attested true,—
Forgetting that sweet lute beside her hand,
She asked not,—Do you praise me, O my land?—
But,—"Think ye of me, friends, as I of you?"

Her's was the hand that played for many a year Love's silver phrase for England,—smooth and well! Would God, her heart's more inward oracle In that lone moment, might confirm her dear! For when her questioned friends in agony Made passionate response,—"We think of thee,"—Her place was in the dust, too deep to hear.

Could she not wait to catch their answering breath? Was she content—content—with orean's sound, Which dashed its mocking infinite around One thirsty for a little love!—beneath Those stars, content—where last her song had gone,—They, mute and cold m radiant life,—as soor Their singer was to be, in darksome death? \*

Her lyric on the polar star, came home with her latest papers.

Bring your vain answers—cr., "We think of the!"
How think ye of her? warm in long ago
Delights?—or crowned with Judding bays? Not 50.
None unile and none are crowned where lieth she, —
With all her visions unfulfilled, save one—
Her childhood's—of the palm-trees in the sun—
And lo! their shadow on her sepulchre!

"Do ye think of me as I think of you?"—
O friends,—O kindred,—O dear brotherhood
Of all the world! 'that are we, that we should
For covenants of leng effection sue?
Why press so near each other, when the touch
Is barred by graves? Not much, and yet too much,
Is this "Think of me as I think of you."

But while on mortal lips I shape anew A sigh to mortal issues,—verily Above the unshaken stars that see us die A vocal pathos rolls! and HE who drew All life from dust, and for all, tasted death, By death and life and love, appealing, saith, Do you think of Me as I think of you?

#### The House of Clouds.

I would build a cloudy liouse
For my thoughts to live in;
When for earth too fancy-loose,
And too low for Heaven!
Hush! I talk my dream aloud—
I build it bright to see,—
Build it on the moonlit cloud,
To which I looked with thes.

Cloud-walls c the moraing's grey,
Faced with amber column,—
Crowned with crimson cupola
From a sun't solemn!
May-mists, for the casements, fetch,
Pale and glimmering;
With a sunbeam hid in each,
And a smell of spring.

Build the entrance high and proud,
Darkenny and eke brightening.—
Of a riven thun ler-cloud,
Veined by the lightning!
Use one with an iris-stain,
For the door within;
Turning to a sound like rain,
As we enter in!

Enter a broad hall thereby,
Walled with cloudy whiteness:
Tis a blue place of the sky,
V'ind-worked into brightness;
Whence such corridors sublime
Stretch, with winding stairs—
Fraying children wish to climb
After their own prayers.

In the mutest of the house,
I will have my chamber:
Round its door; I keep for use
Northern lights of amber.
Science gave that rose and bee
For the lock, in metaness;
And the turning of the key
Goes in humming sweetness.

Be my chamber tapestried. With the showers of summer, Close but soundless,—glorified.

When the sunbeams come here—

Wandering harpers, 'arpins on Chorded drops, as uch,— Drawing colours, for a tune, With a vibrant to ch.

Bring a shadow green and still
From the chestnut forest,—
Bring a purple from the hill,
When the heat is sorest,—
Spread them out from will to wall,
Curpet-wove around,—
Whereupon the foot shall fall
In light instead of sound.

Bring the fantasque cloudlets home,
From the montide zenth;
Ranged, for sculptures, round the room, Named as Fancy weencth;
Some be Junes, without eyes Naiads, without sources Some be Lirds of paradise,—
Some, Olympian horses.

Bring the dews the birds she 'co off,
Waking in the hedges,—
Those too, perfumed for a proof,
From the lilies' edges:
From our England's field and moor,
Is ing them calm and white in,—
Whence to form a mirror pure,
For Love's self-delighting!

Bring a grey cloud from the east,
Where the lark is singing,—
Something of the one at least,
Unlost in the bringing:
That shell be a morning chair,
Poet-dream may sit in,
When it leans out on the air,
Unrhymed in I unwritten.

Bing the re cloud from the sun!
While he junketh, catch it—
That shall be a couch,—with one
Suddong st. r to witch it,—
Fit for poet's finest Thought,
At the cufew-sounding,—
Things unseen being nearer brought
Then the seen, around him.

Post's thought,—not post's sigh!

'Lag they come together!

Cloudy walls divide and fly,

As in April weather!

Coir for and column proud,

Chamber bright to see—

Gone!—except that moonlit cloud,

To which I looked with thee!

Let them! Wipe such visionings
From the Fancy's cartel—
Love secures some fairer things
Downed with his immortal!
Suns may darken,—heaven be bowed—
Still, unch more shall be,—
Soul-deep,—here—that moonlif cloud,
To which I look'd with the "!

### Catarina to Camoens;

D'ing in his absence abbéad, and leferring to the form in which he becorded the 5% el lni 98 of her eyes.

On the door you will not gater,
I have gazed too long—adien!
Hope withdraws her peradventure—
Death is hear me,— and not you!

Come, O lover, Close and cover 'These poor eyes, you called, I ween, "Sweetest eyes, wer ever seem?'

When I heard you sing that burden
In my vernal days and bowers,
Other praises disregarding,
I but heark ned that of yours,-Only saying
In heart playing,

"Blessed cyc mune eyes have been, If the sweetest, His have seen!"

But all changeth! At this vesper,
Cold the sun shines down the door!
If you stood there, would you whisper
"Love, I love you," as before, —
Death pervading
Now, and shading
Eyes you sang of, that yestr en,
As the sweete t, ever seen!

Yes: I think, were you be ide them,
Near the bed I do upon,
Though their beauty you denied them,
As you stood there, I oking down,
You would traly
Call them daly.
For the love's sake found therein,—
"Sweetest eyes, were ever seen."

And if you looked down upon them,
And if they looked up to you,
All the light which has forgone them
Would be gathe ed back anew
They we let truly
Be as duly

Love-transfor ned to Beauty's sheen, ... "Sweetest eyes, were ever seen."

But, ah me! you only see me
In your thoughts of loving man,
Smiling soft perhaps and dreamy
Through the wavings of my fan,—
And unweeting

And unwesting
Go repeating,
In your reverse serone,
"Sweetest eyes, were ever seen."

While my spirit leans and reaches
from my 'ody still and pale,
Fam to hear what tender speech is
In your love, to help my bale—
O my poet,
Come and show it!
Come of latest love to glean

"Sweetest eyes, were even seen."

O my noet, O my prophet,
When you praised their sweetness so,
Did you think, in singing of it.
That it might be near to go?
Had you fancies
From their glauces,
That the grave would quickly screen
"Sweetest eyes, were ever som?"

No 'eply! The fountain's warble
In the courtyard sounds alone!
As the water to the marble
So my heart falls with a moan,
From love-sighing.:
To this dying!
Death forerunneth Love, to win
"Sweetest eyes, were ever seen."

Will you come? when I'm departed Where all sweetnesses are hid When thy voice, ney tender-hearted, Will not lift up either lid.

Cry, O lover, Love is over! Cry beneath the cypress green--"Sweetest eyes, were ever seen."

When the angelus is ringing,
Near the convent will you walk,
And recall the choral singing
Which brought angels down our to be
Spirit shrive.
I viewed Heaven,

Till you smiled—"Is earth uncl Sweetest eyes, were ever seen?"

When beneath the palace-lattice,
You ride slow as you have done,
And you see a face there—that is
Not the old familiar one,—
Will you oftly
Murmur softly,
"Here, ye watched me morn and c'm,
Sweetest eyes, were ever seen!"

When the palace ladies sitting
Round your gittern, shall have said,
"Poet, sing those verses written
For the lady who is dead,"—
"Will you tremble,
Yet desemble,—
Or sing hoarse, with tears between,
"Syzztest eyes, were ever seen?"

Sweetest eyes! How sweet in flowings, The repeated cadence is! Though you saing a hundred poems, Still the best one would be this.

> I can hear it Twixt my spirit

And the earth-noise, intervene-"Sweetest eyes, were ever seen!"

But the pricet waits for the praying, And the choir are on their knees,— And the soul must pass away in Strains more solemn high than these!

Miser ers

For the weary—
Oh, no longer-for Catrine,
"Sweetest eyes, were eyer seen!"

Keep my riband! take and keep it,—
I have loosed at from my hair;\*
Feeling, while you overweep it,
Not alone in your de-pair, —
Since with caintly
Vatch, unfaintly,

Viatch, untintly,
Out of Heaven shall o'er you lean
"Sweetest eye, were ever seen."

But—but now—yet unremoved
Up to Heaven, they glisten fast—
You may cast away, Beloved,
In your future, all my past;

Such old phiases

May be praises

For some famer besom-queen— "Sweetest eyes, were ever seen!"

Eyes of mine, what are ye doing?
Farthless, faithless,—praised amiss,
If a tear be on your showing,
Dropt for any hope of ans!

<sup>\*</sup> She left hur the riband from her hair.

Death hath boldness
Besides coldness,
If unworthy tears demean
"bucctest eyes, were ever seen."

I will look out to his future—
I will bless it till it shine t
Should he ever be a vitos
Unito sweeter eyes than mine,
Sunshine gild them,
Angels shield them,
Wh tenever eye terrene
I've the sweetest his have seen!

## A Portrait.

' One name is Elizabeth, '- Bry Jones v.

I WILL paint acres I see he.! Fon times have the blue blown Since she looked upon the on.

And her face is hly-clear 
Laly-shaped, and drooped in deta

To the law of it own branty

Ovil checks, en olored faulty, Which a trail or old in leve Keeps from ruling off to an !

And a forchest the and saintly, Which two but yet under line, lake meet prove before a shrine

Though too calm, you think, and tender, For the childhead you rould lend her. Yet child-simple, undefiled, Frank, obedient,—waiting still On the turnings of your will.

Moving light, as all young things,— As young birds, or early wheat When the wind blows over it.

Only free from flutterings
Of loud mirth that scorneth measure—
Taking love for her chief pleasure!

Choosing pleasures (for the rest)
Which comes softly—just as she,
When she nestles at your knee!

Quiet talk she liketh best, In a bower of gentle looks,— Watering flowers, or reading books.

And her voice, it murmurs lowly, As a silver stream may run, Which yet feels, you feel, the sun.

And her smile, it seems half holy,
As it drawn from thoughts note far
Than our common jestings are.

And if any post knew her, He would sing of her with falls Used La lovely madigals.

And if any painter drew her, He would paint her unaware With a halo round her hair.

And if reader read the poem,

He would whisper—"You Live done a

Consecrated little Una!"

And a dreamer (did you show him That same picture) would exclaim, "Tis my angel, with a name!"

And a stranger,—when he sees her In the street even—smileth stilly, Just as you would at a lily.

And all woices that address her, Soften, sleeken every word,— As if speaking to a bird.

And all fancies yearn to cover The hard earth whereon she passes, With the thymy scented grasses.

And all hearts do pray, "God love her!" Ay, and certes, in good sooth, We may all be sure He DOTH.

## Sleeping and Watching.

Sizer on, baby, on Je floor,
Tired of all the playing,—
Sleep with smile the sweeter for
That, you dropped away in t
On roon curls' full roundness, stand
Golden lights serenely—
One cheek, pushed out by the hand
Folds the dimple july:
Little flead and little foot
Heavy bid for pleasure,
Underneath the lids Lalf-shat,
Slants the shining azure:—

Open-souled in nocaday sun, So, you lie and slumber! Nothing evil, having done, Nothing can encumber.

I, who cannot sleep as well,
Shall I sigh to view you?
Or sigh further to foretell
All that may undo you?
Nay, keep smiling, little child,
Ere the sorrow neareth,—
I will smile too! Patience mild
Pleasure's token weareth.
"Nay, keep sleeping, before less;
I shall sleep though losing!
As by cradle, so by cross,
Sure is the reposing.

And God knows, who sees us train, Child at childish leisure, I am not a streed of pain. As you seem of pleasure;—
Very soon too, by His grace. Cently wrapt around me,
Shall I show as calm a face,
White mg in this that you
Clasp your playthings sleeping,
While my hand shall drop the few
Given to my keeping;

Differing in this, that I
Sleeping, shall be colder,
And in waking presently,
Brighter to beholder!
Differing in this beside
(Sleeper, have you heard me!

Do you move, and open wide
Eyes of wonder toward me?—
That while I, you, draw withal
From your slumber, solely,—
Me, from more, in angel shall,
With reveallie holy!

# Wine of Cyprus.

GIVEN TO ME BY H. S. BOYD, 100, AUTHOR OF "SITECT PASSAGIN FROM THE GRIFK FATHERS," ELC., TO WHOM THIBE STANZAN ARE ADDRESSED.

If old Bocchu- were the speaker,
He would tell you with a sigh,
Of the Cypins in this beaker,
I am sipping like a fly,—
Like a fly or guat on Ida
At the hour of goblet-pledge,
By queen Juno brushed ande, a
Full white arm sweep, from the edge!

Sooth, the drinking should be an pler,
When the drink is a dyrine;
And some deep mouthed Greek exampler
Would become your Cyprian wine!
Oyclops' mouth might plunge might in,
While his one eye over-lected—
Nor too large were mouth of Titan,\*
Drinking rivers down his beard.

I'm mighe d p his head so deep in,
That he cars alone pricked out;
Faure abound him, pressing, leaping.
Each one pointing to his throat!

While the Naiads like Bacchantes,
Wild, with urns thrown out to waste,
Cry—"O earth, that thou wouldst grant us
Springs to keer, of such a taste!"

But for me, I am not worthy
After gods and Greeks to drink;
And my lips are pale and earthy.
To go bathing from this brink!
Since you neard them speak the last time,
They have faded from their blooms;
And the Lughter of my pastime
Has learned silence at the tombs.

Ah, my friend! the antique drinkers
Crowned the cup and crowned the brow!
Can I answer the old thinkers
In the forms they thought of, now?
Who will fetch from garden-closes
Some new garland; while I speak,
That the forehead, crowned with roses,
May strike sea let down the check?

Do not mock me! with my mortal, Suits no wreath ap in, indeed! I am sad-voiced as the turtle, Which Anadroon used to feed: Yet as that same bird demurely Wet her leak in cup of his,— So, without a garland, arely I may touch the brun of the.

Go!—let others praise the Chian!—
This is tawny as Rhea's lion,
This is tawny as Rhea's lion,
This is rapid as its spring,—
Bright as Paphia's eyes e'er me, us,
Light as ever trod her feet!

And the brown bees of Hymattus Make their honey not so sweet.

Very copious are my mains,
Though I sip it like a fly i—
Ah! but, sipping,—times and places
Change before me uddenly—
As Ulysses' old libation
Drew the shosts from every part,
So your Cypnian wine, dear Grantan,
Stirs the Hades of my heart.

And I think of those long mornings
Which my Thought goss far to seek,
When, betwixt the folio's turnings,
Solemn flowed the rhythmic Greek
Past the pane, the mountain spreading,
Swept the sheep-bell's tinkling noise,
While a girlish voice was reading,—
Somewhat low for as's and os's '

Then what golden hours were for us!—
While we rate together there,
How she white vests of the choru:
Seemed to wave up a live air!
How the cothurns tred majestic
Down the deep iambid lines?
And the rolling anapastic
Curled, like vapour over shrines!

Oh, our Æschylus, the thundrous!

How he drove the bolted breath
Through the cloud, to wedge it ponderous.

In the gnarfed oak beneath.
Oh, our Sophoeles, the royal!

Who was bern to monarch's place.
And who made the whole world loyal.

Less by kingly power than grace

Our Euripides, the human—
With his droppings of warm tears;
And his touches of things common,
Till they rose to touch the spheres!
Our Theocritus, our Pion,
And our Pindar's shining goals!—
These were cup-bearers undying,
Of the wine that's meant for souls.

And my Plato, the divine one,—
If men know the gods aright
By their motions as they shine on
With a glorious trail of light—
And your noble Christian bishops,
Who mouthed grandly the last Greek:
Though the sponges on their hyssop—
Were distent with wine—too weak.

Yet, your Chrysostom, you praised him
With his glorious mouth of gold—
And your Basil, you upraised him
To the height of speakers old:
And we both praised Heliodorus
For his secret of pure lies!—.
Who forged first his linked stories
In the heat of lady's eyes.

And we both praised your Synesius,
For the fire shet up his odes!
Though the Charch was scarce propitious,
As he whistled dogs and gods.—
And we both praised Nazianzen,
For the fervid heart and speech!
Only I eschewed his glancing
At the lyre hung out of reach.

Do you mind that deed of Atic Which you bound me to, so fastReading "De Vinginitate,"
From the first line to the lat?
How I said at ending solenin,
As I turned and looked at you,
That St. Sinicon on the column
Had had somewhat less to do?

For we sometimes gently wrangled;
Very gently, be it said, —
For our thoughts were disentangled.
By no breaking of the thread!
And, I charged you with extertion.
On the nobler fames of old—
Ay, and sometimes thought your Por ons.
Stained the purple they would fold.

For the rest!—a mystic moaning,
Kept Cassandra at the gate!
With wild eyes the vision shore in -And wide nostrils scenting fate!
And Prometheus, bound in passion
By brute Force to the blind score,
Showed us looks of invention
Turned to ocean and the sun.

And Medea we saw, burning
At her nature's planted stake!
And proud (Edipus, fate scorning,
'While the cloud canie on to brake—
While the cloud canie on slow —slower,
Till he stood discrowned, resigned!—
But the reader's voice dropped lower,
When the post called him BLIND!

Ah, my gussin! you were older,
And more learned, and a man!—
Yet that, shadow,—the enfolder
Of your quiet evelula.—nan

Both our spirits to one level; And I turned from hill and lea And the summer-sun's green revel, To your eyes, that could not see.

Now Christ bless you with the one light
Which goes shining night and day!
May the flowers which grow in sunlight
Shed the fragrance if your way!
Is it not right to remember
All your kindness, friesfel of mine,—
When we two sate in the chamber,
And the poets poured us wine?

So, to come back to the dranking
Of this Cyprus '—it is well—
But those memories, to my thinking,
Make a better cenoinel!
And whoever be the speaker
None can murniur with a sigh,—
That, in dranking from 'hat beaker,
I am sipping like a fly!

## The Romance of the Swan's Mest.

"So the dreams depart,
So the fading phantoms flee,
And the sharp reality
N w must act its part."
Westwoon's "Beads from a Rosaru."

LITTLE Ellie sits alone
'Mid the beeches of a meadow,
By a stream-ride, on the grass:
And the trees are showning down
Doubles of their leaves in shalow,
On her shining hair and face,

She has thrown her bonnet by;
And her feet she has been dipping
In the shallow water's flow—
Now she holds them nakedly
In her hands, all sleek and dripping,
While she rocketh to and fro.

Little Ellic sits alone,—
And the smile, he softly usefu,
Fills the silence like a speech;
While she thinks what shall be done,—
And the sweetest pleasure, cho seth,
For her future within reach!

Little Ellie in her smile
Chooceth . . . " I will have a lover,
Riding on a steed of steeds!
He shall love me without guile;
And to him I will discover
That swan's nest among the reeds.

"And the steed shall be red-toan,
And the lover shall be noble,
With an eye that takes the breath,—
And the lute be plays upon,
Shall strike lades into trouble,
As his sword strikes men to death.

"And the steed, it shall be shod
All in silver, housed in azure,
And the mane shall swim the wind!
And the hoofs, along the sod,
Shall flash onward in a pleasure,"
Till the shepherds look behind.

"But my lover will not prize All the glory that he rides in, When he gazes in my face! He will say, 'O love, thine eyes Build the shrine my soul abides in; And I kneel here for thy grace.

"Then, ay, then he shall kneel low,— With the red-roan steed ancur him Which shall seem to understand— Till Lanswer, 'Rise, and go! For the world must love and fear him Whom I guft with heart and hind.'

"Then he will arise so I ale,
I shall feel my own hips tremble
With a yes I must not say—
Nathless, maiden-brave, 'Farewell,'
I will utter and dissemble—
' 'alght to-morrow, with to day'

"Then he will ride through the hills,
To the wide world part the river,
There to put away all wrong!
To make straighter to to ded wills,—
And to empty the brooklymerr
Which the wicked be it along.

"Thice times shall a to mg foot page Swim the stream and climb the mount in, And kneel down beside my feet— 'Lo! my master sends this gage, Lady, for thy pity's counting! What wilt those exchange for it?'

"And the first time, I will send
A white resoluted for a guerdon,—
And the second time, a globe !
But the third time—I may send
From my pride, and answer, Pardon—
If he comes to take my love."

"Then the young toot-page will run—
Then my lover will ride faster,
Till he kneekth at my knee!
"I am a duke's eldest son!
Thousand seef 'de call me master,—
But, O Love, I love but thes!"

"He will keep me on the mouth
Then, and lead me as a lover,
Through the crowds that praise his deeds!
And, when soul-field by one froth,
Unto kem I will discover
That swan's nest among the reeds."

Little Elbe, with her smile

Not yet en led, rose up gaily, 
Trod the bounet, donned the shoe, —

And went homeward, round a mile,

Just to see, as she did daily,

What more eggs were with the tree.

Pushing through the elm-tree copes Winding by the stream, hight-hearted, Where the osier pathway leads— Past the boughs she stoop—and stops! Lo! the wild swan had descreed— And a rat had guawed the reeds.

Ellie went home sid and slow!

If ship found the lover over,
With his red-roan steed of steeds,
South I know not! but I know
Ship could show hom never—never,
That swan's nest among the seeds!

### Lessons from the Gorse.

"To wan the secret of a weed's plain heart LOWELL.

MOUNTAIN TO C ever-golden!
Clankered not the whole you long!
Do you what is to be strong,
Howover pricked and holden
Lake your thorny bloom, and so
Trodden on by rain and snow
Up the hill add of this life, a blook as where you now?

Morning blosom!

Do ve teach us to be glad

When he stanner can be had,

doening in the moved botom?

Let, when who I preserveth still,

Stashishes up in a hill.

Tokers to the weary carffeth Berry liveth till!

Me intomgorses do ye teach us
From fact was my chair
Canopied with which are
Profite the first but Wisdom reache
Hath the half childly check!
Ye, who have ongrountain peak,
Yet hive low along the ground, besee the grades ancek!

Mount in gorest since Linu on
Knelt beside you on the sod
For your beauty thanking God, —
For your teaching, yo should see us
Bowing in prostration new,—
Whence arrea,—If one or two s
Drops be on our checks—O world I they a check take, but dow.

## The Dead Pan.

Excited by Schiller's "Gotter (1 ment nds," and partly founded on a well known tradition mont need in a treatise of Plutarch (\* De Chaculorum Defectu"), according to which, at the hour of the Saviour's agony, a cry of 'Gi + Pan is doubt' swept across the ways in the hearing of certain in macra, and the origins ceased

If is in all veneration to the monory of the deathless Schiller that I oppose a doctrine still more disnoncering to poetly than to

Chusti inity

As Mi. Kenyon a graceful and harmomous paraphrase of the German poem was the first occasion of the tuning of my thoughts in the direction, I take advantage of the pretence to indulge my fushings (which overflow on other grounds) by inscribing my lyric to that dear friend and relative with the count mass of appreciating esteem as well as of affectionate gratitude. F. B. B.

Gods of Hellas, gods of Hellas!
Can ye listen in your silence?
Can your mystic verses tell us
Where ye hide? In floating island?
With a wind this evidence.
Keeps you out of a ght of shore?
Pag. Pag. 1 de d.

In what revels are ye sunker
In old Ethiopia?
Have the promise made rou drunker,
Bathing in mandrago r
Your divine pate lips, that shiver
Like the lotus in the riter?

I is Pure dead.

Do result there still in slumber,
In , gaine Alpine r vs
To black poppies of of rumber
Nodding, dappine from your brows
To the red sets of your wine,—
And seken alive and time?

Pau, Pan 11 dead

Or he crushed your stagmant corses Where the silver spheres roll on, Stung to life by centric forces Thrown like rays out from the sun !-While the smoke of your old altars Is the shroud that round you welters? Great Pan 1s dead.

Gods of Hellas, gods of Hellas, Said the old Hellenic tongue! Said the hero-oaths, as well as Poets songs the sweetest sung! Have ye grown deaf in a day 🕹 Can ye speak not yea or nay -Since Pin is deal?

Do ye icave your rivers flowing All alone, O Natades, While your drenched locks dry slow in I has cold feeble sun and breeze !-Not a word the Names -av. Though the rivers inn to aye

For Pan is dead

From the glamme of the oak wood, O ve Dry ule, could ye flee / At the 14-hing thunder-troke, would No sob tremble shrough the tree :-Not a word the Dryads ay. Though the forc-ts wave for aye. For Pan is dead.

Have ye left the mountain places. Oreads wild, for other tryst? Shall we see no sudden faces Strike a glory through the mist? Not a round the silence thrills, Of the everlasting hills.

e

Par, Pan is dead,

O twelve gods of Plato's vision, Crowned to starry wandcing; — With your charlots in procession, And your silver clash of wings! Very pale ye seem to like, Chosts of Crecian deitics—

Now Pur is dead !

Jove! that right liand is unloaded, Whence the thander did prevail While, in idiory of godhead, Thou art string the stars pale! And thuse eagle, blind and old, Roaghs his feather in the sold.

Pan, Pm is dead.

Where, O Juno, is the glory Of thy regal 1 ok and tread? Will they lay, for everimore, thee On thy Jun, straight, golden bed? Will thy queepdom Al lie hid Mickly under either hid?

Pon, Pan & dea !

If a, Apollo! Pleats his golden
from all mist like where he stands,
While the Muses hadg enfolding
know and foot with faint vild hand!
North the clanging of thy bow,
Nobe looked lost as thou!
Pan, Pun is dead.

Shaft the chaque with its brown nonPal he broad blue eyes eclipse,
A st no hero take inspiring
From the God Greek of her lips?
'Neath her clive dost thou sit,
Mars the mighty; cursing it?
Pan, Pan is dead.

Bachus, Bachus ' on the panther
He awoons, --bound with his own vines!
And his Mænads slowly saunter,
Head aside, among the pines,
While they murmur dreamingly,—
"Evohe—ah—evohe—"

Ah, Pan is dead.

Neptune lies beside the todent, Dull and senseless as a stone: And old Pluto, deaf and silent, Is cast out into the sun. Ceres smileth stern thereat,— "We all now are le clate—"

Now Pan is dead.

Aphrodite! dead and driven
As thy native foam thou art;
With the cestus long done heaving
On the white calm of thine heart?
At Ad nie! At that shrick
Not a tear runs down her check—
Pan, Pan is dead

And the Loves, we used to know from One another, huddled lie,
Frore as taken in a snowstorm,
Close beside he tenderly,—
As if each had weakly tried
Once to kiss her as he died.
Pan, Pan is dead.

What, and Hermes! Time enthralet:
All thy cunning, Hermes, thus,—
And the ivy blindly crawleth
Round thy brave caduceus?,
Hast thou no new message for us
Full of thunder and Jove-glones?
Nay! Par is dead.

Crowned Cybele c great turnet Ro ks and crumbles on her head. Roar the hons of her chanot Toward the wilderness, unfed . Scornful children ne 210t mut , -"Mother, mother, walk a foot Since Pan is dead.

In the hery he wied centre Of the solemn univer c. Ancier † Vest L –who could et ter To consulae the with this cui Diop thy gry chin on thy knce, Othon pale | Mr tay !

For Pan 13 uad

God, 'we ramly do adjure you --Y'return nor voice nor sign Not a votary could -c ure you Even a mave for your Divine Not a grave, to show thereby, Here these gray old Goda do lee t Pan, Pop is dead

Even that Greece wh. took you wage, Calls the of it is on w And helousedeep broated ages Laugh your goodings into corn-And the prets do discriber to to "Or grow colder it they name you -And Panas dad

Ged travaved, god s belated,-With your purples rent asunder! Gods discremed and desegrated, Di inherital of thunder ! Now the goats may climb and crop The soft a ses on Ida's top-Note, I'm is devi Calm, of old, the bark west onward,
When a cry more loud than wind,
hose up, deepened, and swept sunward,
From the piled Dark behind:
And the sun shrank and grew pale,
Breathed against by the great wail—
Pan, l'an is dead.

And the rower, from the banches
Fell,—each shuddering on his face—
While departing Influences
Struck a cold back through the pace:
And the shadow of the ship
Reeled along the passive deep—
Pan, Pan is dead.

And that dismal cry 10se slowly,
And sank slowly through the air;
Full of sparit's melancholy
And cternity's despair!
And they heard the words it said—
PAN IS DEAD—
PAN, PAN IS DEAD.

'Twas the hour when One in Ston Hung for love's sake on a cross— When His brow was chill with dying And his soul was faint with loss; When his priestly blood dropped downward, And his kingly eyes looked throneward— Then, Pan was dead.

By the love He stood alone in,
this sole Godhead stood complete:
And the false gods fell down moaning,
Each from off his golden seat—
All the false gods with a cry
Rendered up their deity—
Pan, Pan was dead.

Wailing wide across the islands,'
They rent, vest-like, their Divine!
And a darkness and a silence
Quenched the light of every shrine:
And Dodona's oak swang lonely
Henceforth, to the tempest only.
Pan, Pan was dead.

Pythia, staggored, — feeling o'er her, Her lost god's for-aking look, Straight her eyeballs filmed with horror And her rispy fillets shook— And her lips gasped through their foam, For a word that did not come.

Pan, Pan was dead.

O ye vain false gods of Hellas, Ye are silent evermore! And I dash down this old chalice, Whence libations ran of yore. See! the wine crawls in the dust Wormlike—as your glories must! Since Pan is dead.

Get to dust, as common mertale, By a common doom and track! Let no Schiller from the portals Of that Hades call you back,— Or instruct us to weep all At your antique funeral.

Pan, Pan is dead.

By your beauty, which confesses
Some chief Beauty conquering you,—
By our grand here's guesses,
Through your falsehood, at the True,—
We will weep not . . !—earth shall roll
Heir to each god's aureole—

And Pan is dead.

Earth outgrows the mythic fancies Sang beside her in her youth : And those debonaire romances Sound but dull beside the truth. Phæbus' chariot-coure is run! Look up, poets, to the sun!

Pan, Pan is dead,

Christ hath sent us down the angels; And the whole earth and the skies Are illumed by alter-candles Lit for blessed mysteries. And a Priest's Hand, through creation, Waveth calm and consecration -

And Pan is dead.

Truth 1- fair : should we forego it ? Can we sigh right for a wrong? God Hunself is the best Poet, And the Real ! His song. Sing His truth out fair and full. And secure His beautiful.

Let Pan be dead.

Truth is large. Our spiration Same embrace half we be. Shame! to stand in His creation And doubt Truth's sufficiency !-To think God's song unexcelling The poor tales of our own telling-When Pon is dead.

What is true and just and hone-t, What is lovely, what is pure--All of praise that hath remonisht,-All of virtue, shall endure,-'These are themes for poets' uses, Stirring nobles than the Muse For Pan was dead. O in we poets, keep back nothing:
Not may falschood with the whole!
Look up Godward! speak the truth in
Worthy some from earnest soul!
Hold, in high poetic duty,
Truest Truth the fairest Beauty!
Pan, Pan is dead

IHP FYD.

## ROUTLEDGE'S POCKET LIBRARY.

IN MONTHLY VOLUMES

- "A series of beautiful little books ta tefully bound, '- I mes.
- " Peautifully printed and tastifully bound Saturday Review.
- 'Deserves warm praise to the tiste shown in its production. The 'Library' ought to be very popular, -Athenaum,

ī

### BRET HARTE'S POEMS.

11

#### THACKERAY'S PARIS SKETCH BOOK.

111

#### HOOD'S COMIC POEMS.

IV

### DICKENS'S CHRISTMAS CAROL,

V.

### POEMS BY OLÎVER WENDELL HOLMES.

٧ı

### WASHINGTON IRVING'S SKETCH BOOK.

VII

### MAC'AULAY'S LAYS OF ANCIENT ROME.

VIII

## GOLDSMITH'S VICAR OF WAKEFIELD.

IX.

#### HOOD'S SERIOUS POEMS.

х

LORD LYTTON'S COMING RACE.

XI.

THE BIGLOW PAPERS.

۱I.

MANON LESCAUT.

MILE

LONGFELLOW'S SONG OF HIAWATHA.

XIV

STERNES SENTIMENTAL JOURNEY.

١v

DICKERSS CHIMES.

XVI

MOORE'S IRISH MELODIES AND SONGS.

WII

FIFTY "BAB" BALLADS

ZVIII,

POEMS BY E. B. BROWNING.

YIK

BRET HARTE'S LUCK OF EGARING CAMP.

XX.

POEMS BY FDGAR ALLAN POE.

### MORLEY'S UNIVERSAL LIBRARY.

#### IN MODELY VOLUMES

"Marvels of clear type and seeral neatness"—Daily 7ek-raph.

- 1 SHFRIDAN'S PLAYS.
- 2 PLAYS FROM MOLIÈRE. By IN 11511 DI AMAIIST
- 3 MARLOWE'S FAUSTUS AND GOETHE'S FAUST.
- 4. CHRONICLE OF THE CID.
- 5 RABELAIS' GA ,GANTUA AND THE HLROIC DEEDS OF PANTAGRULL.
- 6 THE PRINCE By MACHIA HITI.
- 7. BACON'S ESSAYS.
- 8 DEFOE'S JOURNAL OF THE PLAGUE YEAR
- 9. LOCKE ON CIVIL GOVERNMENT AND FILMER 3
  "PATRIARCHA."
- 10. BUTLER'S ANALOGY OF RELIGION.
- 11. DRYDEN'S VIRGIL
- 12. SCOTT'S DEWONGLEGRY AND WITCHCRAFT.
- 13 HERRICK'S HESPERIDE.
- 14, COLERIDGE'S TABLE-TALK
- 1 % BOCCASCIO'S DECAMERON.
- -6. STERNE'S TRISTRAM SHANDY
- 17 CHAPM! N'S HOMER'S ILIAL.
- 18. MEDIÆVAL TALES
- 19. VOLT AIRE'S CANDID'. AND JOHNSON'S RASSELAS.
- 20. PLAYS AND FORMS By BLA JONSON
- 21. LEVIATRAN. By THOVAS HOPE
- 22. HUDIBRAS. By SAM III BUTLER

### Morter's Universal Library-continued.

- 2: IDEAL COMMONWEALTHS
- \_4 CAVENDISH'S LIFE OF WOLSEY
  - ; and 26 DON QUIXOTE. In Two Volumes
- .7 BURLESQUE PLAYS AND POEMS
- S DANTE'S DIVIN ! COMEDY I IN FETTOV . Total dio
- 9 GOLDSWITH'S VICAR OF WAKELIELD, PLAYS, and POEMS
- ,o FAB\*ES AND PROVERBS IROM THE RANSKRIT (Hito padesa)
- 31 CHARLES LAMBS F"SAYS OF ELIA.
- 32 THE HISTORY OF THOMAS ELLWOOD.
- 3 EMERSON'S ESSAYS, &c
- 34. SOUTHEY'S LIFE OF NLLSON
- of DE QUINCEY'S CONFESSIONS OF AN OPIUM-FATEL, &c
- o STORIES OF TRELAND By M S I OCHOULD
- 77 FRERE'S ARISTOPHANES. ACHARMANI KNIGHTS
- 35 RPEECHES AND LETTERS BY COMOND RUKKE
- . THOMAS & KEMPIS
- POPULAR SONGS OF IRELAND
- 41 POTTER'S ÆSCHYLUS
- 42 GOETHE'S FAUST PART II" ANSTER' I anslation.
- 13 PAMOUS PAMPHLLTŠ
- 41 FRANCKLIN'S SOPHOCLI'S
- 45. M. G. LEWIS'S TALES OF TERLOR AND WOND'R.
- 46. VEAT-SES OF THE NATURAL HISTORY OF CREA-TION.
- 47. THE PLANT WARE. By VICHEL LILLYSON.